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Cut-off date: February 28, 2021



| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|---|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| March 15, 2020 | • | • | • | • | | | |
| March 16 | • | • | • | • | | | |
| | • | • | • | • | | | |
| March 19 | | Introduced a set of interim measures, effective April 1, 2020, for six months, including: allowing a six-month deferment on Employees Trust Fund (TAP) and Supplementary Contributory Pension (SCP) for micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs) with employees earning less than BND1,500. providing the full SCP contribution for the self-employed. The self-employed SCP scheme carries a survivorship benefit, which includes a BND 400 monthly payout to dependents for up to 15 years, in addition to receiving the SCP already paid up if the participant passes away before 60 years-old. Offering a 30 percent discount on rental rates for government buildings for MSMEs, 50 percent discount on corporate tax for companies and 15 percent discount on water and electric bills for the tourism, hospitality (including hotels and registered lodging houses), food and beverage, as well as air and water transport sectors. Offering a six month extension for i-Ready apprentices and trainees whose contracts end before September 2020. allowing temporary exemption of customs and excise duties on personal hygiene products to help retailers and consumers manage prices amid increasing demand. providing business matching by Darussalam Enterprise (DARe) for MSMEs to onboard e-commerce platforms to help market their services/products online more effectively, to mitigate challenges with offline retail. providing an additional monthly allowance of BND 400 to frontline health workers and volunteers. | [AMBD and the Brunei Association of Banks (BAB)] Agreed on following measures effective from April 1, 2020: Support for the business sector in the form of six months' deferment on principal repayment of financing/loans for the following sectors: (1) tourism; (2) hospitality/event management; (3) restaurant (food and beverage); (4) air transportation. Extend the deferment to food and medical supplies importers to support the high cash flow requirements, and Waive all bank fees and charges, except for third party charges, related to trade and payment transactions for companies in these sectors for six months. Waive online local interbank transfer fees and charges for 6 months for all customers to encourage social distancing. | | | | |

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| Containment |
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| Barred citizens and foreign residents from |
| leaving the country as COVID-19 cases |
| reached 50, following first identified case |
| on March 9. |
| Banned mass gatherings including |
| weddings and sporting events. |
| (Ministry of Religious Affairs) announced |
| closure of all mosques in the country. |
| Declared that "any individual arriving in |
| Brunei," including a Bruneian coming from |
| abroad, would have to "self-isolate" for two |
| weeks or face a penalty of imprisonment up |
| to a period of 6 months, or a fine up to BND |
| 10,000, or both. |
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| | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | package, total to BND 450 million (2.4 percent of GDP). | | | |
| Manak 00 | | | | | |
| March 23 | • | • | • | • | |
| April 14 | • | • | • | • | |
| April 19 | • | • | • | • | |
| May 4 | • | • | • | • | |
| May 6 | • | • | • | • | |
| May 9 | • | Provided a reduction in annual commercial | • | • | |
| | | property taxes of up to 50 per cent, with the aim of supporting local businesses to offset the financial impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. | | | |
| May 13 | • | • | • | • | |
| May 16 | • | • | • | • | |
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| May 22 | | | | | |
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| May 29 | • | • | • | • | |
| June 2 | • | • | • | • | |
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| June 7 | • | • | • | • | |
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| June 8 | • | • | • | • | |
| June 12 | • | • | • | • | |
| June 15 | • | • | • | • | |

| | Containment |
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| | |
| ٠ | Banned entry of foreign nationals. |
| • | Conducted Random COVID-19 tests for |
| | migrant workers, including cleaners. |
| ٠ | Revised Home self-isolation to 14 days |
| | post discharge. |
| ٠ | Required foreigners entering Brunei to pay |
| | BND 1,000 for COVID-19 lab tests. |
| ٠ | Started to conduct nationwide survey to |
| | assess COVID-19 community spread. |
| • | Allowed daily limited service across |
| | borders—only 25 companies that are |
| | registered are allowed to cross the border. |
| • | |
| | |
| ٠ | Extended "stay home, stay safe" campaign until July 31 |
| • | Started the first phase of the de-escalation |
| | plan from May 16 to lift the COVID-19 |
| | restrictions. This first phase in the reduction |
| | of social distancing measures will include |
| | driving schools, gyms and fitness centres, |
| | sports facilities (indoor and outdoor), |
| | restaurants, cafes and food courts as well as stalls and markets. |
| | Resumed restaurant dine-in services with |
| • | precautions. Food premise operators are |
| | allowed to take in 30 percent of their |
| | seating, but buffets are not allowed |
| • | Prepared repatriation plan for Bruneian |
| | students. |
| • | Started reopening of mosques for Friday |
| - | prayers after two months. Started to partially reopen schools. |
| • | Students in Year 6, 8, 10 Express, 11, 12 |
| | and 13 will be the first groups to return to |
| | school in the first phase of reopening, while |
| | other pupils will continue with online |
| | lessons. |
| ٠ | Received 'travel bubble' proposals from |
| | three countries—the Ministry of Foreign |
| | Affairs (MFA) received two official offers, |
| | from China on May 29 and Singapore on June 3 to restart bilateral travel, while |
| | waiting for Malaysia to submit their formal |
| | proposal that would allow Bruneians to |
| | cross the border. |
| • | Resumed outdoor sport activities with |
| | caution. |
| • | Started re-opening of Bandarku Ceria for |
| | vendors, individual leisure activities. |
| ٠ | Resumed operation of centers for child |
| | care and people with different abilities. |
| ٠ | Announced decision to skip this year's Haj |
| | pilgrimage over COVID-19 concerns. |
| ٠ | Entered the second level of the |
| | government's four level de-escalation plan |
| | for COVID-19 restrictions. This level will |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|-----------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | | | enable eateries, fitness and sporting centres and driving schools to increase occupancy from 30 percent to 60 percent of their premise capacity. Conducted random swab tests for primary school students, teachers, and staff. Required swab tests for inbound foreign workers. |
| June 16 | • | • | • | • | • Reported no active case since June 16, with the total number of confirmed cases remaining at 141, comprising 138 discharged and 3 deaths. |
| June 23 | • | • | • | • | Continued to require students returning home to self-isolate. Applied swab test charges to all outbound travellers. |
| July 6 | • | • | • | • | Entered phase 3 of the de-escalation program: the number of people permitted at mass gatherings to increase from 30 to 50 percent of capacity, places of worship besides mosques and suraus are allowed to accommodate 80 percent of capacity. restaurants and cafes are allowed to increase customer capacity to 80 per cent. |
| July 27 | | • | • | • | Entered phase 4 of the de-escalation program: the number of persons permitted at mass gatherings to increase from 50 to 100 individuals. schools, as well as technical, vocational and higher education institutions to return to normal operation. restaurants and cafes are allowed to increase customer capacity to 100 per cent. arcades and playgrounds (indoor and outdoor) enter level 1 with 30 percent of capacity , swimming pools, cinemas, activity centres for the elderly enter level 2 with 60 percent of their capacity. Other places of worship apart from mosques and suraus are allowed to operate at their normal capacity. |
| 3 August | • | • | • | • | Designated mosques and suraus level 4, which means that they will be allowed to operate at 100 percent of capacity. |
| 14 August | • | • | • | • | Announced a reduction in charges for COVID-19 swab tests that are imposed on foreigners who have been granted permission to enter Brunei, from BND1,000 to BND 350. |
| 17 August | • | • | • | • | Further eased the de-escalation program: the number of persons permitted at mass gatherings to increase from 100 to 200 individuals. special needs classes, childcare enter level 4 at 100 percent of capacity. |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|---|---|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment Museums, galleries and libraries enter level 4 with 100 persons allowed. swimming pools, cinemas, activity centres for the elderly enter level 3 at 80 percent of capacity. arcades and playgrounds (indoor and outdoor) enter level 2 at 60 percent of capacity. |
| September 1 | • | • | • | • | Announced establishment of a reciprocal green lane (RGL) with Singapore for short-term business and official trips. Reduced self-isolation for travelers from selected low-risk countries from 14 to two days. |
| September 7 | • | • | • | • | Further implemented de-escalation plan by allowing: the number allowed at mass gatherings to increase from 200 to 350. the capacity at activity centres for the elderly to increase from 80 percent to 100 percent. |
| September 15 | • | • | • | • | Allowed foreigners entering Brunei for essential purposes including for studies; medical treatment; and special consideration, which will be granted on a case-by-case basis. |
| September 28 | • | • | • | • | Further implemented de-escalation plan by allowing activities at arcades and playgrounds to increase from 60 percent to 80 percent of their capacity. |
| October 1 | • | • | Urged Bruneians to take up over 2,000 available jobs, in line with the efforts of the Manpower Industry Steering Committee (MISC), other line ministries and other key agencies to place employment and local capacity building at the center of their work plans and priorities. | • | Implemented a Services Charge (CaP) of BND 3 per person for a one-way trip and BND 6 per person for a return trip on citizens, residents and foreigners travelling through land border checkpoints, whether by vehicle or on foot. |
| October 28 | • | • | • | • | Agreed to bear the cost of the COVID-19 swab tests for every Sarawakian travelling past Brunei's borders via land, with immediate effect. |
| November 23 | • | • | • | • | [Brunei Islamic Religious Council (MUIB)] Decided not to allow Brunei citizens—local and abroad—and permanent residents to perform Umrah pilgrimage this year, following the announcement by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia for overseas pilgrims starting November 1, 2020. |
| December 3 | • | • | • | • | Scaled down the Brunei December festival amid the COVID-19 pandemic. |
| December 23 | • | • | • | • | Set up technical committee over vaccination strategy; vaccine distribution will be done in phases and priority will be given to high-risk individuals. |
| December 24 | • | • | • | • | Delayed return of students to UK universities until at least January 31, in the wake of the new, more infectious COVID- 19 strain, but stopped short of banning flights from London. |
| January 1, 2021 | • | Required foreign-registered vehicles to apply for temporary import permits from January 1, 2021. The new requirement is a | • | • | • |

| January 7 • | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy part of the government's entry and exit | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
|---------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|------------------------|---|
| January 7 • | | part of the government's entry and exit | | | |
| January 7 • | | regulations amid the pandemic. The temporary import permit for vehicles is valid for three months. | | | |
| | | • | • | • | Indicated aim to vaccinate at least 70 percent of its population against COVID-19 virus. |
| January 13 • | | • | • | • | Banned travelers from Malaysia from entering Brunei via land and sea checkpoints, for two weeks from January 13, 2021. However, commercial transport operators can still conduct cross-border delivery of essential goods and other imported food supplies. |
| January 23 • | | • | • | • | Detailed plan to vaccinate 70 percent of population by 2021 through three phases: Phase 1 in Q2 2021, prioritizing frontliners and high-risk individuals; Phase 2 in Q2 or Q3 2021 for moderate risk individuals and other key employees; and Phase 3 in Q3 or Q4 2021 for the public. |
| January 25 • | | • | • | • | Decided that the 37th National Day Celebrations will follow the standard operating procedures issued by the Ministry of Health. The duration of the Supreme Assembly will not exceed two hours, and will observe social distance of at least one meter. |
| January 26 • | | • | • | • | Extended the temporary suspension of entry of foreign nationals from Malaysia through land and sea checkpoints until 10 February 10, 2021, and extended the postponement of returning students to the United Kingdom until February 28, 2021. |
| January 28 • | | • | • | • | Limited Lunar New Year celebrations in Brunei to only close family members and the traditional "Open House" event, which means opening the house to relatives. |
| February 3 • | | • | • | • | Launched the total laboratory automation (TLA) system, which will improve service delivery and efficienc, y as well as better patient management. Test samples were previously sent abroad and results took around three days to a week. |
| February 9 • | | • | • | • | Extended the temporary suspension of entry of foreign nationals from Malaysia— including transit through Brunei Darussalam via land and sea ports—to February 24, 2021. |
| February 25 • | | • | • | • | Further extended the temporary suspension of entry of foreign nationals from Malaysia— including transit through Brunei Darussalam via land and sea ports—for another 14 days. |
| • | | • | • | • | • |



| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|----------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| February 21, 2020 | • | Included VAT on basic food for daily life under the government tax burden for 2 years (January 1, 2020–December 31, 2021). | • | • | | |
| February 25 | • | Exempted hotels and guesthouses located in the Siem Reap province from monthly tax (from February to May 2020)and audit from GDT for the year 2020. Granted tax holidays of six months to one year for severely impacted garment factories. Contributed 20 percent of USD 120 (60 percent of minimum wage) during closure of garment and footwear factories. Exempted homes sold under USD 70,000 from stamp duty. Allocated USD 50 million in the form of low- interest loans to help SMEs on agriculture and production sector. | • | • | | |
| March 9 | • | • | Relaxed and delayed principal and interest payment, in particular, for owners of hotels, guesthouses and other tourism-related sectors (case by case basis). | • | | |
| March 10 | • | Rationalized expenditure in Budget Law 2020 to allocate budget between USD 800million (6-month scenario) and USD 2 billion (1 year scenario) for COVID-19 affected sectors. | • | • | | |
| March 14 | • | • | • | • | | |
| March 15 | • | • | • | • | | |
| March 16 | • | • | • | • | | |
| March 17 | Decreased minimum interest rates of Liquidity-Providing Collateralised Operation (LPCO) by 0.5 percent for all tenors. Reduced interest rates of Negotiable Certificate of Deposits (NCDs). | • | • | Reduced Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB) to 1.25 percent of risk-weighte assets (RWA). | | |
| March 18 | Reduced RRR to 7 percent for both KHR and foreign currency. | • | • | • | | |
| March 20 | • | • | • | • | | |

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| | Containment |
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| | Announced temporary travel ban on |
| | foreigners from Italy, Germany, Spain, |
| | France and the United States from entering |
| | Cambodia for 30 days, starting from March 17. |
| | Announced temporary travel ban on |
| | foreigners from Iran from entering |
| | Cambodia for 30 days, starting from March |
| | 18. |
| | Announced that government officials shall not travel to Europe, United States, and |
| | Iran. If necessary, representatives from that |
| | country's embassy shall attend meetings |
| | on their government's behalf. |
| | Announced that residents returning from Europe, the United States and Iran shall |
| | undertake a 14-day self- quarantine. |
| | Announced closure of all public and private |
| | educational institutions across the country |
| r | until further notice.Announced closure of all clubs, cinemas, |
| r ed | Announced closure of all clubs, cinemas, religious gatherings, and concerts at public |
| | areas, across the country until the situation |
| | eases. |
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| | • |
| | Announced closure of borders with Vietnam |
| | (land, water and air) by allowing in only |
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| Date | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | | | transportation of goods and holders of official and diplomatic passports. |
| March 28 | • | • | • | • | Announced travel restrictions, including: (1) suspension of visa exemption policy and issuance of tourist visa, e-visa and visa on arrival to any foreigner for a period of one month; (2) requirement for medical certificate of negative for COVID-19 (no more than 72 hours prior to the date of travel) and insurance of minimum medical coverage not less than USD 50,000, except holders of diplomatic visa (Visa A) or official visa (Visa B); (3) health risk assessment by Cambodian government officers (subject to mandatory isolation, quarantine or any other measures). |
| March 30 | • | • | • | • | Announced shutdown of all casinos from April 1, 2020. Announced temporary ban on paddy rice and white rice exports from April 5, 2020. |
| March 31 | • | Announced minimum tax exemption for aviation sector—Cambodia Airlines—for 3 months from March to May 2020. Announced tax exemption for tourism sector—hotels, guesthouses, restaurants and travel agencies—from March to May 2020. Announced government provision of 20 percent of minimum wage (USD 190) to workers affected by the suspension of business (workers are required to join training course by MOT). | • | • | • |
| April 2 | • | • | • | • | Announced closure of all gyms across the country. |
| April 3 | • | • | • | • | Announced automatic extension of tourist visa and exemption of overstay fines for foreign tourists coming from January 1, 2020. |
| April 7 | | Reduced government spending by USD 918 million (about 11 percent of total spending) from 2020 Budget plan, to allocate for COVID-19 (first reduction on March 10: USD 443 million; second reduction on April 7, 2020: USD 475 million). Announced change to allowance for garment workers from about USD 120 (60 percent of minimum wage) to a flat USD 70 (Government: USD 40, Employer: USD 30). Announced allowance of a flat USD 40 for tourism sector workers such as hotel, guesthouse, restaurant, and travel agents (employer contributions will be voluntary). | • | • | Announced temporary suspension of massage and spa businesses. Announced temporary suspension of all sports activities and exercises in forms of gathering at public and private sport clubs. |
| April 8 | • | • | • | • | Announced delay of Khmer New Year holidays (April 13–16, 2020) to later appropriate dates for 5-day holiday instead. |
| April 9 | • | • | • | • | Announced restrictions on domestic travel from April 9–16, 2020 including in and out of Phnom Penh, one district to another, and one province to another, with exemptions for transportation of goods, civil servants' vehicles, armed forces' vehicles, |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|----------|----------------------------|---|---|------------------------|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | | | ambulances, fire trucks, rubbish trucks, transportation of workers, and travel to hospitals of no more than 4 people. |
| April 10 | • | • | • | • | Removed some restrictions on domestic travel by allowing travel from one district to another in the same province; Phnom Penh and Kandal province are regarded as the same area. |
| April 16 | • | • | • | • | Removed restrictions on domestic travel from 6:00 am, April 16, 2020. Announced extension of entry ban for travelers from France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Iran, and the United States until the |
| April 29 | • | • | • | • | situation improves.Adopted law on country management |
| May 13 | • | • | • | • | under a state of emergency. Removed the ban on white rice exports from May 20 2020 |
| May 20 | | • | | | from May 20, 2020. Removed restrictions on entry ban for travelers from France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Iran, and the United States from May 20, 2020. Announced travel restrictions, including: (1) requirement for medical certificate of negative test results for COVID-19 (no more than 72 hours prior to the date of travel); (2) insurance of minimum medical coverage not less than USD 50,000, except holders of diplomatic visas (Visa A) or official visas (Visa B); (3) all arrivals will be sent to a waiting center for COVID-19 testing. In case one or many travelers are detected with COVID-19, other passengers on the same trip must be quarantined for 14 days at designated facilities. If results are negative, all are required to quarantine for 14 days at their homes under the monitoring of local authorities and health officials, and they are required to be tested again on day 13 of the quarantine. |
| May 26 | | Announced minimum tax exemptions for the aviation sector—Cambodia Airlines— for an additional 2 months, until July 2020. Announced tax exemptions for the tourism sector—hotels, guesthouses, restaurants and travel agencies— for an additional 2 months, until July 2020. Announced no payment on National Social Security Fund (NSSF) benefits during suspension or business suspension. Announced exemption of license renewal fees for 2021. Announced additional financing for recovery and post-COVID-19 growth: Cash flow: MEF will work with the NBC to review the feasibility of mitigating and adjusting conditions to enhance and facilitate cash flow in the banking system. Withholding tax: (1) for new loans - lower the withholding tax rates on banks and microfinance institutions, from external and local sources, to 5 percent for 2020 | Revised Special Financing Programme of USD 50 million through Agriculture and Rural Development Bank, including: reducing the interest rate for working capital from 6 percent to 5 percent and for investment capital from 6.5 percent to 5.5 percent without any fee; adjusting the maximum loan term from 5 years to 7 years while keeping a maximum of 2 years for working capital; refraining from covering borrowing customers who refinance under this special program; allowing SMEs that have not yet officially registered to apply for credit by completing the registration requirements within one month after receiving the loan. Announced USD 100 million co-financing program between the SME Bank and financial institutions by expanding coverage and adjusting the following credit conditions: | | Announced implementation of "National Social Assistance Program for Poor and Vulnerable Households during the time of COVID-19" in June 2020. |

| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|--|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| | | and to 10 percent for 2021 and revise to normal rate for 2022; (2) for existing loans - lower the withholding tax rates on banks and microfinance institutions, from external and local sources, to 10 percent for 2020 and revise to normal rate for 2021. Working Capital: MEF will establish "Credit Guarantee Fund" USD 200 million. The fund is able to secure loans through banks and microfinance institutions using market principles to help alleviate the cash flow and working capital of businesses in all sectors of at least USD 2 billion. Financing facility: MEF will prepare a financing facility USD 300 million to support growth in the main sectors during | continuing to disallow borrowing clients who refinance from participating in this promotional program. allowing a gradual repayment period of up to 12 months in equity and interest; adjusting the loan term from 4 years to 7 years by allowing the Private Finance Initiative to self-assess the credit period for working capital and working capital loans; extending the scope of credit coverage to enterprises in the medical device manufacturing and pharmaceutical industries. | | | | |
| | | and after COVID-19. | | | | | |
| May 27 | • | • | • | • | | | |
| June 11 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| June 15 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| June 24 | • | Announced 2 months' cash subsidies to poor and vulnerable groups under the National Social Protection Council (NSPC)- Cambodia (fourth week of June and July). | • | • | | | |

| Containment |
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| Removed requirement for health certificates for Cambodian passengers who hold passports issued by the Kingdom. |
| Announced additional travel restrictions: all foreign visitors must deposit USD 3,000 upon arrival at the airport to pay for COVID-19 lab testing, medical treatment and accommodation. During waiting period for COVID-19 testing result: all visitors will have to pay USD 5 for a single trip between the airport and the waiting center, USD 100 for a COVID-19 test, USD 30 for a day's stay at a hotel or at a waiting center while waiting for the test results and USD 30 for three meals. During the quarantine period: if any passenger tests positive for COVID-19, those on the same flight will be quarantined for 14 days and each will be required to pay USD 100 for one test and USD 84 a day to pay for the stay in a hotel or quarantine facility, meals, laundry, sanitary services, doctors and security services. A COVID-19 positive patient will be required to pay USD 100 per test [maximum four tests] and USD 225 a day for the hospital room, medical treatment, meals, laundry and sanitary services. In case of death, the cremation service charge is USD 1,500. |
| Removed restrictions on USD 3,000 deposits upon arrival for foreigners holding diplomatic visa (Visa A) and official visa (Visa B) from June 15 and Cambodian passengers holding foreign passports with a special visa (Visa K) from June 17. |
| • |

| Date | | Measure | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | In Phnom Penh and provincial towns, | | | |
| | | a family will receive USD 30, with | | | |
| | | each individual member receiving a | | | |
| | | further USD 13. Children under five, | | | |
| | | disabled people, citizens with HIV or | | | |
| | | citizens 60 years of age or older will | | | |
| | | receive USD 10 each. | | | |
| | | Across the rest of the country, a | | | |
| | | family will receive USD 20, with each | | | |
| | | member receiving a further USD | | | |
| | | 6. Children under five, disabled | | | |
| | | people, citizens with HIV or citizens | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 60 years of age or older will receive | | | |
| | | USD 6 each. | | | |
| | | A level two classified poor family: | | | |
| | | In Phnom Penh and provincial | | | |
| | | towns, a family will receive USD 30, | | | |
| | | with each individual member | | | |
| | | receiving a further USD 9. Children | | | |
| | | under five, disabled people, citizens | | | |
| | | with HIV or citizens 60 years of age | | | |
| | | or older will receive USD 7 each. | | | |
| | | Across the rest of the country, a | | | |
| | | family will receive USD 20, with each | | | |
| | | member receiving a further USD | | | |
| | | 4. Children under five, disabled | | | |
| | | people, citizens with HIV or citizens | | | |
| | | 60 years of age or older will receive | | | |
| | | USD 4 each. | | | |
| July 22 | • | • | • | • | |
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| July 25 | • | • | • | • | |
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| July 31 | • | Announced additional measures to support | • | • | |
| | | the garment, tourism, and aviation sectors: | | | |
| | | – Garment: Renewal of subsidy of USD 40 | | | |
| | | for suspended employees in garment- | | | |
| | | textile, footwear, travel products and bag, | | | |
| | | for an additional two months, until | | | |
| | | September 2020. | | | |
| | | Tourism: Renewal of subsidy of USD 40 | | | |
| | | per month for suspended employees in | | | |
| | | the tourism sector, such as hotels, | | | |
| | | guesthouses, restaurants, and travel | | | |
| | | agents, for an additional two months, | | | |
| | | until September 2020. Renewal of | | | |
| | | exemptions of all types of monthly tax | | | |
| | | payments for hotels, guesthouses, | | | |
| | | restaurants and travel agents registered | | | |
| | | with the General Department of Taxation | | | |

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| [Ministry of Education, Youth and Sports (MEYS)] Announced that 20 Cambodian schools are to reopen from August 1 (Phase I). |
| Announced a temporary ban on all commercial flights from Malaysia and Indonesia effective August 1, because of the number of COVID-19 cases discovered in passengers returning from these countries. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| | | and operating in Phnom Penh, Siem | | | | | |
| | | Reap, Preah Sihanouk, Kep, Kampot, | | | | | |
| | | Bavet and Poipet for an additional two | | | | | |
| | | months, until September 2020. | | | | | |
| | | Aviation: Renewal of exemption of | | | | | |
| | | minimum taxes for airline companies | | | | | |
| | | registered in Cambodia, for an additional | | | | | |
| | | two months, until September 2020. | | | | | |
| | | Announced cash subsidy to poor and | | | | | |
| | | vulnerable groups under the National | | | | | |
| | | Social Protection Council (NSPC)- | | | | | |
| | | Cambodia, for an additional two months, | | | | | |
| | | until September 2020. | | | | | |
| August 4 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| August 5 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| August 6 | | | | | | | |

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| [MOH] Announced the rollout of |
| sponsorship mechanism to help foreign |
| travelers who are investors, |
| businesspersons, company staff, experts, |
| skilled workers, technicians, and their |
| family members. Business-linked travelers (who are sponsored) will not need to pay |
| the cash deposit, but will need to obtain a |
| validation certificate on payment guarantee, |
| a COVID-19 free health certificate (within |
| 72 hours prior to departure), and a letter |
| confirming an online hotel booking. |
| Announced reopening of public schools in September |
| September.Announced revision of Health Measures for |
| Diplomats and Officials of the International |
| Organizations holding Cambodian |
| Diplomatic Visas (Type A) and Official |
| Visas (Type B). Diplomats and officials |
| shall comply with the following |
| requirements: – Possess health certificates issued by |
| health authorities, which indicate COVID- |
| 19 negative within 72 hours before |
| departure. |
| Undertake a COVID-19 test upon arrival |
| in Cambodia. |
| Wait for the test results for at least 24 hours at any hotel or accommodation |
| and undertake a 14-day guarantine in |
| those places if required for public health |
| reasons. |
| The first and the 13th day test sample |
| will be sent for testing at Pasteur Institute |
| of Cambodia. – In case of positive results, s/he shall be |
| transferred to the Royal Phnom Penh |
| Hospital or any hospital requested by the |
| embassy with approval from the Ministry |
| of Health. The individual diplomat, |
| embassy, or international organization |
| shall cover the expenses for treatment. – All foreign missions shall sign an MOU |
| with the Ministry of Health on Standard |
| Operating Procedure to prevent the |
| spread of COVID-19 in Cambodia. |
| Announced reopening of movie theatres. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| August 10 | • | • | • | • | Announced reopening of public educational institutions in September 2020 for 9–12 grade students (Phase II), allowing only 15 students per class and respecting the MOH's and the WHO's hygiene measures. |
| August 11 | • | • | • | • | Announced temporary suspension of flights from the Philippines, from August 13, 2020 onward. |
| August 18 | • | • | • | • | Announced approval for passengers travelling from Cambodia to transit in Singapore. |
| August 22 | • | • | • | • | Announced reopening of primary schools on September 7, 2020. |
| August 31 | | • | | | Announced revision of COVID-19 test fee and deposit for foreign visitors, from September 1: All foreign visitors must undergo the first COVID-19 test upon their arrival, which costs USD 100. The second test will be on the 13th day of their quarantine, costing another USD 100, which can be done at any assigned health base/center closest to them. The payment for both tests will be deducted from their deposit. The Ministry of Health will return the remainder of the deposit within 3 days after receiving negative results for the second test. Foreign travelers into Cambodia, who are guaranteed free of the COVID-19 virus, are still required to pay USD 100 for the second test on top of the deposit for their selected hotels. |
| September 11 | • | • | • | • | Announced approval for Christian gatherings in church/ place of worship, from September 12. |
| September 17 | • | • | • | • | Announced reopening of flights to mainland China, Japan, and South Korea from September 15, followed by Lao PDR, Cambodia, and Vietnam from September 22. The flights are targeted at foreigners carrying diplomatic and official passports, experts, business managers, high-skilled workers, investors, and their family members; they are not yet open to tourists. |
| September 30 | | Announced additional measures to support the garment, tourism, and aviation sectors: Garment: Renewal of subsidy of USD 40 for suspended employees in garment- textile, footwear, travel products and bag, for an additional three months, until December 2020. Garment: Patent tax and trademark tax exemption and postponed full audit for 2020 by the General Department of Taxation for travel agents and other operators in the tourism sector. Tourism: Renewal of subsidy of USD 40 per month for suspended employees in the tourism sector, such as hotels, guesthouses, restaurants, and travel | | | |

| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| | | agents, for an additional three months, | | | | | |
| | | until December 2020. | | | | | |
| | | Tourism: Renewal of exemptions of all | | | | | |
| | | types of monthly tax payments for hotels, | | | | | |
| | | guesthouses, restaurants, and travel | | | | | |
| | | agents registered with the General | | | | | |
| | | Department of Taxation and operating in | | | | | |
| | | Phnom Penh, Siem Reap, Preah | | | | | |
| | | Sihanouk, Kep, Kampot, Bavet and | | | | | |
| | | Poipet for an additional three months, | | | | | |
| | | until December 2020. | | | | | |
| | | Tourism: Renewal of no payment on | | | | | |
| | | National Social Security Fund (NSSF) | | | | | |
| | | benefits until December 2020. | | | | | |
| | | Aviation: Renewal of exemption from | | | | | |
| | | minimum taxes for airline companies | | | | | |
| | | registered in Cambodia, for an additional | | | | | |
| | | three months, until December 2020. | | | | | |
| | | Aviation: Renewal the delay of payment | | | | | |
| | | of civil aviation fee debt for an additional | | | | | |
| | | two months, until December 2020. | | | | | |
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| | | Announced additional cash subsidy for | | | | | |
| | | poor and vulnerable groups under the | | | | | |
| | | National Social Protection Council (NSPC)- | | | | | |
| | | Cambodia, for an additional three months, | | | | | |
| Ostalaan 40 | | until December 2020. | | | | | |
| October 12 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| October 22 | • | Announced that the implementation of | • | • | | | |
| 000000.22 | | capital gains tax will be delayed to January | | | | | |
| | | 1, 2022. | | | | | |
| October 27 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| Announced the reopening of public higher |
| education institutions, from October 12, 2020. |
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| Announced the reopening of all Cambodiar |
| schools, from November 2, 2020 (Phase III). For elementary schools, teaching is |
| allowed for three days a week and five |
| hours per day, with classes focusing on |
| only two subjects: Khmer language and mathematics. Class hours will be the same |
| for secondary schools, where six subjects |
| will be taught. The number of children per |
| class for both levels is limited to 30. |
| Announced temporary closure of both private and public schools for 2 weeks in |
| Phnom Penh and Kandal Province. |
| Announced closure of all KTVs, clubs, |
| cinemas and museums nationwide. |
| Announced directive on the implementation of safe distancing measures. |
| Announced temporary suspension of public |
| fora in Phnom Penh and Kandal province |
| for 2 weeks. |
| Announced nationwide closure of all gyms both inside and outside hotels. |
| Announced the amendment of entry |
| requirements for foreign travelers to |
| Cambodia and the implementation of health measures and quarantine, from November |
| 18, 2020: |

| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|---|
| | | | | | Foreign arrivals from China, Japan, South Korea, Thailand, Vietnam, the EU and the United States who have a sponsor, must produce a health certificate with negative COVID-19 results valid from within 72 hours of departure. They must then take a further test upon arrival and isolate in a hotel until the test results are released, showing a negative result. Arrivals from other countries or those who do not have sponsorship are now not permitted to self-quarantine. They must stay at a government-designated hotel for a mandatory quarantine of two weeks, with a USD 2,000 deposit; mandatory health insurance is still required |
| November 12 | • | • | • | • | Announced key measures for home quarantine. Those who fail to comply with the health measures of home quarantine shall be subject to a transitional penalty of KHR 200,000 to KHR 1,000,000 and punishment in accordance with the Criminal Law in force pursuant to Article 8 of Sub- decree No. 129 S.E. |
| November 18 | • | • | • | • | Announced closure of the case of the November 3 incident and the reopening of schools, vocational training centers in Phnom Penh and Kandal Province. Announced the reopening of cinemas and museums nationwide. |
| November 19 November 21 | • | • | Allowed banks and microfinance institutions | • | Announced reopening of all gyms nationwide. |
| November 21 | | • | to continue restructuring loans for their customers who have been affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, until mid-2021. | | |
| November 29 | • | • | • | • | Announced temporary closure of Chak Angre branch of American InterContinental School for two weeks. Announced temporary closure of all private schools for 2 weeks, requiring students to study online instead, except for those in grade 12. Announced the end of the (2019–20) academic year by November 30 for all public schools and start of (2020–21) new academic year on January 11, 2021. Announced temporary closure of Phnom Penh Hotel for 2 days for contact tracing and testing. |
| November 30 | • | • | • | • | Announced that all arrivals into the country must stay at a government-designated hotel. Announced temporary closure of all public and private universities, for 15 days. Announced suspension of all exercise and sports involving a large number of people, for 15 days. |

| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | | Tregulatory Polsearance | Announced suspension of gatherings of more than 20 people and weddings, for 15 days. Announced closure of all public and private classes for grade 12 students, while their examination dates remain unchanged. |
| December 6 | | | | | Examination dates remain uncharged. [Prime Minister Hun Sen] Delegated power to local authorities to close down any business found to have flouted the Ministry of Health's guidelines to prevent the spread of COVID-19. Announced that all arrivals to Cambodia will now be required to undergo mandatory quarantine under government supervision: Visitors to pay an upfront deposit to the government to guarantee that they adhere to guidelines and to cover the costs of their accommodation and testing over the 14-day period. The rule change effectively ends the "Sponsorship" scheme, which had previously allowed investors, business people, company employees, experts, and technicians to be guaranteed by a sponsoring company or organization, and therefore self-quarantine at a place of their choice. Now all foreign visitors will need to stay for 2 weeks in a government-designated hotel and pay a USD 2,000 deposit. |
| December 10 | • | Announced exemption from renewal fees for all types of tourism licenses for 2021. | • | • | • |
| December 15 | • | • | • | • | Announced that all Grade 12 students would pass their exams automatically without having to sit for them because of the COVID-19 pandemic. |
| December 19 | | Announced additional cash subsidies for poor and vulnerable groups under the National Social Protection Council (NSPC)– Cambodia, for an additional three months, until March 2021. | | | Announced revisions to health measures and a complete 14-day quarantine for diplomats and IO officials holding diplomatic visas (Visa A): They will be required to obtain a certificate indicating a negative COVID-19 test within 72 hours of departure from their country of origin. Upon arrival, they must have samples taken for testing by Cambodian doctors. Foreign representatives and UN organizations in Cambodia need to ensure compliance by those who have obtained Cambodian diplomatic visas. In the event that an in-bound passenger tests positive for COVID-19, the person will be sent to a hospital managed by the ministry. Diplomats must be kept in a complete, 14-day quarantine at embassy residences or related facilities. In cases where diplomats do not stay at embassy facilities, they must complete a 14-day |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | | | quarantine at the Himawari Hotel under the supervision of their embassies or organization officials. They must cover all expenses themselves. Visitors are not allowed during the 14- day quarantine. Only embassy/IO vehicles are allowed to be used for transportation from the airport to the embassy's residence/ house. |
| December 20 | • | • | • | • | Announced caution and 14-day quarantine for all people crossing Thai border. Announced KHR 50 million riels per province for quarantining of workers returning from Thailand, for the provinces bordering Thailand. |
| December 23 | | Announced additional measures to support the garment, tourism, and aviation sectors: Renewal of subsidy of USD 40 per month for suspended employees in garment-textile, footwear, travel products and bag, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of subsidy of USD 40 per month for suspended employees in the tourism sector, such as hotels, guesthouses, restaurants, and travel agents, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of exemptions of all types of monthly tax payments for hotels, guesthouses, restaurants, and travel agents registered with the General Department of Taxation and operating in Phnom Penh, Siem Reap, Preah Sihanouk, Kep, Kampot, Bavet, and Poipet for an additional three months, until March 2020. Renewal of delay in compulsory payment of Social Security Fund in occupational risk and healthcare sector during the period of business suspension. Renewal of exemptions on patent tax and signage tax for travel agencies and operators in other tourism-related industries. Taxpayers are still obligated to renew patents. Renewal of exemption from minimum tax for airline companies registered in Cambodia, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of delay in the payment of owed amounts of the civil aviation fees, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of delay in the payment of owed amounts of the civil aviation fees, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of delay in the payment of owed amounts of the civil aviation fees, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of delay in the payment of owed amounts of the civil aviation fees, for an additional three months, until March 2021. Renewal of delay in the payment of back pay seniority indemnity before 2019, and new | | | |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy 2021, until 2022. In the event that the | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | social-economic situation returns to | | | |
| | | normal, relevant ministries and | | | |
| | | institutions must open discussions with | | | |
| | | factories, enterprises, and businesses, to | | | |
| | | set procedures for instalment payments. | | | |
| | | If the impact of the pandemic persists, | | | |
| | | the government will consider options to | | | |
| | | help factories, enterprises, businesses, | | | |
| | | and employees/workers. | | | |
| | | Renewal of exemption from stamp tax for | | | |
| | | home buyers paying under or exactly | | | |
| | | seventy thousand US dollars, from | | | |
| | | January 2021 to December 2021, for all | | | |
| | | home development companies registered | | | |
| | | with the Ministry of Economy and | | | |
| | | Finance and/or Department of Economy | | | |
| | | and Finance. Meanwhile, the government | | | |
| | | also calls for every home development | | | |
| | | company to voluntarily join the | | | |
| | | government in reducing the price of | | | |
| | | houses. | | | |
| | | Relief for implementation of Withholding | | | |
| | | Tax interest payments to resident and | | | |
| | | non-resident lenders: | | | |
| | | For new loans: | | | |
| | | Lowering withholding tax on bank or | | | |
| | | financial institution loans both outside | | | |
| | | and inside the country to 5 percent for | | | |
| | | 2021 (including to both loans from | | | |
| | | countries with DTA and without DTA). | | | |
| | | Lowering withholding tax on bank or | | | |
| | | financial institution loans both outside | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | and inside of the country to 10 | | | |
| | | percent for 2022 (including to both | | | |
| | | loans from countries with DTA and | | | |
| | | without DTA). | | | |
| | | Reviewing and adjusting withholding | | | |
| | | tax on bank or financial institution | | | |
| | | loans both outside and inside the | | | |
| | | country to the standard rate in | | | |
| | | accordance with law and regulation | | | |
| | | from 2023 onward. | | | |
| | | For existing loans: | | | |
| | | Lowering withholding tax on bank or | | | |
| | | financial institution loans both outside | | | |
| | | and inside the country to 10 percent | | | |
| | | for 2021 (including to both loans from | | | |
| | | countries with DTA and without DTA). | | | |
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| | | Reviewing and adjusting withholding | | | |
| | | tax on bank or financial institution | | | |
| | | loans both outside and inside the | | | |
| | | country to the standard rate in | | | |
| | | accordance with law and regulation | | | |
| | | from 2022 onward. | | | |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| December 27 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 29 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 30 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 31 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 3, 2021 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 4 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 8 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 14 | • | • | • | • | |
| February 10 | • Announced maintenance of RRR at 7 percent for both KHR and foreign currency for an additional six months, until June 2021. | • | • | • | |
| February 11 | • | • | Delayed banks' and MFIs' 2020 dividend payouts to shareholders. | • | |
| February 15 | • | • | • | • | |
| February 18 | • | • | • | • | |

| Containment |
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| Removed restrictions on businesses that |
| were ordered closed as a result of the |
| "November 28 Community Incident." |
| Announced the reopening of all Cambodian |
| private schools, from December 29, 2020. |
| The new academic year 2020–21 for public |
| schools will begin on January 11, 2021. |
| Announced the reopening of cinemas, from |
| January 1, 2021. |
| Announced the reopening of gym and |
| sports businesses for health, league |
| competitions and other sports events. |
| Announced the postponement of the 7th |
| River Festival in Kampong Thom until |
| 2022. |
| Announced border tightening between |
| Cambodia and Vietnam, from January 4, |
| 2021. Visitors are required to quarantine for |
| 14 days. |
| Announced additional KHR 700 million for |
| the provinces bordering Thailand, for |
| guarantining of workers returning from |
| Thailand; Pailin, Battambang and Banteay |
| Meanchey have been allocated an |
| additional KHR 200 million each; Oddar |
| Meanchey province has been provided with |
| an extra KHR 100 million. |
| Announced additional KHR 800 million and |
| KHR 200 million to Oddar Meanchey and |
| Battambang provinces, respectively, for |
| quarantining of workers returning from |
| Thailand. |
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| Appounded horder tightening between |
| Announced border tightening between Combodia and Thailand, from Eabruary 15 |
| Cambodia and Thailand, from February 15, |
| 2021. |
| Issued a new sub-decree to impose a hefty fine for these who avade guaranting in a |
| fine for those who evade quarantine in a hid to stom the aproad of COVID 10: |
| bid to stem the spread of COVID-19: |
| Passengers or operators of transport |
| vehicles who evade inspection officials or |
| fail to cooperate with health officials in |
| implementing health measures or fail to |
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| comply with health procedures to prevent |
| comply with health procedures to prevent and respond to the spread of diseases at |
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| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, persuades or deliberately facilitates |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, persuades or deliberately facilitates passengers or operators of a transport |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, persuades or deliberately facilitates passengers or operators of a transport vehicle to evade inspection or shun any |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, persuades or deliberately facilitates passengers or operators of a transport vehicle to evade inspection or shun any implementation of quarantine measures |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, persuades or deliberately facilitates passengers or operators of a transport vehicle to evade inspection or shun any implementation of quarantine measures will be subjected to a fine of between |
| and respond to the spread of diseases at the entry points will be fined between USD 250–1,250. Anyone who initiates, incites, instructs, persuades or deliberately facilitates passengers or operators of a transport vehicle to evade inspection or shun any implementation of quarantine measures |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| February 20 | • | • | • | • | Announced Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) for schools, suspended any gathering over 20 people and school management must report anyone involved with the February 20 Community Incident to the authorities. |
| February 21 | • | • | • | • | Announced the implementation of the QR Code "Stop COVID" scanning for venues. |
| February 22 | • | • | • | • | Announced temporary closure for all public and private schools in Phnom Penh and Kandal province for 14 days, from February 23, 2021. |
| February 23 | • | • | • | • | Announced temporary closure of all museums, cinemas and theatres in Phnom Penh and Kandal province for 14 days. |
| February 24 | • | • | • | • | Announced temporary closure for all public and private schools in Sihanoukville and Stung Hav district of Preah Sihanouk province for 14 days, from February 25, 2021. Announced suspension of all sports clubs and all sports activities in Phnom Penh, Kandam and Preah Sihanouk Provinces except sports competitions broadcast on TV, from February 24, 2021 until further notice. Announced temporary closure of all cinemas, theatres and museums in Preah Sihanouk province for 14 days, from February 24, 2021. |
| | • | • | • | • | • |



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| Date | | - | Measure | - | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| January 25, 2020 | • | • | • | • | Locked down Wuhan city and restricted travel. |
| January 31 | • | Provided interest discount support to key enterprises in epidemic prevention and control. | • | • | • |
| February 1 | Supported the issuance of "anti-epidemic bonds" (corporate bonds). | Provided tax relief for imported materials used for epidemic prevention and control. For loans to key corporates, the central government will pay 50 percent of the interest rate. Lowered the guarantee rate paid for government financing guarantee and to re- guarantee institutions | Announced that the CBIRC will work with banks to undertake loan extensions, and help to increase financing and reduce financing cost for SMEs. Granted forbearance for SME loans in Hubei provinces. Encouraged loan extension for SMEs in other parts of China. | • (The PBC and CBIRC) signaled the possible postponement of the implementation of the new rules on asset management. (Note: The new rules will greatly weigh on shadow banking activities). The PBC and the CBIRC are conducting technical assessments. | • |
| February 4 | Injected USD 1.5 trillion into markets through repo operations. | Provided tax preferential treatment for key producers and transportation enterprises fighting the epidemic. | • | • | • |
| February 14 | • | Reduced and exempted agricultural credit guarantee related fees, and used disaster relief fund in agricultural production. | • | • | • |
| February 17 | Carried out RMB 200 billion 1-year MLF operation and lowered the MLF interest rate by 10 basis points. Increased a special re-lending facility by RMB 350 billion for lending to private, small, medium and micro enterprises at preferential interest rates. Increased the re-lending and re-discounting quota by RMB 500 billion, and reduced the interest rate for re-lending to agriculture and small businesses by 0.25 percentage point to 2.5 percent. | • | • | • | • |
| February 19 | • | Allowed the periodic reduction of social security payments. All provinces can exempt the payment of social security, payment of small, medium and micro enterprises, and halve the collection of social security of large enterprises. Enterprises in difficulty can also apply to defer payment. | • | • | • |
| February 26 | • | • | Provided guidance to financial institutions to extend and renew loans to small and micro enterprises. | • | • |
| February 28 | • | • Enterprises affected by the epidemic may postpone provident fund payments. | • | • | • |
| March 2 | Implemented the targeted inclusive finance, Reduced the RRR for qualified banks by 0.5 percent to 1 percent. This additional reduction of 1percent for eligible joint-stock commercial banks would release RMB 550 billion of long-term funds. | • | • | • | • |
| March 4 | • | Exempted VAT for small taxpayers in Hubei Province, and reduced the VAT rate for small taxpayers in other regions from 3 percent to 1 percent. Reduced rent for individual industrial and commercial businesses that rent government-operated buildings. | • | • | • |
| IVIAI OFFI 12 | • | Reduced taxes and fees for delivery, and logistics companies. | • | • | • |

Contributor: Simon Liu (<u>Simon.Liu@amro-asia.org</u> Updated February 28, 2021

China

| Date | | | Measure | |
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| A 11.4 | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| April 1 | Increased the re-lending and rediscount limit for small and medium-sized banks by RMB1 trillion. Supported financial institutions in issuing RMB 300 billion in bonds, which will be used to lend to small and micro enterprises. "Guided" the increase in net financing of corporate bonds, which will be RMB 1 trillion higher than last year. "Guided" RMB 800 billion yuan of credit to small and medium-sized enterprises in 2020 through "accounts receivable financing." | • | • | • |
| April 3 | • | Provided tax refunds for export products in full and in time, and asked financial institutions to increase trade credits for export and import. Halved local governments' financing guarantee and re-guarantee institutions rate for small and micro enterprises. | • | • |
| April 7 | • | Reduced the IOER rate to 0.35 percent. | • | • |
| April 15 | • | A targeted RRR reduction of rural commercial banks and city commercial banks by 1 percentage point, which would release a total of about RMB 400 billion of long-term funds. | • | • |
| May 22 | Continued to lower interest rates Continued to keep abundant liquidity To increase total social financing and M2, such that the year-on-year growth will be significantly higher than 2019. | Increased the general government fiscal deficit to more than 3.6 percent of GDP. Issued RMB 3.75 trillion in local government special bonds to support infrastructure financing. Provided sizable tax and fee cuts (RMB 2.5 trillion), including lowering the payroll contribution rate. Announced issuance of RMB 1 trillion special central government pandemic bond. Directly transferred more than RMB 2 trillion to county-level governments, to ensure their continuing operation. | • | • |
| June 30 | Allowed local government to use the proceeds (from the issuance of local government special bond) to purchase small banks' convertible bonds, which will help small banks replenish capital and increase lending to SMEs. | • | • | • |
| July 1 | Cut interest rates on central bank relending and rediscounting facilities by 25 basis points—the 1-year relending rate is now 2.25 percent, and the rediscounting rate is 2 percent, which will help promote bank lending to rural farmers and SMEs. | • | • | • |
| February 3, 2021 | • | • | • | • |

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| • [National Health Commission (NHC)] |
| Announced that health authorities had |
| enhanced the capacity and services of |
| COVID-19 nucleic acid testing to facilitate |
| travelers heading home for the approaching |
| Spring Festival – a traditional time for |
| family reunions. Until February 1, 2021, |
| testing organizations nationwide could process 16 million single samples collected |
| per day, about 12.7 times the number in |
| March 2020, of 1.26 million; services for |
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China

| Date | | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment | |
| | | | | | COVID-19 testing had also been improved in several ways, among them: local governments having been required to release information of testing organizations' names, working hours and locations to the public, facilitating their reservations for the tests. | |
| | • | • | • | • | • | |



| Date | | | Measure | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| February 1, 2020 | • | • | • | • |
| February 3 | • | • | • | • |
| February 5 | • | • | • | • |
| February 21 | • | Established a HKD 30 billion Anti-epidemic Fund to implement 24 relief and support measures to provide assistance to enterprises and members of the public. | • | • |
| February 26 | • | Announced an expansionary budget for FY2020/21, and projected an expansionary fiscal path through to FY2024/25, which includes cash disbursements to the people amounting to about 2.5 percent of GDP to further enhance Hong Kong's capability in combating the epidemic. | • | • |
| March 4 | • | • | • | Dispensed advice to banks regarding more flexible loan treatment for this period of heightened stress. Accordingly, banks ne not categorize the loans as non-performin nor make any provision. A revision of repayment terms will generally be regard as "commercial" if it does not involve a reduction in principal repayment, and the applicable interest rates of the loan are no substantially below prevailing market levels. |
| March 16 | • | • | • | Announced a reduction of countercyclica capital buffer (CCyB) as a pre-emptive measure to continually allowing banks to support the domestic economy. |
| March 30 | • | | • | Issued a guideline to banks on deferring the implementation of the various requirements under the Basel III framework so that banks can focus on addressing the challenges brought about by the COVID- outbreak. |
| April 3 | Cut current level of regulatory reserves by half to release a total of HKD 200 billion of lending capacity, providing banks with more room on their balance sheets to cater for future financing needs. Announced the introduction of a series of measures aimed at increasing banking sector liquidity to support local economic activity. They include: obtaining US dollars through repo transactions with the US Federal Reserve for lending to local banks; | [HKMCI and banks] Entered advanced stage of preparatory work for the special 100 percent Loan Guarantee under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme announced in the Budget. | Asked banks to consider arrangements to automatically offer extensions of loan tenor or principal repayment holidays to qualified SMEs without requiring them to make an application. Borrowers just need to indicate whether they will accept or not. [Banks] Extended further the repayment period of trade financial facilities for SME customers in the import-export and manufacturing sectors facing cash-flow pressure due to delays in shipments; considered allowing more customers to apply to convert trade financing lines into temporary overdraft facilities. | • |

Contributor: Foo Suan Yong (foo.suanyong@amro-asia.org) Updated February 28, 2021

| | Containment |
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| | Implemented body temperature checks for both departing and transit passengers (in line with WHO recommendations) at the Hong Kong International Airport. No boarding will be allowed for passengers with fever. |
| | Announcement of all boundary control points (BCP) closures, except the airport and two land BCPs to further curtail cross- boundary passenger traffic (effective on 4 Feb). |
| | Announced and suspended immigration services at all cruise terminals. |
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| ring nework ng the VID-19 | • |
| | Arranged chartered flight to bring Hong Kong residents home from Peru, which has declared a state of emergency and imposed strict restrictions on all land and air traffic. |

| Date | | | Measure | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | clarifying aspects of the HKMA's Liquidity Facilities Framework to make it easier to use by banks; Further explaining HKMA's supervisory expectations on liquidity regulatory requirements so as to encourage banks to deploy their liquidity buffers more flexibly to support lending and other business activities. | | | |
| April 8 | Announced release of HKD 1 trillion in bank lending capacity by adjusting regulatory parameters, and taking additional measures to boost banking system liquidity. | Announced HKD 137.5 billion fiscal package; government to do more if the situation worsens. There are no plans to issue debt; fiscal reserves may drop to HKD 800 billion but would still cover about 15 months of government expenditure. Announced HKD 80 billion job security program to subsidize 50 percent of wages (capped at HKD 9,000) for affected workers for six months. (Government's top priority is to avoid "massive layoffs.") Reduced senior government officials' salary by 10 percent for one year. Announced HKD 21 billion for measures to support targeted sectors including aviation and tourism. Announced creation of 30,000 jobs including civil-service positions and internships. Cut rents and fees cut: including: 75 percent rent cut for tenants of government-owned properties; waived registration fees for medical workers; Announced planned 20 percent MTR fares cut for 6 months. | | |
| April 9 | Announced reduced issuance of Exchange Fund bills to boost interbank liquidity. | • | • | • |
| April 18 | • | • | HKMCI announced an increase of the total guarantee commitment of the Special 100% Loan Guarantee under SME Financing Guarantee Scheme to HKD 50billion. The maximum loan amount per enterprise increased to HKD 4million and the principal moratorium arrangement extended to the first 12 months. | • |
| April 22 | Announced the introduction of a temporary US Dollar Liquidity Facility to make available USD liquidity assistance to banks. The cash will be provided through tenders in the form of repurchase transactions for a term of 7 days. Facility to be maintained until September 30, 2020. | • | • | • |
| April 27 | Indicated that HKMA will focus on defensiveness and liquidity when managing Exchange Fund's investments. | • | • | • |

| Containment |
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| Extended social distancing restrictions, with authorities citing a "drastic" increase in the number of cases over the past two weeks to 936. Gradual and very measured relaxation of certain rules started in early May. Strengthened health quarantine and testing arrangements for all inbound travelers from April 8, 2020. Urged more private doctors to test suspects. |
| Announced plans to bring more citizens home: Chartered flights to transport home Chinese citizens stranded in Morocco and—subsequently, in early May— Pakistan. Enhanced testing process: From April 14, 2020 onward, door-to-door deep throat saliva specimen collection service for patients will be tested by private doctors. |
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| A | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| April 28 | • | • | • | • | Announced gradual reopening of leisure facilities. |
| April 29 | • | • | • | • | Announced quarantine exemptions for professionals and factory owners entering from mainland China. |
| May 13 | • | • | • | • | Announced screening of hundreds of Hong Kong households after third member of family tests positive. |
| May 19 | | | | | Provided updates on measures in several areas, clarifying that the Hong Kong authorities had done the following: (i) Developed a monitoring system using Bluetooth low energy wristbands paired with a dedicated mobile app and geo-fencing technology. The app has enabled the monitoring of close to 90,000 individuals under home quarantine in Hong Kong. (ii) Created an interactive digital map and dashboard to keep the public informed of the pandemic situation. Open data in machine-readable format and application programming interfaces are also available for those looking to conduct their own analysis or develop websites, mobile apps and other programs. (iii) Initiated local mask production. Twenty production lines run by 15 Hong Kong companies will soon begin supplying the Government with nearly 34 million made-in-Hong Kong masks a month. They will also make available more than seven million masks a month to the local consumer market. Kept research for treatment ongoing: researchers at six local public hospitals, together with the University of Hong Kong recently announcing the results of their research into a three-drug cocktail for treating the virus. |
| May 20 | • | • | • | • | Announced the formulation of an initial implementation plan on the feasibility of class resumption for about 2,500 cross- boundary secondary students. |
| May 23 | • | Announced that HKD 240 million has been disbursed to the property sector. Announced that penalties for the employment scheme has been set—these are for applicants of the Employment Support Scheme, if they did not provide two undertakings or commitments: employer not to implement any redundancies in June, July and August when they receive the Government wage subsidy in the first tranche; in any particular month, if the employer failed to pay all wage subsidies. | • | • | • |
| May 28 | • | [The Social Welfare Department] Announced the provision of six-months of unemployment support under the Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Scheme from June 1 to November | • | • | • |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | 30. The asset limits for able-bodied persons would be relaxed temporarily by 100 per cent. These asset limits would be restored to the normal level from December 1. | | | |
| May 29 | • | Announced that the enhancement measures to the 80 per cent and 90 per cent Guarantee Products under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme (SFGS) as included in the second round of the Anti- epidemic Fund announced by the Government in April 2020 takes immediate effect. The measures include raising the maximum loan amount of the 80 per cent and 90 per cent Guarantee Products and extending the eligibility coverage to listed companies in Hong Kong, and will last for 12 months. In addition, both the existing guaranteed loans and new applications are eligible for an interest subsidy for a maximum period of 12 months, the payments of which will start to be made by the ond of lune this year. | • | | |
| May 30 | • | the end of June this year. Announced that the Government will launch the "Enhanced Anti-epidemic Support Scheme for Property Management Sector" (Enhanced ASPM) under the "Anti- epidemic Fund" by extending the subsidized period of the previous ASPM for three months (i.e. June to August 2020) and relaxing the caps on headcounts of the "Anti-epidemic Hardship Allowance" ("AHA") per eligible building block to 100. | • | • | |
| June 3 | • | Signed service level agreements with representatives of 21 banks for the Cash Payout Scheme. Under the scheme, announced in the 2020–21 Budget, HKD 10,000 will be disbursed to each Hong Kong permanent resident aged 18 and above to encourage local consumption and relieve financial burden. Announced disbursement of HKD 101 million to 463 arts groups or projects as well as more than 2,300 individual arts workers through the Arts & Culture Sector Subsidy Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund as of the end of May. | • | • | |
| June 9 | • | Disbursed HKD 4.3 billion to the food sector, with HKD 60 million to be disbursed to fitness centers in the coming weeks. The Food & Environmental Hygiene Department announced that over HKD 4.3 billion in subsidies have been disbursed to the food business sector through various schemes under the Anti-epidemic Fund. The Fitness Centre Subsidy Scheme received more than 1,900 applications during the application period of over four weeks, of which 600 have so far been approved with HKD 60 million disbursed. The subsidy will be disbursed to the approved fitness centers by post in the form of a crossed check. Launched under | • | | |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | the second round of the Anti-epidemic Fund, the scheme closed for applications on June 3. The vetting of applications is still ongoing. | | | |
| June 10 | | Provided clarifications regarding criteria and scope of coverage for wage support for elderly workers: The government clarified that employers are eligible to apply for wage subsidies in respect of their employees aged 65 or above who have Mandatory Provident Fund (MPF) accounts, even if they have not made any MPF voluntary contributions for these employees. If the employer has provided the mature employees' basic salary information to the fund trustee(s), the amount of wage subsidies under the Employment Support Scheme will be calculated based on 50 percent of the basic salaries actually paid to these employees in the specified month. The wage cap will be set at HKD 18,000 per month per employee, while the maximum wage subsidy per employee is HKD 9,000 per month. The Government estimates that there are about 115,000 employees aged 65 or above, whereas MPF Authority data suggests that about 60,000 mature employees have set up MPF accounts. The Employment Support Scheme will cover 60,000 mature employees, while around 40,000 mature employees will be covered by the various sector schemes which have been, or will be launched. Together with the 10,000 or so mature employees under government outsourced contracts whose wages are not affected by the epidemic, in total, more than 110,000 employees aged 65 or above will be covered by the measures mentioned above. | | | |
| June 29 | • | Announced salary subsidies for employers who hire graduates and assistant professionals of several sectors: engineering, architectural, surveying, town planning and landscape: 1,750 subsidy places, divided into two groups, will be provided under the new measures. (Application period: June 19 to July 18.) The first group is applicable to university students studying architecture, surveying, town planning and landscape architecture, and are graduating this year. Employers will receive a salary subsidy of HKD 5,610 per month for providing recognized professional training to each employed graduate. Subsidy period is up to 18 months; 500 subsidy places will be provided. | | | |

| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| | | The second group is applicable to | | | | | |
| | | assistant engineers who complete the | | | | | |
| | | training within this year but still need to obtain practical work experience. It is | | | | | |
| | | also applicable to assistant | | | | | |
| | | professionals who complete the training | | | | | |
| | | within this year and satisfy admission | | | | | |
| | | criteria of the professional assessments | | | | | |
| | | in the relevant sectors. Employers will | | | | | |
| | | receive a salary subsidy of HKD 10,000 | | | | | |
| | | per month for providing opportunities for | | | | | |
| | | recognized professional practice to | | | | | |
| | | each assistant professional employed. Subsidy period is up to 12 months; | | | | | |
| | | 1,250 subsidy places. | | | | | |
| | | The Commerce and Economic | | | | | |
| | | Development Bureau) announced that | | | | | |
| | | about 3,400 applications had been | | | | | |
| | | approved for disbursement of subsidies | | | | | |
| | | totaling over HKD 150 million under the five | | | | | |
| | | tourism industry support schemes in the | | | | | |
| | | second round of the Anti-epidemic Fund, covering travel agents, travel agents' staff, | | | | | |
| | | freelance practitioners whose main | | | | | |
| | | occupations are tourist guides and tour | | | | | |
| | | escorts, hotels and drivers of tour service | | | | | |
| | | coaches mainly serving tourists. | | | | | |
| | | Announced more funding for the Distance | | | | | |
| | | Business Programme, under the ambit of | | | | | |
| | | the Anti-Epidemic Fund. The Innovation & | | | | | |
| | | Technology Commission has announced | | | | | |
| | | an additional provision of HKD 1 billion for the program which supports enterprises' | | | | | |
| | | efforts to adopt IT solutions to continue | | | | | |
| | | business and services during the epidemic. | | | | | |
| | | As of June 24, the program received more | | | | | |
| | | than 14,500 funding applications from | | | | | |
| | | enterprises. Of the 1,194 applications | | | | | |
| | | processed so far, 1,094 have been | | | | | |
| | | approved, with total funding of more than HKD 44 million. Because of the | | | | | |
| | | overwhelming response, the Government | | | | | |
| | | would allocate HKD 1 billion for the | | | | | |
| | | program, in addition to the original HKD | | | | | |
| | | 500 million, to benefit more enterprises. | | | | | |
| June 30 | • | • | Announced that the previous measures to | • | | | |
| | | | assist foreign domestic helpers (FDHs) and | | | | |
| | | | their employers to cope with the special | | | | |
| | | | circumstances arising from the COVID-19 pandemic will be extended with immediate | | | | |
| | | | effect. These include: Extension of validity | | | | |
| | | | period of existing contracts; extension of | | | | |
| | | | limit of stay as visitors; and Deferral of | | | | |
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| Agreed with Thailand to make special travel arrangements for cross-border control. Thailand announced the country's decision to set up a special travel arrangement for cross-border control with five economies including Hong Kong as a first step in relaxing its inbound passenger control. The Hong Kong government welcomed the announcement, and said that a newly-established inter-departmental team will start discussing with the relevant departments in the Thai Government in the coming week or two. Announced the latest disease prevention measures and arrangements under the Prevention and Control of Disease Ordinance, extending social distancing measures in relation to catering business, |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
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| July 1 | • | • [Financial Services and the Treasury Bureau (FSTB)] Announced the launch of the FinTech Anti-epidemic Scheme for Talent Development (FAST Scheme) under the second round of the Anti-epidemic Fund, to be open for application on July 2 to support the development of financial technology (fintech) in Hong Kong. | • | • | |
| July 6 | • | [The Employment Support Scheme (ESS) Secretariat] Published the 3rd batch of employers who have received wage subsidies, covering 30,000 employers (about HKD 7.7billion, and committed to maintaining a total paid headcount exceeding 330,000). ESS Secretariat has started the disbursement of wage subsidies to the 4th batch of 10,000 employers (HKD 6.3billion, headcount of paid employees of 270,000), and will also disburse the HKD 7,500 one-off subsidy to the 10,000 self-employed workers. Announced that the Cash Payout Scheme has disbursed payment to 3.15 million people (first batch) who registered electronically through banks on or before June 30. Total Cash Payout Scheme has received 5.5 million registrations (as of June 21). | • | • | |
| July 7 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 9 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 10 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 12 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 13 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 22 | • | • | • | • | |
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| July 25 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 26 | • | • | • | • | |
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| Containment |
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| scheduled premises and group gatherings in public places, as well as continuing the implementation of immigration control measures. |
| Announced the then-latest disease prevention measures and arrangements under the Prevention and Control of Disease Ordinance, extending social distancing measures in relation to catering businesses, scheduled premises and group gatherings in public places, as well as continuing the implementation of immigration control measures. |
| • |
| |
| Reviewed virus-containment measures. |
| Announced plans to once again restrict the number of diners to eight per table in the city restaurants, and also cap public gatherings at 50 people. |
| • Announced the suspension of all schools effective July 13, after the territory reported a spike in locally transmitted COVID-19 infections. |
| [The Hospital Authority] Announced that the supply of isolation beds would be boosted to accommodate the increasing number of confirmed COVID-19 patients. |
| Further tightened social distancing measures and mandated that people wear masks on public transport, which would take effect at 0.00am on July 15, 2020. |
| Extended social distancing measures until July 28. |
| • Extended work-from-home arrangements for civil servants for another week (now to run until August 2). |
| Issued a press release containing a long list of safety measures which the authorities urged people to take. |
| Announced tightening of testing and quarantine arrangements for exempted persons; issued a press release containing details of the measures, which were to take |

| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
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| | | | Filvale Sector | | effect from July 29 onward, in accordance with the risk level of respective exemption categories. |
| July 27 | | | | | [The Education Bureau (EDB)] Announced that all schools would continue to suspend all on-campus activities from July 29 to August 16. Schools may consider conducting make-up classes or other learning activities online. Authorities tightened pandemic control measures including: limiting group gatherings to two persons; banning dining-in at restaurants; closing several types of places: (a) Amusement game centres; (b) Bathhouses; (c) Fitness centres; (d) Places of amusement; (e) Places of public entertainment; (f) Premises (commonly known as party rooms) that are maintained or intended to be maintained for hire for holding social gatherings; (g) Beauty parlors; (h) Establishments (commonly known as clubs or nightclubs) that are open late into the night, usually for drinking, and dancing or other entertainment; (i) Karaoke establishments; (j) Mahjong-tin kau premises; (k) Massage establishments (save for those set out in Annex 3); (l) Sports premises (new); and (m) Swimming pools (new); imposing deterrent penalties—for example, any person who participates in a prohibited group gathering; organizes a prohibited group gathering; owns, controls or operates the place of such gathering and knowingly allows the taking place of such gathering, commits an offence; and offenders are liable to a maximum fine of \$25,000 and imprisonment for six months; extending the mask-wearing requirement to cover all outdoor public places. |
| July 28 | • | • [The Subsidised Housing Committee of the Hong Kong Housing Authority] Endorsed the outcome of the 2020 rent review of public rental housing (PRH), and provided a two-month tent waiver for PRH tenants. | • | • | • |
| July 30 | • Announced the extension of the temporary US Dollar Liquidity Facility to 31 March 2021, in line with the US Fed's decision to extend the FIMA Repo Facility to 31 March 2021. The operational parameters of the temporary US Dollar Liquidity Facility will remain unchanged. | • | • | • | • |
| August 2 | • | • | • | • | Welcomed team from Mainland China to help with pandemic control work. |
| August 3 | • | Started accepting applications from two- person households for the One-off Living Subsidy for Low-income Households Not Living in Public Housing & Not Receiving | • | • | • |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| | | Comprehensive Social Security Assistance (CSSA) Programme. | | | | |
| August 5 | • | • | • Announced deferment for trade facilities under the Pre-approved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme for another 90-day period. | • | | |
| August 7 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 10 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 15 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 17 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 18 | • | • | Introduced enhancement measures for Distance Business Program. | • | | |
| August 19 | [The HKMA] Eased countercyclical macroprudential measures for mortgage loans on non-residential properties by raising the LTV cap to 50 percent from 40 percent for general cases, effective on August 20. | • | • | • | | |
| August 21 | • | [The Food & Environmental Hygiene Department] Announced enhancement of the Catering Business (Social Distancing) Subsidy Scheme to help those who are eligible but have not submitted applications for the first tranche of the subsidy. | • | • | | |
| August 23 | • | • | Introduced a penalty clause in the second tranche of the Employment Support Scheme (ESS) to boost deterrence against employers from significantly laying off employees. | • | | |
| August 25 | • | • | • | • | | |

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| Offered free testing for domestic workers. Announced maintenance of conditions on travelers who visited specific high-risk places within 14 days before arriving in Hong Kong and simplification of relevant conditions. |
| Announced extension of social distancing measures to August 18. |
| Extended community testing program for COVID-19 for pregnant women, for two weeks. Resumed transfer and transit services at the Hong Kong International Airport for passengers from airports in Mainland |
| China. Extended the existing social distancing measures with effect from 0.00 am on |
| August 19, for seven days until August 25. |
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| Announced that the Government would launch the Universal Community Testing Programme on September 1 to provide a one-off free testing service for members of the public. The program aims to identify as early as possible asymptomatic COVID-19 patients in the community and achieve the target of early identification, isolation and treatment to cut the community transmission chain. The program was scheduled to run for seven days; subject to the actual progress, it might be extended for no more than seven days. |
| • |
| Announced relaxation of several social distancing measures from August 28, noting that: (i) while the number of daily new cases had been gradually declining, the epidemic situation had still not completely stabilized; (ii) the authorities would therefore extend the existing social distancing measures for two more days until August 27; (iii) however, under the new normal, it was almost not possible to wait until there are no more local cases before |
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| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
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| | | | | Regulatory robearance | relaxing the social distancing measures. |
| August 31 | • | • | • | • | Announced that face-to-face school classes would resume in two phrases, on a half-day basis. The first phase will start on September 23 and the second will start on September 29. |
| September 2 | • | • | Announced that the Pre-approved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme has been extended for a further six months to April 2021, so that all loan principal payments of eligible customers falling due between November 2020 and April 2021 would be deferred by six months except for repayments of trade loans, which would be deferred by 90 days. Announced that in order to alleviate the cash flow pressure on SMEs, the application period for principal moratorium for the 80 percent Guarantee Product and the 90 percent Guarantee Product under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme (SFGS) has been extended for six months to March 31, 2021, and the maximum duration of principal moratorium has been increased from 12 months to 18 months. | • | Announced—following the first phase of relaxation to extend the dine-in service hours for catering businesses and re-open some of the scheduled premises from August 28—further extension to dine-in service hours from September 4, and the re-opening of more scheduled premises, including fitness centers, some of the places of amusement, club-houses (excep for those premises and facilities that must remain closed under Cap. 599F), massage establishments, as well as indoor and outdoor sports premises for activities involving little physical contact. |
| September 8 | • | Announced disbursement of HKD 124 million to 860 arts groups or projects as well as more than 5,100 individual arts workers through the Arts & Culture Sector Subsidy Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund as of September 4. | • | • | Announced further relaxation in the number of persons allowed in group gatherings in public places, from two to four (including in catering business premises); and re- opening of sports premises that have not been allowed to open under the last two phases from September 11. |
| September 9 | • | • | • | • | Announced extension of the Universal Community Testing Programme (UCTP) fo three days, to September 14. |
| September 15 | • | Announced the third round of measures under the Anti-Epidemic Fund, which involves: (1) HKD 4.5 billion of spending on helping affected industries; (2) HKD 6 billion of spending on rent concessions; and (3) HKD 13 billion of spending on virus prevention measures. | Announced that in order to further alleviate cash flow pressures on SMEs, the maximum amount of loan per enterprise under the Special 100% Loan Guarantee of the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme (SFGS) is raised from the total amount of employee wages and rents for 6 months to that for 12 months, or HKD 5 million (originally HKD 4 million), whichever is lower. The total guarantee commitment is raised from HKD 50 billion to HKD 70 billion. The maximum repayment period of the guaranteed loans is increased from 3 to 5 years. Borrowers with existing loans under the Special 100% Loan Guarantee can apply to have the loan amount increased and/or the repayment period extended. | • | |
| September 16 | • | • | • | • | Announced continued relaxation of social distancing from September 18. The relaxation of measures include: further extension of the hours when dine-in services are allowed at catering business premises, to midnight; reopening including bars or pubs, bathhouses, and all places of public entertainment (including theme parks and exhibition venues), party rooms, clubs |

| Date | | | Measure | |
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| September 21 | • | Announced a HKD 10,000 cash handout to more than 200,000 low-income families, who are non-permanent residents. Eligible applicants are those who have been in Hong Kong for less than seven years, and aged above 18 years before March 31, 2021. They also need to pass a low-income test, which means that they are either beneficiaries of social welfare programs, or meet stipulated income limits. | Announced the extension of existing rent concession for the Housing Authority (HA)'s eligible non-domestic tenants/licensees for another six months from October 1, 2020– March 31, 2021. Over this period, the HA would continue to grant a 75 per cent rent concession to eligible tenants/licensees of its retail and factory premises, bus kiosks, and most advertising signboards, as well as carpark users for monthly parking of commercial vehicles. | • |
| September 28 | • | • [The Legislative Council Finance Committee] Approved funding of HKD 24 billion for a third round of the government's Anti-Epidemic Fund, following two days of debate. The vote outcome was 37–23. | • | • |
| September 29 | • | • | • | • |
| October 5 | • | • | [Education Bureau (EDB)] Informed all kindergartens (KGs), private primary and secondary day schools and tutorial schools the details of a one-off relief grant amounting to HKD 67.5 million under the third round of the Anti-epidemic Fund, benefitting some 1,000 KGs and about 180 private primary and secondary day schools. | • |
| October 6 | • | • | [Social Welfare Department (SWD)] Announced the launch of the second round Child Care Centre Special Grant (under the third round of the Anti-Epidemic Fund) to provide assistance to child care centers to tide them over financial difficulties arising from the prolonged suspension of services as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. | • |
| October 8 | • | • | [Education Bureau (EDB)] Informed the provision of one-off relief grants (under the third round of Anti-Epidemic Fund) to suppliers of catering services for schools and providers of interest classes and school bus services, estimated to be HKD 248.9 million. | • |
| October 13 | • | • | • | • |

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| or nightclubs, karaoke establishments and swimming pools. Restrictions, including mask wearing and group activities in fitness centers and sports premises, are also relaxed. |
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| • |
| Announced relaxation of religious gatherings at premises or places of worship (including churches, mosques, or temples) with no more than 50% of the capacity of the premises and team sports (maximum of 4 people a team) at sports premises from October 2. |
| • |
| Announced the maintenance of social distancing measures currently in place until October 15, 2020. |
| [Food and Environmental Hygiene Department (FEHD)] Conducted joint operations with the Police to step up inspections at catering business premises in Tuen Mun District; and reminded food business operators and food handlers to strictly comply with relevant requirements under the Prevention and Control of Disease (Requirements and Directions) (Business and Premises) Regulation (Cap. 599F) (the Regulation), and the public to comply with restrictions in relation to group gatherings under the anti-epidemic regulations and directions when patronizing restaurants. |
| Announced that the social distancing measures which are currently in force would be maintained until October 22, 2020. |

| Date | Measure | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| October 14 October 16 | • | • | [Hong Kong Housing Authority (HA) Commercial Properties Committee] Approved the adoption of enhanced rates concession to increase the exemption ceiling from HKD 1,500 to HKD 5,000 per quarter for Q3 and Q4 2020/21 for the HA's non-domestic occupations (retail and welfare premises, single operator ,markets and factories). | • |
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| October 20 | | | | |
| October 27 | • | • | • | • |
| November 2 | • | • | Announced that a mortgage principal moratorium plan for a further 6 months can be provided to mortgage loans for the Subsidized Sale Flats Scheme (SSFS) to support SSFS flat mortgagors with short term liquidity problems. | • |
| November 3 | • | • | • | • |
| November 10 | • | • | • | • |

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| Included France and Russia as specified places under the Prevention and Control of Disease (Regulation of Cross-boundary Conveyances and Travellers) Regulation (Cap. 599H) starting from October 26, 2020. |
| Announced the relaxation of several social distancing measures on October 23, 2020, including relaxing the maximum number of people allowed at wedding ceremonies from 20 to 50 (at which no food or drink is served), and the maximum number of people in a room or partitioned area at a meeting (including a listed company's shareholders 'meeting, at which no food or drink is served) from 20 to 50. Local group tours with no more than 30 people (including travel agents' staff and participants) are also granted conditional exemption under the group gathering restrictions. Other social distancing measures currently in force would largely be maintained until October 30, 2020. |
| Announced the maintenance of social distancing measures currently in force until November 5, 2020. Included Belgium as a specified place under the Prevention and Control of Disease (Regulation of Cross-boundary Conveyances and Travellers) Regulation (cap. 599H) starting from November 3, 2020. |
| • |
| Announced that, in view of global developments and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Government would gazette legal specifications for Prevention and Control of Disease to include Turkey as a specified place from November 13. Announced maintenance of social distancing measures currently in place, with the measures taking effect at 0.00am on November 6 for seven days until November 12. |
| [Education Bureau] Distributed test kits to over 100 schools, providing school staff with one-time free testing. |

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| Announced extension of social distancing measures currently in place, with the measures taking effect at 0.00am on November 13 for seven days until |
| November 19. The scope of the measures include catering businesses and scheduled premises, group gatherings, and mask-wearing requirements. |
| Announced launch of "LeaveHomeSafe" COVID-19 exposure notification mobile app. The app aims to encourage the public in keeping more precise records of their whereabouts, helping to minimize risks of further transmission of the virus. The app would be available for public download from November 16. |
| Announced the introduction of "Return2hk—Travel Scheme for Hong Kong Residents returning from Guangdong Province or Macao without being subject to quarantine, effective from November 23. A key condition is that the persons must have not have been to places other than Hong Kong, Guangdong Province or Macao in the 14 days prior to returning to Hong Kong. |
| Introduced mandatory testing for high-risk groups, starting November 15. The new regulation also allows doctors in private practice to issue a notice to any patient suspected of being infected with the virus for compulsory testing. Announced tightening of social distancing measures, effective November 16–26, in view of the increasing number of confirmed cases. |
| Announced that the University Grants Committee (UGC) would allocate HKD 50 million to the eight UGC-funded universities to strengthen their student support services in response to the challenges arising from the COVID-19 pandemic. The universities would take forward various supporting initiatives covering the areas of psychological counselling, mental well- being and career planning and development, as well as physical fitness and healthy lifestyles, to address the different needs of students. |
| • Announced tightening of testing and isolation arrangements for consular and diplomatic officers exempted from quarantine requirements on arrival in Hong Kong from November 18. Among the measures: for consular and diplomatic officers who have visited very high risk places during the 14 days prior to arrival in Hong Kong, except Consul Generals or representatives in HKSAR at equivalent level, all other consular and diplomatic officers must be subject to self-isolation for 14 days at an accommodation arranged by their respective organizations. |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| November 18 | • | • | • | • | Announced strengthening of legal framework for pandemic control measures. The amendments to relevant laws would enhance the legal framework for the Government to promulgate relevant measures later, including those aimed at restricting group gatherings and strengthening infection prevention and control in hotels/guesthouses. |
| November 19 | • | • | • | • | Announced that, in view of global developments and severity of the COVID- 19 pandemic, the Government would gazette legal specifications for Prevention and Control of Disease to include Ecuador and Germany as specified places starting from November 28. |
| November 21 | • | • | | • | Announced further tightening of social distancing measures, with the latest directions taking effect at 0.00am on November 22. In particular: live performances and dancing are to be disallowed on any catering premises (including bars or pubs) as well as clubs or nightclubs; and premises (commonly known as party rooms) that are maintained or intended to be maintained for hire for holding social gatherings must be closed. Announced deferment of inaugural flights under the Hong Kong-Singapore Air Travel Bubble (ATB) for two weeks. Announced tightening of testing and isolation arrangements for air crew members and other exempted persons who are exempted from quarantine requirements upon arriving Hong Kong – with effect from November 22. |
| November 24 | | | | | Announced that the Leisure and Cultural Services Department (LCSD) would implement further anti-epidemic measures at performance venues from November 30. If performers are unable to wear masks during a performance with a live audience, they will be required to take a Government- recognized COVID-19 test 72 hours before their performance, and can only participate in the performance after obtaining a negative test result. Announced that all catering businesses and scheduled premises will have to apply for the "Leave Home Safe" QR code starting November 26 and before December 3, and to display the QR code within their premises starting 2 days after receiving them. Announced further tightening of social distancing measures, including measures for: catering premises and scheduled premises; group gatherings; and mask- wearing requirements. Among the measures: the number of people participating in any one banquet in catering premises will be limited to 40; and apart from catering premises, live performances |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment and dancing must not be allowed in meeting rooms or function rooms of clubhouse. |
| November 27 | • | • | • | • | Announced that registered doctors are empowered to require symptomatic patients to undergo compulsory testing within two days after their doctors' written direction, effective on November 28 for 14 days. |
| November 29 | • | • | • | • | Suspended face-to-face classes and school activities at all kindergartens, as well as primary and secondary schools (including special schools and schools offering non-local curriculum) starting from December 2 until the beginning of school Christmas holidays, in light of the worsening COVID-19 situation. Private schools offering non-formal curricula (commonly known as "tutorial schools") will suspend face-to-face classes for two weeks. |
| November 30 | • | | | | Announced further tightening of social distancing measures, with rules applying to: catering and scheduled premises; mask wearing requirements, and group gatherings. Among the measures: the fourperson cap on public groups and dining in at eateries would be cut to two people starting December 2. Restrictions on eateries would also be tightened, with no dine-in services provided at restaurants after 10 p.m.; all civil servants will work from home apart from emergency and essential public services for two weeks starting December 2; entertainment venues including amusement game centers, karaoke venues, mahjong parlors, and swimming pools would be closed; gym centers, beauty parlors, massage establishments and sports premises can remain open with strict disease prevention measures. Activities must not be conducted with more than two people, and everyone has to wear masks at all times. Announced that the Government would gazette legal specifications for Prevention and Control of Disease to include Romania as a specified place starting from December 7. |
| December 1 | • | • | • | • | Announced that, in view of recent developments with regard to the COVID-19 epidemic in Hong Kong, the governments of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR) and Singapore had decided to defer the commencement of the Hong Kong-Singapore Air Travel Bubble (ATB) to beyond 2020, and would review the arrangement for 2021 toward late- December. |
| December 4 | • | • | • | • | Announced the opening of five more COVID-19 testing centers, to add to the existing nine, which would continue to operate. |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| December 7 | • | • | [The Construction Industry Council] Launched a HKD 120 million relief fund to | • | Announced that the fixed penalties for breaching the requirements under the relevant regulations on disease prevention and control would be increased from HKD 2,000 to HKD 5,000, with effect from December 11, 2000, with the government having gazetted the needed regulatory amendments. Allocated an additional 500 beds for travellers returning from overseas for the |
| | | | offer SMEs in the construction industry a one-off subsidy. It was estimated that about 6,000 eligible SME contractors and registered subcontractors would receive the subsidy, capped at HKD 20,000 each, to support their expenditure on rent, management fees, and equipment. | | Christmas holidays at a community treatment center at the exhibition venue, the Asia World-Expo. |
| December 8 | | | | | Announced further tightening of social distancing measures with effect from December 10, 2020 for a period of 14 days to December 23, 2020, and an extension of the expiry dates of various regulations under the Prevention and Control of Disease Ordinance (Cap. 599) to March 31, 2021. The announcement contained details of the latest rules on: catering premises; banquet arrangements; continued closure of bars and pubs; scheduled premises; closure of certain places; usage of clubhouses and hotels or guesthouse; group gatherings; and mask-wearing requirements. Announced that inbound air travelers would be transported to designated hotels to undergo a 14-day quarantine and would be required to take an additional COVID-19 test five days after completing the quarantine. |
| December 10 | • | • Announced that the Government would soon roll out the fourth round of measures under the Anti-epidemic Fund, with proposals submitted to the Legislative Council for enactment within the month. | • | • | Announced that given the global developments and severity of the COVID- 19 pandemic situation, the Government would gazette specifications under relevant legislation to include Ukraine as a specified place starting from December 17, 2020 to more effectively combat the pandemic. |
| December 11 | | • | | • | Clinched deals for 15 million COVID-19 vaccine shots, with the first batch arriving in January 2021. An advance agreement would see Sinovac and partners BioNTech and Pfizer provide 7.5 million doses each for city residents, while a deal with AstraZeneca was in the works. Announced that the Government would implement a new measure with effect from 0.00am on December 22, 2020, mandating all returnees from countries outside China to undergo 14-day compulsory quarantine at designated quarantine hotels. As a start, thirty-six hotels would provide 12,000 rooms in total. Announced that the Government would gazette legal specifications, which during a period of 14 days from December 11–25, |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment | |
| | | | | | 2020, would continue to empower a registered medical practitioner to require any person whom he clinically suspected to have had contracted COVID-19 to undergo a test. Announced that, aside from those providing emergency and essential public services, all government employees would continue to work from home until December 23, 2020. | |
| December 12 • | | • | • | • | Announced that five new community testing centers would gradually open from the following week onward, taking the total number of community testing centers to 19, with the total daily testing volume exceeding 20,000 tests. | |
| December 13 | | • | • | | Announced three updates on arrangements for the measure that required all travellers arriving in Hong Kong from countries outside China to be accommodated at designated quarantine hotels, with effect from 0.00am, December 22, 2020: (i) Designated quarantine hotels, which could complete relevant preparatory work to start operating earlier, to be effective from December 18, 2020; (ii) The Government would, starting from 18 December, arrange designated transportation to send travellers from the airport and the Holding Centre for Test Result to the 36 designated quarantine hotels; (iii) Travellers arriving in Hong Kong on December 21, 2020 should reserve hotel bookings at a designated quarantine hotel before departure; otherwise, they would not be allowed to board the flight. | |
| December 16 • | | • | • | • | Announced that the government would provide one-off free COVID-19 testing service to all foreign domestic helpers (FDHs) in Hong Kong from December 18, 2020 to January 31, 2021, with bookings for the relevant service starting from December 17, 2020 onward. | |
| December 17 • | | Announced that the Government would inject HKD 6.4 billion into the Anti-epidemic Fund supporting industries hit hard by the pandemic, pending approval from the Legislative Council. HKD 5.5 billion would be used to roll out 19 different subsidy schemes. | • | • | • | |
| December 18 • | | • | • | • | Announced that, given the global developments and severity of the COVID-19 pandemic situation, the Government would gazette specifications under relevant legislation to include Canada as a specified place starting from December 25, 2020, to more effectively combat the pandemic. Announced that the government had gazetted a compulsory testing notice, which required persons arriving in Hong Kong after a specified date to undergo a COVID- | |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | | | 19 nucleic acid test on the 19th or 20th day following their arrival at Hong Kong, for early identification of imported cases. |
| December 21 | | | | | Announced that special work arrangements for government employees would be extended until January 6, 2021. Except for those involved in the provision of emergency services and essential public services, all other government employees would continue to work from home. Announced the banning of flights from the United Kingdom starting December 22, 2020, and persons who have stayed for two hours or more in the United Kingdom in the past 14 days would be barred from boarding flights headed to Hong Kong. People who have already arrived in Hong Kong from the United Kingdom will be required to undergo quarantine for 21 days. [The Education Bureau (EDB)] Announced that all kindergartens as well as primary and secondary schools (including special schools and schools offering non-local curriculum) would further suspend face-to-face classes and school activities after their scheduled Christmas holidays until January 10, 2021. Private schools offering non-formal curriculum would also suspend face-to-face classes and school activities. Announced extension of social distancing measures under the Prevention and Control of Disease Ordinance, with the measures taking effect on December 24, 2020, for 14 days until January 6, 2021. |
| December 22 | • | • | • | • | [The Social Welfare Department (SWD)] Announced the launch of the Time-limited Program on Enhancing Infection Control and Ventilation of Residential Care Homes, to help around 1100 residential care homes for the elderly and residential care homes for persons with disabilities, to enhance their infection control and improve their ventilation with a view to minimizing the risks of virus spreading in residential care homes. |
| December 23 | • | • | • [The Education Bureau] Announced the provision of a one-off subsidy to all kindergartens, kindergarten and child care centers, and schools with kindergarten classes joining the kindergarten education scheme, to support home learning. | • | Published the Prevention and Control of Disease (Use of Vaccines) Regulation in the Gazette, providing the legal framework to bring in COVID-19 vaccines which satisfy the criteria of safety, efficacy, and quality for emergency use. The Regulation would remain in effect until December 23, 2021. |
| December 24 | • | • [The Home Affairs Bureau (HAB)] Announced that since arts groups had been hard hit by the closure of performance venues of the Leisure and Cultural Services Department (LCSD), as a result of the fourth wave of the COVID-19 pandemic, the HAB would deploy its own resources to provide an additional subsidy of HKD 80,000 per arts group to the 44 arts groups funded by the Hong Kong Arts | • | • | • |

| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Development Council (HKADC), 14 venue partners (VPs) under the LCSD, and 41 Arts Capacity Development Funding Scheme (ACDFS) grantees. | Private Sector | Regulatory Fordearance | |
| | | | | | Announced adjustments to legislations to tighten compulsory quarantine requirements for persons arriving at Hong Kong who had stayed in places outside China, and restrict the boarding of persons who has stayed in South Africa for Hong Kong: All persons arriving at Hong Kong who had stayed in places outside China on the day of arrival at Hong Kong or during the 21 days before that day were to undergo compulsory quarantine for 21 days in designated quarantine hotels; All persons who had stayed in South Africa, apart from the UK as announced earlier, for more than two hours in the past 21 days, would not be allowed to board for Hong Kong; and To impose an updated compulsory testing requirements for persons who arrived at Hong Kong and had stayed in the UK, as well as persons subject to compulsory quarantine who arrived at Hong Kong and had stayed in the remaining places outside China. Apart from the requirement to undergo testing at the community testing centers or designated quarantine hotels on the 19th or 20th day following arrival at Hong Kong, the relevant persons have to stay at their place of residence, private premises or the place of quarantine specified on the quarantine order until the test result became available. |
| January 3, 2021 | • | • | • | • | Announced the set-up of a website to facilitate public downloading of their own electronic testing records through the COVID-19 Electronic Testing Record System. |
| | • | • | • | • | Announced maintenance of the social distancing measures currently in place, taking effect on January 7, 2021, for 14 days until January 20, 2021. |
| January 5 | • | • | [Innovation & Technology Commission] Announced a funding increase from HKD 1.5 billion to HKD 1.9 billion for the Distance Business Programme under the Anti-epidemic Fund to support adoption of information technology solutions for enterprises to continue business and services during the COVID-19 pandemic. | • | Announced that the Hospital Authority (HA) Central Command Committee had endorsed the recommendations of the Central Committee on Infectious Disease and Emergency Response to enhance infection control measures for patients attending day care centers and receiving day services. The measures include: having regular patients be tested weekly; avoiding meal provision; for cases where food provision cannot be avoided, to have snacks provided alongside other infection control measures such as separation of patients by partitions or curtains, maintaining social distancing of at least one |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment meter, unidirectional seating, and requiring no talking while eating or drinking. | |
| January 7 | • | • | • | • | Announced maintenance of measures to restrict persons who have stayed in the United Kingdom or South Africa from boarding flights for Hong Kong, as well as the tightened 21-day compulsory quarantine requirement for persons arriving in Hong Kong who have stayed in places outside China. | |
| January 15 | • | • | • | • | Announced cancellation of 2021 Lunar New Year Fireworks Display and Lantern Carnivals. | |
| January 18 | • | | • | • | [The University Grants Committee (UGC) and Research Grants Council (RGC)] Announced the allocation of another one-off funding of HKD 100 million under the Collaborative Research Fund (CRF) to support the UGC-funded sector in conducting more collaborative research projects related to COVID-19 and other novel infectious diseases. This announcement follows the additional funding of HKD 250 million in May 2020 under the CRF and the Theme-based Research Scheme to support the UGC-funded sector in conducting research related to the same diseases. Announced the list of designated quarantine hotels for the second cycle. A total of 36 hotels would provide about 10,000 rooms in the new cycle, with the contract period lasting from February 20–April 20, 2021. | |
| January 19 | • | • | • | • | Announced extension of special work arrangements for government employees until January 27, 2021. Save for those involved in the provision of emergency services and essential public services and in anti-epidemic efforts, all other government employees would continue to work from home. Announced the government's decision to reduce the scale of selling New Year flowers and potted plants at the 15 sites designated for the Lunar New Year fairs, with crowd control and stringent infection control measures. | |
| January 20 | • | • | • | • | Announced that the government would gazette legislative specifications to restrict persons who had stayed in Brazil or Ireland from boarding flights to Hong Kong. Announced maintenance of social distancing measures currently in place, with directions and specifications taking effect on January 21, 2021 for seven days until January 27, 2021. Announced the completion of the temporary hospital. | |
| January 23 | • | • | • | • | Announced maintenance of flight boarding restrictions for places with severe epidemic | |

| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
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| | | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Fordearance | situations and compulsory quarantine arrangements. |
| January 25 | • | • | • | • | Authorized the COVID-19 vaccine by Fosun Pharma/BioNTech for emergency use in Hong Kong. |
| January 26 | • | • | • | • | Announced maintenance of social distancing measures currently in place, with the directions and specifications taking effect on January 28, 2021 for seven days until February 3, 2021. Announced resumption of some government basic public services from January 28, 2021, in addition to the continued provision of emergency and essential public services. |
| January 27 | • | • | • | • | Announced that, in light of the global development and the severity of the COVID-19 epidemic, the Government would include Switzerland and the United Arab Emirates as very high-risk Group B specified places, effective from February 2, 2021, to more effectively combat the epidemic. |
| February 1 | • | • | • | • | Announced strengthening of testing measures to include any buildings that recorded one COVID-19 case with an unknown infection source, or buildings where sewage samples tested positive into the compulsory testing notice. |
| February 3 | • | • | • | • | Announced maintenance of social distancing measures currently in place, taking effect on February 4, 2021, for 14 days until February 17, 2021. Announced that kindergartens, primary, secondary and tutorial schools can arrange students' return to campuses on a half-day basis after their Lunar New Year holidays, with the number of students capped at one-third of the total. |
| February 5 | • | • | • | • | Announced tightening of testing and isolation arrangements—with effect from February 20, 2021—for exempted persons, including air crew members, sea crew members of goods vessels entering Hong Kong for cargo operations, and other exempted persons. |
| February 10 | • | • | • | • | Announced government departments' full resumption of normal public services from February 18, 2021. The government announced that from March 1, 2021, its employees and members of the public will be required to use the LeaveHomeSafe mobile app and scan QR codes before entering government buildings or offices |
| February 17 | • | • | • | • | Announced easing of some of the social distancing measures for catering businesses and scheduled premises in a gradual and orderly manner, including allowing some of the previously closed premises (including amusement game centers, fitness centers, places of public |

| February 18 • <td< th=""><th>Date</th><th></th><th></th><th>Measure</th><th></th><th></th></td<> | Date | | | Measure | | |
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| February 18 • <td< th=""><th></th><th>Monetary Policy/Operations</th><th>Fiscal Policy</th><th>Private Sector</th><th>Regulatory Forbearance</th><th></th></td<> | | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| February 23 • <th< td=""><td>Edward 0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>premises and clubhouses) to reopen, and allowing dine-in services at restaurants to be extended to 10 p.m. from February 18, 2021. Catering businesses and scheduled premises will have to comply with two additional requirements, including having all staff tested every 14 days and using the LeaveHomeSafe mobile app for record keeping.</td></th<> | Edward 0 | | | | | premises and clubhouses) to reopen, and allowing dine-in services at restaurants to be extended to 10 p.m. from February 18, 2021. Catering businesses and scheduled premises will have to comply with two additional requirements, including having all staff tested every 14 days and using the LeaveHomeSafe mobile app for record keeping. |
| February 24 • • Announced the 2021/22 Hong Kong Budget plan to stimulate economic recovery, including that cuts, rate concessions and one-off relifer messures (elemona to construct to the SQLE incomption subsidied drainage repair works in over 30,000 do buildings | | • | • | • | • | wide COVID-19 Vaccination Programme, with information provided on priority groups, channels of vaccination, and |
| | February 23 | • | • | • | • | 19 Vaccination Programme, which will start taking online bookings from February 23, 2021 from members of the public who are in the priority groups to receive the Sinovac vaccine from February 26, 2021. Updated that private doctors who participate in the Vaccination Programme could be expected to start providing the administration of Sinovac vaccine to the public before mid-March. With the Fosun Pharma/BioNTech vaccine arriving by end-February, more CVCs would gradually |
| Budget plan to stimulate economic recovery, including tax cuts, rate concessions and one-off relief measures (electronic consumption vouchers); the plan has also earmarked HKD 1 billion to subsidize drainage repair works in over 3,000 old buildings in order to reduce the risk of COVID-19 infections via sewage systems. Hereif measures to help businesses. Relief measures include reduction in profit tax, rates concession and the enhancement to the Special 100% Loan Guarantee of the SME Financing Guarantee of the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme for enterprises who have suffered at least a 30 percent decline in sales turnover. The maximum amount of loan per enterprise will be increased from HKD 5 million to HKD 6 million, or the total amount of employee wages and rents for 12 months to that for 18 months, whichever is lower. The maximum repayment period of the guarantee donas will be increased | | • | • | • | • | Announced relaxation of the number of persons allowed in group gatherings in public places from two to four from February 24, 2021, and extension of expiry dates of relevant regulations to September |
| | February 24 | | Budget plan to stimulate economic recovery, including tax cuts, rate concessions and one-off relief measures (electronic consumption vouchers); the plan has also earmarked HKD 1 billion to subsidize drainage repair works in over 3,000 old buildings in order to reduce the risk of COVID-19 infections via sewage | relief measures to help businesses ride out the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, benefiting around 128,000 businesses. Relief measures include reduction in profit tax, rates concession and the enhancement to the Special 100% Loan Guarantee of the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme for enterprises who have suffered at least a 30 percent decline in sales turnover. The maximum amount of loan per enterprise will be increased from HKD 5 million to HKD 6 million, or the total amount of employee wages and rents for 12 months to that for 18 months, whichever is lower. The maximum repayment period of the guaranteed loans will be increased | | |
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| Date | Manadam Dali (O ii | Final D. " | Measure | Demilator 5 1 |
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| February 00 | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| February 20, 2020 | Lowered policy rates by 25 basis points. | • | • | • |
| February 25 | • | Announced a package worth IDR 10.3 trillion (0.1 percent of GDP) to provide staple needs and mortgage subsidies for low-income families, as well as fiscal incentives for travel-related industries. | • | • |
| March 2 | Lowered foreign exchange reserve requirements for commercial banks from 8 to 4 percent, effective March 16, 2020, which will increase foreign exchange liquidity in the banking sector by around USD 3.2 billion. Lowered IDR reserve requirements by 50 basis points for banks financing export- import activity in coordination with the government. Effective from April 1, 2020 for a period of 9 months. Optimized intervention strategy in the DNDF, spot and SBN markets, in order to minimize the risk of increasing IDR volatility. | • | Expanded the range of underlying transactions available to foreign investors in order to provide alternative hedging instruments against rupiah holdings. | • |
| March 13 | • | Announced a fiscal package worth IDR 22.9 trillion, or about 0.2 percent of GDP, to provide workers/employees in the manufacturing sector with income tax breaks and 19 manufacturing industries with corporate income tax relief (of 30 percent) and deferred import tax payment for the next 6 months. | • | Allowed listed companies to buy back the shares up to 20 percent of their paid-up capital without a prior shareholders' meeting in an effort to ease market volatility. Eased rules governing loan restructuring for SMEs to allow banks to restructure loans regardless of credit ceiling limits; SMEs would be eligible for loans of up to 10 billion rupiah (USD 655,000) if they ha good credit history and have the capacity pay back the loan. |
| March 18 | • | Announced a re-allocation of non-urgent budget spending, worth of IDR27 trillion (about 0.2 percent of GDP) to fund the healthcare system. | • | • |
| March 19 | Lowered policy rates by another 25 basis points. Expanded the easing of daily IDR reserve requirements for banks involved in SME financing. Utilized foreign exchange term deposits to manage interbank foreign exchange liquidity more optimally, and expanded its use by lowering USD reserve requirements. Continued to strengthen triple intervention in spot exchange rates, DNDFs and bond markets. | • | • | • |
| | Extended repos of government bonds up to 12 months and intensify operations on a daily basis. Increased frequency of exchange rate swaps for 1-month, 3-month, 6-month, 12-month tenors on a daily basis. Allowed the usage of domestic Vostro accounts as underlying for domestic NDF market. | | | |

Contributor: Nguyen Thi Kim Cuc (<u>thikimcuc.nguyen@amro-asia.org</u>) Updated February 28, 2021

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| March 31 | Granted BI the authority to disburse sharia short-term liquidity loans or financing for systemic or non-systemic banks that face liquidity problems. BI is also allowed to give special liquidity loans to systemic banks that face liquidity issues but are not eligible for sharia short-term liquidity loans. Allowed systemic banks to request special liquidity loans from BI in the event that that still face liquidity problems after receiving the short-term loans. The central bank would then coordinate with the Financial Services Authority (OJK) to hold Financial System Stability Committee (KSSK) meetings to decide whether the special loans will be granted. | Issued a regulation in lieu of law (Perppu 01/2020) with the following key decisions (i) relax the budget deficit limit of 3 percent of GDP until the end of 2022; (ii) grant the government with authority to issue bonds to deal with the COVID-19 pandemic; and (iii) allow BI to purchase bonds in the primary market. The proceeds from the bond sales are to be used by the government for national economic recovery, including to ensure the sustainability of the state's financial management, to provide loans and capital injection for the Deposit Insurance Corporation [LPS] and to finance bank restructuring during the crisis Announced a fiscal package worth of IDR 405.1 trillion (2.5 percent of GDP) to provide additional support to the healthcare sector (of 0.7 percent of GDP), social protection (of 0.7 percent of GDP), including cash transfers and preemployment training, and support to workers and businesses affected by the COVID-19 outbreak (of about 1.3 percent of 2019 GDP in total), including a reduction in corporate income tax rate from 25 | | | | |
| April 6 | • | percent to 22 percent in 2020. Announced plans to issue IDR 450 trillion worth of "pandemic bonds" with the option to sell directly to the central bank, to support recovery efforts from the COVID-19 outbreak. | • | • | | |
| April 7 | Announced a repo line with the US Federal Reserve, of up to USD 60 billion. | • | • | • | | |
| April 14 | Lowered the rupiah RRR by 200 basis points for conventional banks and by 50 basis points for sharia banks, to 3.5 percent for both types of banks, effective from May 2020. The lowering of the RRR is expected to provide banks with additional liquidity of about IDR 102 trillion. Raised the Macroprudential Liquidity Buffer Ratio, which is essentially the secondary reserve requirement, by exactly the same size as the reduction in the RRR (i.e., 200 basis points for conventional banks and 50 basis points for sharia banks) and asked banks to fill the increased buffer via purchasing government bonds in the primary market, which will help finance the budget deficit. Banks are allowed to use those bonds in repo transactions with BI in case of liquidity needs. Lifted the RR-related macroprudential requirement linked to the Loan to Funding ratio for one year, to boost bank intermediation. This increase is estimated to provide additional IDR15.8 trillion to the | | | | | |
| April 17 | system. | Announced expansion of tax incentives | • | • | | |

| Containment |
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| Announced a national public health |
| emergency, imposing large-scale social |
| restrictions on health quarantines. |
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| ſ | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | corporate tax instalments and the | | |
| | | suspension of import taxes) to cover 11 | | |
| | | more sectors, such as food, trade, | | |
| | | telecommunication, mining, tourism and | | |
| | | transportation, forestry, logistics, | | |
| | | construction, and oil and gas. | | |
| April 20 | • | • | Lowered credit card interest rate to 2.0 | • |
| | | | percent per month from the current 2.25 | |
| | | | percent and reduced minimum credit card | |
| | | | payment amount from 10 to 5 percent of | |
| | | | total outstanding credit. Lowered late | |
| | | | payment penalty from the current 3 percent | |
| | | | of the outstanding amount or a maximum | |
| | | | IDR 150,000 to 1 percent or a maximum of | |
| | | | IDR 100,000. The relaxation will take effect | |
| | | | starting on May 1, 2020 until December 31, | |
| | | | 2020. | |
| April 21 | • | • [BI] Started purchasing government bonds | • | • |
| | | directly from the primary market, | | |
| | | announcing it would do so only as last | | |
| | | resort, and would purchase not more than | | |
| | | 25 percent of a conventional bond auction | | |
| | | amount, and 30 percent of a sharia bond | | |
| April 20 | | auction amount. | | |
| April 29 | • | Announced exemption of micro small and modium enterprises (MSMEs) with en | • | • |
| | | medium enterprises (MSMEs) with an annual turnover of less than IDR 4.8 billion | | |
| | | from income tax payments between April– | | |
| | | September 2020. | | |
| May 11 | • | Issued Government Regulation (PP) No. | • | • |
| May 11 | | 23/2020 on the National Economic | | - |
| | | Recovery Programme, which stipulates | | |
| | | state capital injections, government | | |
| | | investment and state guarantees, as well | | |
| | | as fund placements in certain banks to | | |
| | | support MSMEs. The PP also allows the | | |
| | | government to provide loan interest | | |
| | | subsidies for MSMEs using state funds. | | |
| | | The program is an expansion of the | | |
| | | incentives in the stimulus packages issued | | |
| | | in February and March 2020, with an | | |
| | | additional amount of IDR 152 trillion (or | | |
| | | about 0.9 percent of GDP) allocated to | | |
| | | State capital injections into SOEs, as well | | |
| | | as accelerated compensation payments to | | |
| | | electricity firm PLN and energy firm | | |
| | | Pertamina. | | |
| May 19 | Left policy rates unchanged to maintain | • | • | • |
| | exchange rate stability amid global financial | | | |
| | market uncertainty, and committed to | | | |
| | continue providing liquidity support to the | | | |
| | financial system, in sync with the | | | |
| | implementation of the National Economic | | | |
| May 20 | Recovery program. | | | |
| May 26 | • | • | • | • |
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| May 28 | • | | • | Announced that the implementation of |

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| | • Banned the traditional Ramadan exodus (or "mudik") at the end of Muslim fasting month in May 2020 to contain the COVID-19 spread. The mudik ban is effective from April 24–June 1, 2020. |
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| | Issued health decree on "Guidelines for the Prevention and Control of COVID-19 in Office and Industrial Workplaces in Support of Business Sustainability in Pandemic Situations" to prepare businesses for adhering to health protocols while resuming economic activity in the "new normal." |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | | | which include the calculation of risk weighted assets (RWA) for operational, credit and market risks, and credit valuation adjustment (CVA) will be postponed to January 1, 2023. |
| June 3 | • | Increased the total size of fiscal packages to IDR 677 trillion (4.3 percent of GDP), underpinned by expanded social assistance. | • | • |
| June 5 | • | • | • | • |
| June 16 | • | Increased the total size of fiscal packages to IDR 695 trillion (4.4 percent of GDP), with additional support for the public sector and SMEs. | • | • |
| June 18 | Lowered key policy rate, the 7-day reverse repurchase rate, by 25 basis points to 4.25 percent. Announced payment to banks with interest (of 1.5 percent per annum) on required reserves (3 percent of deposits, out of a total 3.5 percent RRR) from August. | • | • | • |
| June 24 | • | Placed state funds worth IDR 30 trillion (or about 0.2 percent of GDP) at four state- owned banks to provide soft loans to SMEs. The lending rate will be at 80 percent of the central bank's benchmark rate, which stood at 4.25 percent as of June. | • | • |
| June 26 | • | Launched an IDR 400 billion ultra micro financing scheme (UMi) to help sustain Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs). | • | • |
| July 3 | • | Assigned state-owned credit insurer Jaminan Kredit Indonesia (Jamkrindo) and state-owned insurer Asuransi Kredit Indonesia (Askrindo) to provide guarantees for banks to channel loans to MSMEs. | • | • |
| July 7 | Announced a burden sharing agreement in which Bank Indonesia (BI) will support the financing of fiscal packages and share the interest costs with the Ministry of Finance. Most notably, a one-off issuance of bonds worth of IDR 398 trillion (2.5 percent of GDP) will be privately placed at BI and the funds will be used to finance COVID-19 related healthcare spending, social assistance, and sectoral and regional support. The bonds will carry a coupon equal to the three-month reverse repo rates; BI, meanwhile, will fully absorb the interest cost for the government. For the remaining financing needs raised via the normal market (auction) mechanism, BI will be the buyer as a last resort with maximum purchase threshold of 25 percent for conventional bond auctions. BI, meanwhile, will share part of the interest costs of those bonds related to the packages that support MSMEs and other corporates (of up to IDR 177 trillion in total). | | | |

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| | Started gradual relaxation of social restrictions in Jakarta. |
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| | • Extended Jakarta's transitional period from July 3 to July 17. All activities hence to remain at 50 percent of their normal capacity. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| July 13 | • | • | Assigned the Deposit Insurance Corporation (LPS) a bigger role in supervising cash-strapped banks, aimed at beefing up safeguards to limit the risk of the COVID-19 pandemic causing a financial crisis. In particular, LPS is allowed to assist the Financial Services Authority (OJK) in supervising banks under OJK's "intensive supervision." LPS is allowed to inject cash into such banks to help the lenders handle liquidity or solvency problems. It also allows LPS to raise cash through using its holdings of government bonds in repurchase transactions with the central bank, outright sale of such bonds to the central bank, issuing its own rupiah or foreign currency bonds or, if necessary, borrow from the government. | • | |
| July 16 | • Lowered key policy rate, the 7-day reverse repurchase rate, by 25 basis points, to 4.0 percent. | • | • | • | |
| July 17 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 20 | • | Announced an extension of tax incentives for businesses affected by the pandemic from the initial 6 months (April-September 2020) to 9 months (April–December 2020). Those tax incentives include income tax breaks for both employees and employers in a number of sectors, and a discount on corporate tax instalments. | • | • | |
| July 27 | • | Placed state funds worth IDR 11.5 trillion (0.1 percent of GDP) at a number of regional development banks in the capital Jakarta and the provinces of West Java, Central Java, East Java, and North Sulawesi for extension of loans to businesses and provincial governments to support economic recovery amid the pandemic. Began selling bonds directly to the central bank via private placement with a total amount of IDR 398 trillion under the BI- IMOF burden sharing agreement. | • | • | |
| July 29 | • | Launched an IDR 100 trillion (0.6 percent of GDP) loan guarantee scheme targeting businesses in priority sectors as part of effort to help companies stay afloat during the COVID-19 pandemic. The program will offer guarantees for working capital loans of between IDR 10 billion to IDR 1 trillion for a period of up to a year to help businesses with their cash flows. A guarantee for up to 80 percent of loans is provided to companies in priority sectors such as tourism, automotive, textile and garment, and electronics. Companies eligible for this program are those affected by the pandemic employing at least 300 people and seen as having potential to support the country's economic growth. | • | | |

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| Containment |
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| • Extended Jakarta's transitional period from July 17 to July 30. All activities hence to remain at 50 percent of their normal capacity. |
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| Date | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| July 30 | • | • | • | • |
| July 31 | • | • | • | • |
| August 3 | • | Waived minimum monthly electricity fees for businesses, industries, and public services, from July to December. Launched a Productive Social Assistance Program to disburse IDR 22 trillion (0.1 percent of GDP) in cash transfers and working capital loans for micro, small and medium enterprises (MSMEs). The government would provide IDR 2.4 million for 9.16 million MSMEs. Launched a Wage Subsidy Program with a budget of IDR 37.8 trillion (0.2 percent of GDP) to provide wage subsidies for 15.7 million private workers and non-civil servants workers, with income below IDR 5 million. Prospective recipients will obtain monthly assistance of IDR 600,000 for four months, or IDR 2.4 million in total. | • | • |
| August 13 | • | Hontris, of IDK 2.4 minion in total. | • | • |
| August 14 | | Submitted to the Parliament the 2021 budget proposal that commits to continuing support to economic recovery from the pandemic. In particular, it is proposed that the 2021 budget expenditure remain elevated at IDR 2,747.5 trillion (about 15.5 percent of GDP) of which: about IDR 25.4 trillion (0.2 percent of GDP) has been proposed for COVID-19 vaccine development and other related healthcare spending; about IDR 414 trillion (2.3 percent of GDP) are targeted at infrastructure development; and IDR 357 trillion (2 percent of GDP) are allocated to the National Economic Recovery Program in 2021. On the revenue side, proposed tax incentives would amount to IDR 20.4 trillion (0.1 percent of GDP). The 2021 budget deficit is projected at IDR 971 trillion, or about 5.5 percent of GDP. | • | • |
| August 19 | Kept the key policy rate, the 7-day reverse repo rate (BI7DRR) rate, unchanged at 4.00 percent. Removed loan down payment requirements (of currently 5–10 percent) for purchases of environmentally-friendly motor vehicles, for lenders/banks with low non-performing ratio levels, effective from October. | • | • | • |
| August 27 | • | •. | • | • |

| Containment |
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| Extended Jakarta's transitional period from |
| July 30 to August 13. All activities hence to |
| remain at 50 percent of their normal |
| capacity. |
| Re-opened Bali to domestic tourism. |
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| • Extended Jakarta's transitional period of |
| from August 13 to August 27. All activities |
| hence remain at 50 percent of their normal |
| capacity. |
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| Extended Jakarta's transitional period from |
| August 27 to September 10. All activities |
| hence remain at 50 percent of their normal |
| capacity. |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| September 14 | • | • | • | • | |
| September 17 | Kept key policy rate, the 7-day reverse reporate (BI7DRR), unchanged at 4.00 percent. Extended the application of a lower RRR by 50 basis points to banks providing loans to SMEs, export-import activity, and priority sectors, by six months to June 2021. | • | • | • | |
| September 25 | • | • | • | • | |
| September 29 | • | [The Parliament] Approved the government's proposed budget spending of IDR 2,750 trillion, or about 16.5 percent of GDP, for 2021, with a fiscal deficit forecast of 5.7 percent of GDP. The 2021 budget is slightly higher than the IDR 2,739 trillion budget for this year. | • | • | |
| October 5 | • | • | Approved the Omnibus Law on Job Creation, which is expected to enhance the business climate, improve ease of doing business, and address labor market rigidities. | • | |
| October 12 | • | • | • | • | |
| October 13 | • Kept key policy rate, the 7-day reverse reportate (BI7DRR), unchanged at 4.00 percent. | • | • | • | |
| October 23 | • | • | • | • Extended the timeline for banks to restructure loans under the relaxed criteria by one more year, from March 30, 2021 to March 30, 2022. | |
| November 9 | • | • | • | • | |
| November 19 | • Cut key policy rate, the 7-day reverse reporate (BI7DRR), by 25 basis points to 3.75 percent. | • | • | • | |
| November 24 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 16 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 17 | Kept key policy rate, the 7-day reverse reporate (BI7DRR) rate, unchanged at 3.75 percent. Committed to continuing accommodative monetary and macroprudential policies to support economic recovery while maintaining stability. Maintained exchange rate stabilization policy in line with rupiah fundamentals and market mechanisms, while further deepening the money market. | • | Encouraged banks to lower their lending rates, as credit growth remained weak against the backdrop of depressed loan demand and banks' increased risk aversion. | • | |

| | Containment |
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| | Re-tightened the large-scale social |
| | restrictions (PSBBs) in Jakarta, albeit to a |
| | less stringent extent, until September 25. |
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| | Extended the re-tightened large-scale |
| | social movements (PSBBs) in Jakarta by |
| | two more weeks, to October 9. |
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| | Relaxed the re-tightened large-scale social |
| | movements (PSBBs) in Jakarta back to a |
| | transitional period, with activities resuming |
| | at 50 percent of their normal capacity. |
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|)21 to | |
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| | Extended the transitional period of PSBBs |
| | in Jakarta until November 22, with activities |
| | remaining at 50 percent of their normal |
| | capacity. |
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| | Extended the transitional period of PSBBs |
| | in Jakarta until December 6, with activities |
| | remaining at 50 percent of their normal |
| | capacity. |
| | Announced that free COVID-19 vaccines |
| | will be given to all citizens. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| December 18 | • | Announced relocation of unused stimulus funds for 2020 to paying for mass vaccinations in 2021. | • | • |
| December 22 | • | • | • | • |
| December 28 | • | • | • | • |
| December 29 | • | Increased the ceiling for the microcredit program (KUR) for 2021 to IDR 253 trillion from the previously agreed ceiling of IDR 220 trillion, in response to the enthusiasm of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises (MSMEs) for the program and hopes of MSME recovery. An additional KUR interest subsidy of 3 percent would also be provided for 6 months in 2021. | • | • |
| December 31 | • | • | • | • |
| January 5, 2021 | • | Extended the electricity tariff subsidy/discount program until March 2021. The program grants a 100 percent discount for homes and businesses within the 450 volt-ampere (VA) category and a 50 percent discount for homes within the 900 VA subsidised category, the two lowest power categories under regulations. | • | • |
| | • | Disbursed a total of IDR 37.1 trillion (about 0.2 percent of GDP) in state capital injections to four State-owned enterprises (SOEs) and two state agencies, as part of (non-MSME) corporate support in the IDR 695 trillion fiscal packages rolled out in 2020. | • | • |
| January 11 | | • | | |

| Containment |
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| • |
| Extended the transitional period of PSBBs in Jakarta until January 3, 2021, with activities remaining at 50 percent of their normal capacity. Reshuffled the Cabinet with new Health Minister appointed in a bid to strengthen responses to the COVID-19 pandemic. |
| Imposed a temporary ban on all foreigners visiting the country between January 1–14, in a bid to stem the spread of new COVID- 19 strains through Indonesia. |
| • |
| • Announced that COVID-19 vaccines would be distributed in stages, starting with medical personnel (1.3 million people), public servants (17.4 million), senior citizens (21.5 million) and finally the general public. |
| • |
| • |
| Imposed tighter COVID-19 movement restrictions in a number of cities and regencies in Java and Bali islands from January 11–25, 2021 to curb infections and lower the fatality rate. The measures comprise restrictions on working in offices by implementing as much as 75 percent work-from-home, while applying stringent health protocols. All teaching and learning activities would be conducted entirely online. Shopping centers and malls would be allowed to operate until 7 p.m. local time. Restaurants are allowed to open with a maximum space capacity of 25 percent for dine-in, while takeaways or delivery orders are permitted. Places of worship are allowed to open but restricted to only 50 percent of their capacity and should |

| Date | | | Measure | |
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| Dato | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| January 11 | • | • | • | • |
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| January 13 | • | • | • | • |
| January 21 | Kept key policy rate, the 7-day reverse repo rate (BI7DRR) rate, unchanged at 3.75 percent. Committed to maintain an accommodative monetary and macroprudential policy stance, as well as to continue the purchase of government bonds in the primary market, as a stand-by buyer, to fund the government budget in 2021, to support economic recovery amid still lacklustre domestic demand and loan contraction. Determined the JISDOR by using actual transaction data between 9 a.m. and 4 p.m. (currently 8 a.m. to 9:45 a.m.), a move to deepen financial markets, effective from April 2021. | • | • | • |
| January 25 | • | • | • | • |
| January 26 | • | Raised the budget for the National Economic Recovery program in 2021 from IDR 372.3 trillion (about 2.4 percent of GDP) to IDR 553.09 trillion (about 3.5 percent of GDP), to cover increased healthcare spending related to the vaccination costs—announced by President "Jokowi" to be free for everyone—and increased social assistance. The fiscal deficit was, meanwhile, estimated to remain unchanged at 5.7 percent of GDP. | • | • |
| February 8 | • | • | • | • |
| February 9 | • | • Increased the size of the stimulus package in 2021 to IDR 688.3 trillion (4.4 percent of GDP) to cover increased healthcare spending on the free vaccination drive and social assistance. | • | • |

| Containment |
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| implement strict health protocols. Public facilities and social, as well cultural activities, stand suspended. The capacity and operating hours of transportation modes are regulated. Essential sectors related to basic needs and construction activities are, meanwhile, permitted to fully operate by regulating operating hours and capacities, and applying strict health protocols. Approved CoronaVac developed by China's Sinovac Biotech for emergency use. Started massive vaccination program, targeting to vaccinate 1.5 million healthcare workers and 17.4 million public officers in the first stage, followed by senior citizens and the general population. The ultimate aim is to vaccinate up to 181 million Indonesians, accounting to 70 percent of the total population, to reach herd immunity, over the next 15 months. |
| • |
| • Completed the production of four million doses of COVID-19 vaccine (from the vaccine bulk material provided by Sinovac) that will be ready for distribution in February 2021. |
| • Extended the restrictions on the movement of people in Java and Bali islands by another fortnight from January 26–February 8, 2021. |
| Authorized the use of Sinovac's CoronaVac for the elderly. |
| • Enforced micro-scale restrictions on community activities (micro-PPKM) from February 9 to 22, 2021, with some restrictions on working at office and dining- in at restaurants relaxed from previously 25 |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | Provided 100 percent discount for luxury goods sale tax for cars with engine sizes of less than 1,500 cc between March and June 2021; 50 percent discount for cars purchased between July and August 2021; and 25 percent discount for purchases in September to November 2021. | | | percent of normal capacity to 50 percent. The scope of those restrictions meanwhile has been extended to districts, cities, villages, and sub-districts. |
| February 17 | • | • | • | • | • Launched the second round of mass vaccinations for public service workers and the elderly, aiming to vaccinate up to 38.5 million people by end-June 2021. |
| February 18 | Cut key policy rate—the 7-day reverse reporate (BI7DRR)—by 25 basis points to 3.50 percent. Relaxed macroprudential regulations related to car/motorbike and property loans. In particular, the zero percent downpayment will be extended to all types of automotive loans (instead of only green automotive loans previously); the 100 percent loan to value ratio will be applied to all types of property loans, effective from March 1 to December 31, 2021. | | • | • | • |
| February 23 | • | Increased further the size of the stimulus package in 2021 to IDR 699.4 trillion (4.5 percent of GDP). The stimulus measures are focused in five areas: health, social protection, priority programs, business incentives, and support for MSMEs and corporate financing. | • | • | • Extended the micro-PPKM until March 8, 2021. |
| | • | • | • | • | • |



| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| February 13, 2020 | • | Introduced the first package amounting to JPY 15.3 billion (0.003 percent of GDP), combined with a JPY 500 billion (0.1 percent of GDP) off-budget line of credit for SMEs, focusing on limiting infections by strengthening the quarantine system and medical support, and including limited measures to support business activity. | • | • | | |
| March 10 | • | Introduced the second package at JPY 431 billion (0.08 percent of GDP) to support business activity and compensate workers for earnings lost during the period of government-requested self-containment. Added a JPY 1.6 trillion (0.3 percent of GDP) off-budget line of credit using the policy banks, while offering interest-free and unsecured loans for all SMEs affected by COVID-19. | • | • | | |
| March 16 | Doubled the upper limit to purchase ETFs and J-REITs to about JPY 12 trillion and about JPY 180 billion each. Increased the upper limit to purchase CP and corporate bonds by JPY 2 trillion in total to about JPY 3.2 trillion and about JPY 4.2 trillion, each. Provided US dollar liquidity using the USD funds-supplying operations in coordination with other AE central banks (BOC, BOE, ECB, Fed, and SNB): the BOJ made public to lower the loan rate by 0.25 percent and offer USD weekly with an 84-day maturity, in addition to the existing 1-week maturity operations. Introduced the Special Funds-Supplying Operations to facilitate corporate debt as collateral) at zero interest rate with maturity up to 1-year. | | • | • | | |
| March 20 | Announced increase in the frequency of 7- day maturity operations from weekly to daily to further enhance the US dollar liquidity provision. The weekly 84-day maturity operations will be continued. | • | • | • | | |
| April 7 | • | • Announced a JPY 108.2 trillion-sized (19.5 percent of GDP) economic stimulus package to support the economy from the pandemic. | • | • | | |
| April 16 | • | • | • | • | | |
| April 20 | • | Announced the approval of a FY2020 supplementary budget of JPY 25.6 trillion (4.6 percent of GDP) by the Cabinet, including the universal cash payout of JPY 100,000 to all individuals, which increased the total size of the economic stimulus package to JPY 117 trillion (21.1 percent of GDP) from JPY 108.2 trillion. | • | • | | |

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| Containment |
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| • |
| Declared a state of emergency for Tokyo, Osaka, and five other prefectures (Chiba, Kanagawa, Saitama, Hyogo, and Fukuoka), effective through May 6, 2020. |
| Announced the extension of the state of emergency, applicable to the designated prefectures, to the entire nation, effective through May 6, 2020. |
| • |

| Date | | | Measure | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| April 27 | Announced increase in purchases of CP and corporate bonds by significantly increasing the maximum amount of additional purchases to about JPY 20 trillion in total (previously JPY 7.4 trillion). Announced active purchase of JGBs and T- bills to maintain stability in the bond market and stabilize the entire yield curve at a low level. The upper limit for JGB purchases (previously JPY 80 trillion at annual pace) is abolished. Strengthened the Special Funds-Supplying operations by: (1) broadening the range of eligible collateral to private debt in general; (2) increasing the number of eligible counterparts; and (3) applying a positive 0.1 percent to the BOJ's current account balances held by financial institutions that correspond to the amounts outstanding of loans through this operation | | •. | |
| May 4 | • | • | • | • |
| May 14 | • | • | • | • |
| May 21 | • | • | • | • |
| May 22 | Introduced a new lending program to support financing, mainly of SMEs, of about JPY 30 trillion, which increases the total size of the BOJ's Special Programme to support corporate financing to about JPY 75 trillion (13.5 percent of GDP). Extended the duration of the BOJ's Special Funds-Supplying operations by 6 months until the end of March 2021. | • | • | • |
| May 25 | • | • | • | • |
| May 27 | • | Announced the second economic stimulus package of JPY 117 trillion (21.1 percent of GDP). Announced the approval of the second FY2020 supplementary budget of JPY 31.9 trillion (5.8 percent of GDP) by the Cabinet. | • | • |
| June 16 | • Strengthened the special lending program to further support corporate financing, which increases the total size (including commercial paper and corporate bond purchases) from JPY 75 trillion to JPY 110 trillion. | • | • | • |
| June 19 | • | • | • | • |

| Containment |
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| • |
| Extended the nationwide state of emergency to May 31, 2020. |
| Lifted the state of emergency for 39 of the country's 47 prefectures, excluding urban regions such as Tokyo and Osaka. |
| Lifted the state of emergency for Osaka, Kyoto and Hyogo, excluding the remaining five prefectures – Tokyo, Chiba, Kanagawa, Saitama and Hokkaido |
| • |
| Announced lifting of the state of emergency for the entire country |
| • |
| • |
| Lifted domestic travel restrictions across prefectural borders. Allowed up to a maximum 1,000 people at concerts, exhibitions, and some other indoor and outdoor events. Allowed night clubs, bars and other businesses in night entertainment districts to reopen on the condition that they comply with industry guidelines for preventing the spread of the virus. |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|----------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| July 10 | • | • | • | • | | |
| July 31 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 5 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 29 | • | • Announced extension of a special measure under the government's employment adjustment subsidy plan by three months, until the end-December 2020. | • | • | | |
| September 8 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 16 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 18 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 19 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 25 | • | • | • | • | | |
| October 6 | • | • | • | • | | |
| October 30 | • | • | • | • | | |
| November 10 | Introduced a special deposit facility to enhance the resilience of the regional financial system, under which the BOJ will pay 0.1 percent interest on current account balances held by regional lenders that meet certain criteria, including mergers or business integration, temporarily for three years (FY2020–2022). | • | • | • | | |
| November 17 | • | • | • | • | | |

| Containment |
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| Relaxed the guidance for spectators at concerts and other events to a maximum of 5,000 people from the previous 1,000, as long as the number of spectators is restricted to 50 percent of capacity |
| [Okinawa prefecture] Announced state of emergency will be in place from August 1– 15, following a recent resurgence in new infection cases. |
| [Aichi prefecture] Announced that state of emergency will be in place from August 6– 24 as infections in Nagoya and its vicinity surged. |
| • |
| Eased travel restrictions for long-term residents from Cambodia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, and Myanmar. |
| Lifted early closure requirements for restaurants and karaoke parlors in 23 wards in Tokyo. |
| Eased travel restrictions for short-term business people from Singapore without requiring a 14-day self-isolation period, if certain conditions are met. |
| Relaxed limits on audience size for public events to 5,000 people, while keeping the 50 percent attendance cap. |
| • Agreed with Singapore and Brunei to reopen borders to newly arriving expatriates and other long-term residents from September 30 and October 8, respectively. |
| Agreed with Korea to resume short- and long-term business travel from October 8, 2020 after suspension due to the COVID- 19 pandemic. |
| • Lowered travel alerts for infectious diseases for Australia, Korea, Singapore, Thailand, Taiwan, China, New Zealand, Brunei and Vietnam from Level 3 to Level 2 on a scale of 1–4, but requesting that citizens avoid nonessential trips. |
| • |
| • [Hokkaido prefecture] Announced official raising of the alert level in Sapporo, asking the city's residents to avoid non-essential outings and refrain from visiting other areas in the prefecture amid a surge in COVID-19 cases. |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|-----------------|--|--|----------------|------------------------|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| November 19 | • | •. | • | • | [Tokyo Metropolitan Government] Raised the virus alert to the highest on its four-tier scale amid a surge in COVID-19 cases. |
| November 24 | • | • | • | • | Agreed with China to start allowing mutual business trips without needing to observe a 14-day quarantine period, before the end of the month. Announced exclusion of Sapporo and Osaka from the "Go-to-Travel" campaign subsidy for 3 weeks, owing to a recent resurgence in COVID-19 cases in both areas. |
| December 2 | • | • | • | • | Enacted law to cover the vaccination costs for residents against the COVID-19 virus. The House of Councillors unanimously passed a bill to revise the current vaccination law after Prime Minister Suga pledged to secure COVID-19 vaccines for all the country's 126 million residents in H1 2021. |
| December 3 | • | • | • | • | [Osaka prefecture] Signaled a "red light" over the local COVID-19 situation and asked residents to avoid going out for non- essential reasons from December 4–15, 2020. |
| December 14 | • | • | • | • | Announced suspension of the "Go-to- Travel" campaign from December 28, 2020–January 11, 2021 amid a resurgence in COVID-19 cases. |
| December 18 | • Decided to extend the duration of the BOJ's Special Program, consisting of additional purchases of CPs and corporate bonds, and special funds-supplying operations, to support corporate financing in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, by six months through September 2021. | • | • | • | • |
| December 19 | • | • | • | • | [Kansai region, incl. Shiga, Kyoto, Osaka, Hyogo, Nara, Wakayama, Tottori and Tokushima prefectures] Announced a state of emergency for the New Year period, advising the cancellation of year-end parties and new-year celebration gatherings. |
| December 21 | • | Announced the approval of a record FY2021 draft budget of JPY 106.61 trillion, including contingency funds of JPY 5 trillion, to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. | • | • | • |
| December 23 | • | • | • | • | Announced the tightening of border controls on arrivals from the United Kingdom from December 24, 2020, requiring virus tests within 72 hours before departure amid the spread of a new variant of the COVID-19. |
| December 26 | • | • | • | • | Announced bans on entries from all countries to prevent the spread of a new variant of the COVID-19, effective from December 28, 2020 through the end of January 2021. |
| January 7, 2021 | • | • | • | • | Declared a renewed state of emergency for Tokyo and adjacent prefectures (Chiba, |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
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| January 13 | • | • | • | • | | |
| January 15 | • | Announced use of JPY 741.8 billion in reserve funds for FY2020, to increase subsidies for restaurants and bars cutting business hours following the state of emergency. | • | • | | |
| January 28 | • | Approved the third supplementary budget for FY2020, totaling JPY 19.2 trillion, to strengthen measures to combat the COVID-19 pandemic. | • | • | | |
| February 3 | • | • | • | • | | |
| February 9 | • | Approved disbursement of JPY 1.14 trillion from reserve funds for FY2020, mainly to increase subsidies for COVID-19-hit sectors. The funding includes JPY 880.2 billion to be given to local municipalities so that they can offer financial aid of up to 60,000 yen per day in state subsidies to restaurants and bars that comply with requests to close early. | • | • | | |
| February 26 | • | • | • | • | | |
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| Containment |
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| Kanagawa, and Saitama), effective through February 7, 2021. |
| Expanded the state of emergency to Osaka, Kyoto, Hyogo, Aichi, Gifu, Tochigi, and Fukuoka, making the order effective in 11 of 47 prefectures. |
| • |
| • |
| Extended the state of emergency for Tokyo and 10 prefectures including Osaka, Aichi and Fukuoka by 1 month, to March 7. |
| |
| Announced to lift a state of emergency in 6 prefectures, including Osaka, Hyogo, Kyoto, Aichi, Gifu and Fukuoka starting March 1, ahead of its scheduled end on March 7. |
| • |



| Date | | | Measure | |
|------------------|--|---|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| February 7, 2020 | • | Extended KRW 1.9 trillion of new loans to SMEs through policy banks. Announced new financing support to export-import SMEs having problems with purchase order payments or delivery of goods due to Hubei lockdown. | Extended maturity of existing loans and guarantees for SME borrowers of policy banks. Extended new loans with lower interest rates or special guarantees to small merchants and self-employed business owners affected by COVID-19. | • |
| February 11 | • | • | Introduced loan deferment programs for 6 months for financially vulnerable individuals affected by the outbreak. | • |
| February 21 | • | • | • | • |
| February 23 | • | • | • | • |
| February 28 | • | Announced KRW 20 trillion of economic stimulus package composing KRW 4 trillion of financial to SMEs, local governments and medical care (which had already been implemented), KRW 7 trillion of financial and tax support, and KRW 9 trillion of loan, guarantee and investment. | • | • |
| March 13 | • | • | Implemented 6-month ban on stock short- selling in KOPSI, KOSDAQ and KONEX markets. | • |
| March 17 | Implemented 50 basis point policy rate cut. Implemented 25-50 basis point cut for interest rate on the Bank Intermediated Lending Support Facility to incentivize banks to lend to SME borrowers. Expanded collateral in open market operations. | • | • | • |
| March 18 | • | Announced KRW 11.7 trillion Supplementary budget. Announced emergency financing for specific sectors including airlines, public bus, maritime transport, tourism and exports. | • | Eased cap on foreign exchange forward positions. |
| March 20 | Purchased KRW 1.5 trillion in government bonds to stabilize markets. | • | • | • |
| March 22 | • | • | • | • |
| March 23 | • | [Financial regulators and banks] agreed on following measures: Banks to provide funding to SMEs and small merchants through extra-low interest loans (1.5 percent). Banks to provide SMEs and small merchants with information about appropriate financing products. Banks to provide active assistance to the regional credit guarantee institutions that are receiving and reviewing applications. Credit guarantee institutions to closely cooperate with banks in ensuring prompt delivery of necessary funding to SMEs and small merchants. Banks to refrain from collecting debt from businesses that are facing temporary | • | • |

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| | Containment |
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| | • |
| | Declared Daegu and Chengdo "Special Management Zones." |
| | Raised the alert level to red. |
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| rd | • |
| | • |
| | Put in place strict social distancing measures, including postponing school opening, and closure of religious and entertainment facilities |
| | Raised the alert level to red. |

| Date | | | Measure | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | difficulties due to the COVID-19 outbreak. Banks to contribute to the bond market stabilization fund and actively cooperate to raise the fund when deemed necessary afterwards. Banks will actively cooperate to promptly launch a stock market stabilization fund. | | |
| March 24 | • | Provided KRW 58.3 trillion in financial support to SMEs, small merchants, middle market enterprises and large companies. Set up bond market stabilization fund amounting KRW 10 trillion (+ KRW 10 trillion, if needed). Financed KRW 4.1 trillion to corporate bond issuance through primary collateralized bond obligations Provided KRW 5 trillion of liquidity to securities companies (KRW 2.5 trillion for stock finance loans and KRW 2.5 trillion through BOK's repo transactions. Provided KRW 2 trillion for refinancing support to corporate commercial paper and electronic short-term bonds. Set up KRW 10.7 trillion of stock market stabilization fund. | • | • |
| March 26 | Conducted weekly regular RP purchase facility with an unlimited amount of liquidity supplied—interest rates are set based on market demand for three months starting in April 2020. | • | • | Increased foreign exchange trading limit from 40 percent to 50 percent for local banks and from 200 percent to 250 percent for foreign bank branches in Korea. Temporarily lifted the levy on financial institutions' non-deposit foreign exchange liabilities from April–June 2020, as well are expanded installment payment plans for payments that are due in 2020. Lowered foreign exchange liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) to 70 percent from a percent until May 2020. |
| March 30 | • | • Expanded social security contribution relief by offering 3-month payment deferrals and 30 percent contribution cuts. | • | • |
| March 31 | • Conducted the first round of competitive US dollar loan facility auctions using proceeds of swap transactions with the US Federal Reserve. | • | • | • |
| April 1 | • | Implemented guidelines for the loan extension of principal payments and the deferment of interest payments for the SMEs and small merchants hit by COVID- 19. | • | • |
| April 4 | • | • | • | • |
| April 8 | • | Announced the purchase of KRW 2 trillion of debt of delinquent small businesses. Frontloaded government investment worth more than KRW 3.3 trillion in H1 2020 and temporarily relaxed the procurement rule. Gave an 80 percent tax deduction for dining out and accommodations costs, and spending on leisure activities. Gave a corporate tax deduction for the purchases of goods in H1 2020 for the | • | • |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | goods that will be used in H2, and a one percent of tax deduction for the prepayment. Gave a tax loss carry forward and offered early tax returns in August 2020. | | |
| | | Gave a three month income tax deferral for small businesses. | | |
| April 9 | | Supported childcare leave as schools and daycare centers are temporarily closed. Childcare leave is increased to 10 days from 5 days, and financial support was increased to KRW 500,000 from KRW. Around 120,000 parents were expected to get this support. Gave financial support to businesses hard hit by social distancing such as retailers, sport industries and fresh food suppliers—increased special loans to KRW 50 billion for sport industries and provided one-year repayment deferral for general loans. Supported storage cost support for meat and seafood suppliers in the face of plummeting demand. Gave tax cut and financial support to businesses hit hard by social distancing such as retailers and airlines 30 percent cut in traffic generating charges imposed on large retailers. 25 percent cut in road and river occupancy taxes charged to businesses. | | |
| April 10 | • | • | • | Lowered the ratio of collateral required for guaranteeing net settlements to 50 percent from regular 70 percent. Broadened the eligible collateral for guaranteeing net settlements to include bonds issued by nine public institutions a bank debentures. |
| April 14 | • | • | • | Broadened the range of securities eligible for OMO transactions to expand liquidity supply channels. In addition to government bonds and government-guaranteed bond debentures issued by three specialized banks (the Korea Development Bank, the Industrial Bank of Korea, and the Export- Import Bank of Korea) and MBSs issued the Korea Housing Finance Corporation be included as securities eligible for outright transactions. Broadened securities eligible for RP transactions and eligible collateral to include bonds issued by the Korea Depo Insurance Corporation (non-government guaranteed deposit insurance fund speci account bonds). |
| April 16 | • Launched a new lending scheme, called the Corporate Bond-backed Lending Facility, to provide loans to banks and non- bank financial institutions comprising securities companies and insurance companies. Credit ceiling is KRW 10 trillion | Proposed the second package of supplementary budget amounting to KRW 7.6 trillion. This package will be spent on subsidies for households' living expenses. | • | • |

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| ble ty nds, d the vrt- ed by n will | • |
| oosit nt ecial | Extended a period of social distancing measures. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations with a term of three months. BOK will accept high-quality corporate bonds with | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | AA- credit rating or above as collateral. The facility will be available for six months. | | | | |
| April 17 | | | | Announced temporary reduction of foreign currency liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) to 70 percent from 80 percent and total LCR to 85 percent from 100 percent Announced temporary relaxation of regulated loan-to-deposit ratio applied to self-employed business owners and small merchants. Announced lifting of net stable funding rat applied to Korean Development Bank give that the bank issued bonds to support the government's emergency support program Eased liquidity ratio requirement applied to saving banks. Eased loan-to-deposit ratio applied to saving banks and mutual finance companies. Allowed insurance companies to participar in the bond market stabilization fund and the stock market stabilization fund and eased liquidity regulations for the insurers that join the funds. | |
| April 19 | • | • | • | • | |
| April 22 | • Provided an additional KRW 75 trillion of liquidity injection to companies, including financial support to small business, and purchase of low-rated bonds, commercial papers and short-term corporate debt. | Provided wage subsidies for small business and enterprises, emergency relief for working adults who are not entitled to unemployment insurance, public jobs for low income and young adults and job training programs. | • | • | |
| April 23 | Purchased primary collateralized bond obligations (P-CBOs) and outstanding corporate bonds issued by shipping companies. | Gave tariff and VAT deferrals to car buyers and ordered the public sector to buy 8,700 cars with 70 percent down payments. Provided liquidity injections to low cost carriers and cut airport charges until August 2020. Provided tax deferrals to oil refining companies. | • | • | |
| April 27 | • | Proposed an increase in a size of the second supplementary budget from KRW 7.6 trillion in the original proposal to KRW 14.3 trillion. | • | • | |
| April 30 | • | Approved the second supplementary budget amounting to KRW 12.2 trillion. | • | • | |
| May 14 | Increased the ceiling on the Bank Intermediated Lending Support Facility by KRW 5 trillion won, from KRW 30 trillion to KRW 35 trillion. | • | • | • | |
| May 20 | • | Set up a special purpose vehicle (SPV) to purchase lower-rated corporate bonds and commercial paper. The size of the SPV is set at KRW10 trillion (0.5 percent of GDP) of which KRW 8 trillion will be funded by the BOK and KRW 2 trillion will be funded | • | • | |

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| of foreign LCR) to otal LCR | • |
| of plied to nd small | |
| nding ratio Bank given oport the program. applied to ring | |
| ed to | |
| participate Ind and d and insurers | |
| | Relaxed certain social distancing rules such as allowing churches and some retail stores to open, and allowing spectator-less sports matches. |
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| | Reopened schools on a gradual basis by starting with senior high-school students. |

| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Measure Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | by Korea Development Bank's capital and | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| Mari 00 | | issuance of subordinated loans. | | | |
| May 28 | Implemented 25 basis point policy rate cut. | Announced guarantee fund of KRW 500 billion (0.03 percent of GDP) to provide more loans to auto parts firms. | • | • | |
| May 29 | • | • | • | • | |
| June 3 | | Announced economic policies for the second-half of 2020 aimed at overcoming the COVID-19 crisis and preparing for the post COVID-19 world. Six policy objectives were set to achieve the goals: (i) helping the economy withstand the crisis, by maintaining expansionary fiscal policy and supporting small merchants; (ii) stimulating economic recovery through cash vouchers to promote consumption, and tax deduction for corporate investment; (iii) strengthening risk management through strengthening disease prevention and ensuring adequate FX liquidity management by financial institutions; (iv) developing future growth engines, such as bolstering the digital economy and green technology; (v) pursuing economic restructuring, by promoting investment in venture and startups; and (vi) strengthening the social safety net. | | • | |
| June 15 | • | • | Launched corporate asset purchase program, amounting to KRW 2 trillion (0.1 percent of GDP); the program will be administered by state-run Korea Asset Management Corp. (KAMCO) to help private companies sell assets amid stretched liquidity. | • | |
| June 19 | • | • | Announced KRW 5 trillion (0.3 percent of GDP) in loans to support domestic parts suppliers to the country's top-tier conglomerates. The support program will start in July 2020. The targeted companies are SMEs that are in supply chains of automotive, airplane, steel and ship production. Announced additional KRW 2 trillion (0.1 percent of GDP) assistance to small- and medium-sized vehicle component manufacturers. The financial assistance includes loans, guarantees and maturity extension. | • | |
| June 29 | • | • | Extended a temporary cut in consumption tax on passenger car purchases by another six months to boost consumption and support the auto industry. The 30 percent cut in the tax rate reduced consumption tax on passenger cars to 3.5 percent. The measure, which was to end on June 30, was extended to December 31, 2020. | • | |

| Containment |
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| • |
| Reinforced some tight social distancing measures, such as a closure of public parks and museums. |
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| Announced three levels of social distancing measures, depending on the severity of the COVID-19 outbreak. Level 1 social distancing is implemented when the number of virus cases is manageable by the medical system. Level 2 distancing measures are implemented if daily infections exceed 50 for 14 straight days but remain below |

| Date | Measure | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | | Announced temporary reduction in value- added tax paid by small merchants. A small merchant with sales of KRW 40 million or less between July and December 2020 will be eligible for the tax benefit. | |
| July 2 | Announced use foreign exchange reserves to directly purchase foreign-currency bonds held by local financial firms. | • | • | Announced extension of the relief loan program for small businesses while normalizing regulations—the governme will review the possibility of extending the loan terms and deferring interest payme schedules for small businesses, while considering normalizing financial regulations such as LCR and NSFR. |
| July 3 | • | Approved the third supplementary budget of KRW 35.1 trillion (1.83 percent of GDP), intended primarily to provide financial support to SMEs and key industries, support the labor market and prepare for recovery under the Korean New Deal initiative. | • | • |
| July 9 | • | • | Announced KRW 5 trillion of loans for materials, parts and equipment industries to ensure stable supplies for exports. Announced KRW 2 trillion of loans for three major industries, including system semiconductor, biotech and future mobility sectors. Announced plans to provide tax benefits and secure KRW 110 billion worth of venture capital funds to support SMEs that develop future technologies. Provided KRW 150 billion of financial aid to local firms producing parts and materials products. | • |
| July 16 | Kept the base rate unchanged at 0.5 percent. | • | • | • |
| July 27 | • | • | • | • |
| July 29 | • | • | • Extended foreign worker permits because of travel restrictions and labor shortage in farmlands. | • |
| July 30 | • Extended the USD 60 billion currency swap deal for six more months to the end of March 2021. | • | • | • |
| August 13 | • | • | • Extended the job-retention program for companies in the aviation and tourism industries, as well as other "special protection" categories for another two months. Wage subsidies were rolled out in March to support companies against layoffs. | • |

| ent the ient | Containment 100 cases. All private and public indoor meetings of 50 or more and outdoor meetings of over 100 will be banned. - Level 3 measures are implemented if daily infections far exceed 100 cases. All meetings of 10 people or more will be banned and all students will be prohibited from going to school. |
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| | Imposed additional rules on travel to and from countries experiencing active COVID- 19 outbreaks. Passengers from Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Uzbekistan, Bangladesh and the Philippines have to be tested twice within two weeks of their arrival. They are also required to provide a certificate of being COVID-19-negative issued within 48 hours of their flight's departure. |
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| Date | | | Measure | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| August 16 | • | • | • | • | Raised social distancing in Seoul and its neighboring areas by one notch, to Level 2, for two weeks. |
| August 20 | • | • | • | • | • Temporarily halted the discount coupon program aimed at promoting domestic travel in light of the resurgence of COVID- 19 clusters. The program may be resumed after the virus outbreak is under control. |
| August 23 | • | • | • | • | Raised nationwide social distancing to Level 2. |
| August 25 | • | • | • | • | Resumed online classes for schools and kindergartens in Seoul, Incheon and Gyeonggi Province until September 11. |
| August 27 | Kept the base unchanged rate at 0.5 percent | • | • | Extended lower LCR requirements for banks to end-March 2021, from initial deadline of end-September 2020. | • |
| August 31 | • | • | • | | Retained social distancing requirements at Level 2. Restaurants and bakeries in the greater Seoul area can operate until 9 p.m., and only takeaways and deliveries will be permitted from 9 p.m. to 5 a.m For franchise coffee chains, only takeaways or deliveries will be permitted regardless of operating hours. Indoor sports facilities, such as fitness centers and billiard halls, are also advised to suspend their operations, while toughened virus prevention measures are also enforced at cram schools and elderly care centers. These measures are altogether perceived as the social distancing restriction Level 2.5. |
| September 7 | • | • | • | • | • Extended the strengthened social distancing guidelines in Seoul, Gyeonggi Province and Incheon. Besides regulations under the guidelines, eat-in services at franchise bakeries and ice cream shops are prohibited. |
| September 14 | • | • | • | • | • Eased the level of social distancing restrictions Level 2 rules from Level 2.5 measures implemented for the past two weeks. Franchise coffee chains, bakeries and ice cream parlors were previously permitted to offer only takeaways and deliveries. Those facilities are now permitted to operate normally, but they must strictly manage entry logs of customers and maintain other sanitation measures. A ban on operations is also lifted for midsize cram schools and indoor sports facilities under strict quarantine steps. |
| September 15 | • | Announced additional KRW 2.5 trillion of lending support through preferential credit loans and expanded P-CBO issuance available to SMEs, small merchants, and virus-slackening sectors | • | • | • |
| September 21 | • | • | • | • | Allowed all schools in Seoul and its adjacent cities to resume in-person classes. |
| September 23 | • | Approved the fourth supplementary budget worth KRW 7.81 trillion (0.4 percent of | • | Announced additional KRW 1.5 trillion of special guarantees for SMEs suffering from | 1 |

| Date | Measure | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | GDP). The supplementary budget targets vulnerable groups whose livelihoods have been disrupted by COVID-19, including self-employed workers, sole proprietors and freelancers. | | pandemic-induced economic downturn. The special guarantee program run by t Korea Credit Guarantee Fund will offer same level of benefits as the first round support—up to 95 percent guarantee products with discounted fee rates (0.3 percent, maximum 1.0 percent) for up to KRW 300 million—and provide an expedited application review process to ensure swift provision of support. |
| September 28 | • | • | • | • |
| September 29 | • | • | [Seoul city government] Offered zero- interest loans to small businesses hit by the COVID-19 pandemic | • |
| October 12 | | | | |
| October 14 | Kept the base rate unchanged at 0.5 percent. | • | • | • |
| October 29 | • Extended a special loan scheme for financial institutions by three months, until February 2021, to help financial institutions stem a possible funding squeeze. | • | • | • |
| November 17 | • Lowered the maximum interest rate to 20 percent from 24 percent to alleviate the burden on low-income households. | • | • | • |
| November 24 | • | • | • | • |
| November 26 | Kept the policy rate at 0.5 percent. | • | • | • |
| December 8 | • | • | Deployed three more vessels on the route to the United States and leased containers to ease shipping woes from soaring cargo rates and shortage of carriers amid the pandemic, until the end of January 2021. To lessen the impact of fee hikes on shipping companies and exports, about KRW 7 billion worth of vouchers will be handed out to small- and mid-sized logistics firms. Available load on ships will be increased by 1,400 twenty-foot equivalent unit (TEU) until the end of | • |

| | Containment |
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| | Implemented an enhanced social distancing scheme for upcoming mid- Autumn and Hangeul holidays to curb the nationwide spread. |
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| | Eased social distancing measures to Level 1: Operations of 10 kinds of high-risk facilities, such as karaoke centers, gyms, buffets and large cram schools with more than 300 registered students are allowed; antivirus measures, such as wearing face masks and keeping entry logs, must still be followed. Audiences of up to 30 percent of stadium capacity are allowed at sports matches, such as the professional soccer and baseball leagues. In-person worship services at churches are allowed in the greater Seoul area, but the participants may only be admitted up to 30 percent of seating capacity. Catering services and small group gatherings at churches remain banned. |
| | • |
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| | • Tightened social distancing measures in Seoul Metropolitan area to Level 2 out of 3 levels after a sustained rise in new daily cases of COVID-19 infections. |
| | Raised distancing regulations in Seoul, Incheon, and Gyeonggi Province to the level 2.5. Meanwhile, areas other than greater Seoul will apply the Level 2 social distancing scheme. Under Level 2.5: Gatherings with 50 or more people are prohibited, while door-to-door sales businesses, karaoke rooms, indoor fitness facilities and indoor concert venues that offer standing shows will be forced to close, in addition to nightclubs and bars that allow dancing. |

| Date | | | Measure | |
|------------------|--|---|--|------------------------|
| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| | | | January 2021. Those who increase the volume of exports to the United States and Southeast Asia by 10 percent year-over- year will eligible for incentives and a 15 percent discount on the use of ports for the next six months. Others who deploy more ships will be able to enjoy a discount on entrance fees. | |
| December 17 | • Agreed with the US Federal Reserve to push back the deadline of the USD 60 billon currency swap, originally set for March 31, 2021, by another six months to September 30, 2021. | • | • | • |
| December 23 | • | • | • | • |
| January 13, 2021 | | • Announced plan to hire more than 45 percent of new employees in public institutions in H1 2021 as the country seeks to prop up the job market hard hit by the pandemic. | • | • |
| January 15 | Kept the policy rate at 0.5 percent. | • | • | • |
| January 18 | • | • | • | • |
| January 20 | • | • | Provided nearly KRW 500 trillion in policy financing to merchants and businesses hard hit by the pandemic and a series of projects to be launched under the New Deal initiative. The exact amount is set to be KRW 494.8 trillion in policy financing this year, up KRW 16 trillion from 2020. Of this amount, the government plans to provide KRW 302 trillion in funds to smaller merchants and companies that are struggling to cope with the economic fallout from the COVID-19 pandemic. State-run banks and credit guarantee funds will inject more than KRW 17.5 trillion into New Deal projects. KRW 101.6 trillion in policy financing will be provided to the non- memory chip, bio-health and next- generation vehicle sectors. | • |
| January 25 | • | • | • | • |
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| Containment |
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| Restaurants cannot receive customers after 9 p.m. but can offer take-away and delivery. Cafes are only allowed to serve take-away at all times. Movie theaters, internet cafes, private academies, study halls, amusement parks, beauty salons, barber shops, large grocery stores, and department stores cannot operate past 9 p.m. The city's public transportation service is reduced by 30 percent, while public |
| transportation, such as KTX bullet trains and express buses, are advised to fill only half of their capacities. Sports events are allowed but without spectators, while religious services are only available online or via broadcasts. In- person religious activities, if needed, are permitted with 20 or less participants. |
| Extended special advisory recommending against traveling overseas for another month. The advisory calls for Koreans not to go abroad unless the trip is essential and for those staying outside of the country to take extra precautions. Banned gatherings of five or more people |
| Banned gatherings of live or more people in the greater Seoul area. |
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| Resumed normal business at cafes and gyms in Seoul after the government partially eased COVID-19 restrictions. |
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| Indicated aim for a vaccination rate of 70 percent to reach herd immunity by November 2021. A nationwide free vaccination campaign will begin in late- February, starting with medical professionals treating COVID-19 patients at hospitals and treatment centers in the wider Seoul area: |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
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| February 2 | • | • | • | • Extended the ban on stock short selling until May 2, 2021. | |
| February 15 | • | • | • | • | |
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| February 25 | Maintained the policy rate at 0.5 percent. | • | • | • | |
| February 26 | Announced plans for outright purchase of Korean treasury bonds of as much as KRW | • | • | • | |
| | Korean treasury bonds of as much as KRW 7 trillion in the first half of 2021. | | | | |
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| | Containment |
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| | High-risk health care workers at hospitals, sanatoriums and elderly care facilities will get the first vaccines during Q1 2021. Population aged 65 or older, and those working at other medical facilities will get the shots in Q2 2021. The vaccines will be provided to those suffering from chronic diseases and adults aged between 19 and 64 in Q3 2021. |
| g | • |
| | Eased social distancing measures by 0.5 level: Seoul, Gyeonggi and Incheon are subject to Level 2, down from Level 2.5. Other provinces are subject to Level 1.5, down from 2.0. Public gatherings of more than 5 people are still prohibited. |
| | • |
| | Commenced nation-wide vaccinations. |
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Lao PDR

| Date | | _ | Measure | |
|----------------|---|--|--|---|
| March 00, 0000 | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| March 20, 2020 | • Decreased RRR from 5 percent to 4 percent for LAK and from 10 percent to 8 percent for foreign currency. | • | • | • |
| March 26 | • | • | Announced measures to encourage commercial banks and financial institutions to provide payment accommodations to borrowers affected by the pandemic: Commercial banks and financial institutions to consider the deferment of the repayments, interest rate, and reduction of the interest rate and fee. Provision of special loans to borrowers affected by COVID-19 to support the payment of wages and continuation of business operations Commercial banks and financial institutions to consider restructuring the debt for those affected by the COVID-19 | Allowed borrowers who were classified NPLs from January 2020 to be moved the Special Mention loan category. |
| March 30 | Cut policy rates; (7 day-term) 4 → 3 percent, (7 – 14 day-term) 5 → 4 percent, (14 – 364 day-term) 10 → 9 percent. | • | • | • |
| March 31 | • | • | • | • |
| April 2 | • | Announced the reduction and deferment of payment of customs duty related to the import of Personal Protective Equipment and other health related imports to tackle the pandemic. Announced particular tax measures including deferring tax collection from tourism related businesses for three months; postponing mandatory contributions to social security by affected businesses for three months; extending the submission of the 2019 annual tax filing by one month; and road tax payment by three months. | Announced that the government will control prices for all types of face masks and fuel. | • |
| April 3 | • | • | [Lao National Chamber of Commerce and Industry (LNCCI)] Launched COVID-19 Business Impact Survey. LNCCI has been working closely with authorities to come up with economic packages to help the private sector minimize the impact from the pandemic. | • |
| April 5 | • | • | • | • |
| April 7 | • | Approved an additional budget to respond to the pandemic. The special budget will cover 3 main activities: The expenses relating to prevention and control activities; | • | • |

Contributor: Byunghoon Nam (Byunghoon.nam@amro-asia.org) Updated February 28, 2021

| | Containment |
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| | Entered full lockdown starting March 30, |
| | 2020 as Prime Minister ordered |
| | reinforcement measures on containment, |
| | prevention and full response to the |
| | pandemic. |
| | Ordered industrial plant operations, |
| | including factories located in industrial |
| | farms and special economic zones, to |
| | temporarily close from April 1–19, 2020 to prevent COVID-19 outbreak. |
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| | Ordered the temporary suspension of |
| | operation of mineral processing plants and |
| | the construction of hydropower projects |
| | until April 19, 2020. |
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Lao PDR

| Date | Measure | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | - Case examination, patient care, case | | | |
| | | test, and the recovery of patient and health care workers; | | | |
| | | Disinfection activities for COVID-19 | | | |
| | | control and prevention | | | |
| | | The budget is a special scheme that comes | | | |
| | | from 3 main sources: (i) The central | | | |
| | | government and local government budget | | | |
| | | reserves;(ii) foreign loan and grants; and | | | |
| | | (iii) contributions from society | | | |
| April 10 | • | Announced tax breaks on personal and | • | • | |
| | | micro enterprise income tax from April- | | | |
| | | June 2020. The three-month tax deferment | | | |
| | | is applicable to employees having monthly | | | |
| | | salaries below LAK 5 million per month and | | | |
| | | micro-enterprises with annual income between LAK 50–400 million. | | | |
| April 11 | • | (Ministry of Energy and Mines) announced | • | • | |
| , .p.n. i i | | lower electricity tariff rates that will take | | | |
| | | effect on May 2020 to help households and | | | |
| | | businesses cope with the crisis. | | | |
| April 20 | • | Announced provision of assistance through | • | • | |
| | | the National Social Security Fund (NSSF). | | | |
| | | Employees and workers who are members | | | |
| | | of the NSSF will receive LAK 500,000 for | | | |
| | | May and June 2020 to support members | | | |
| Mov 1 | | during COVID-19. | | | |
| May 1 | • | • | • | • | |
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| May 18 | • | • | • | • | |
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| May 00 | | | | | |
| May 20 | • | Allocated LAK 200 billion to the SMEs | • | • | |
| | | Promotion Fund for providing credit to micro-SMEs through commercial banks | | | |
| | | and other financial institutions at an interest | | | |
| | | of three percent a year to help support | | | |
| | | small businesses. | | | |
| May 20 | Introduced regulation to cap interest rates | • | • | • | |
| - | for loans provided by microfinance | | | | |
| | institutions to not go beyond 4 times the | | | | |
| | average commercial bank interest rate for | | | | |
| | 1-year lending. | | | | |
| June 2 | • | • | Announced that the Lao Social Security | • | |
| | | | Organisation (LSS) will pay unemployment | | |
| | | | benefits to workers who are members of the Social Insurance Fund and were laid off | | |
| | | | by their employers from May 1 onward. | | |
| June 5 | • | • | | • | |
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| June 15 | • | • | • | • | |
| June 16 | • | • | Announced that employers can register | • | |
| | | | with the Lao Social Security Organisation | | |
| | | | (LSS) to request financial assistance for | | |
| | | | temporarily unemployed staff. Financial | | |
| | | | support (of 60 percent of the insured employee's salary) should cover their | | |
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| Directed the gradual easing of lockdown |
| measures, while maintaining precautionary |
| measures such as safe distancing, wearing |
| of masks and rotation of office spaces to |
| avoid overcrowding. |
| Resumed final-year classes in primary, |
| lower and upper secondary schools, with all |
| other students going back to school on |
| June 2. |
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| Reopened tourist sites across the country, |
| but mainly to cater to domestic tourists as |
| borders remain closed. |
| Resumed schooling at all levels |
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Lao PDR

| Date | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | | temporary absence during the lockdown | | |
| June 18 | • | [State-owned company Electricity du Laos (EDL)] Announced reduction in electricity prices for households using less than 461 kwh per month for the three months of April, May, and June as part of the | period. | • | |
| July 1 | • | measures to offset the financial impact of COVID-19 in the country. | • | • | |
| July I | • | • | • | • | |
| July 7 | • | • | • | • | |
| | | | | | |
| July 14 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 14 | • | • [The World Bank] Provided a grant of USD 1 million from its Pandemic Emergency Financing Facility (PEF) to support Lao's response to COVID-19. | • | • | |
| August 1 | • | • | • | • | |
| August 7 | • | • | • | • | |
| August 19 | • | • [EU] Provided a grant of EUR 2.5 million under the project, "Civil Society Action to Prevent and Mitigate COVID-19." | • | • | |
| August 28 | • | [ADB] Provided a grant of USD 1.3 million for medical equipment and health worker training to assist Laos' prevention and control efforts against COVID-19. | • | • | |
| September 1 | • | • | • | • | |
| September 3 | • | • | • | • | |
| September 15 | • | • [Germany] Provided a grant of EUR 1.7 million through an International Labour | • | • | |

| Containment |
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| Relaxed more containment measures (from July1–31), to allow sports competitions, casinos, and social gatherings. However, entertainment venues such as karaoke bars, gaming shops will remain closed; custom border crossings will remain closed. International border crossings will remain closed to normal exit-entry, except for Lao citizens or foreigners with urgent needs. Visa issuances to individuals who come from or transit through countries with COVID-19 outbreaks will be suspended, except for diplomats, investors, entrepreneurs, experts and workers on important projects. Announced that all travellers exiting Lao |
| PDR, including locals, will be required to produce a medical certificate. Announced that only technical experts, diplomats and students will be allowed to travel overseas, but they must have appropriate travel documents and authorization from the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. |
| • |
| Suspended international charter flights. Extended containment measures implemented since July 1 to August 31. |
| Strengthened prevention and control measures, including border control, enforcement of closure of entertainment venues. |
| • |
| • |
| Extended containment measures implemented since July 1, to September 30. |
| Resumed weekly humanitarian flights for Lao students, who have completed their studies, and government officials participating in short-term training courses overseas. |
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Lao PDR

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--|----------------|------------------------|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | Organization (ILO) program to help garment workers affected by COVID-19. | | | |
| October 1 | • | • | • | • | Extended containment measures to October 31, 2020, such as the closure of entertainment venues and border checkpoints, and the suspension of visa issuance. Eased international travel restrictions by allowing tour groups from countries without community outbreaks, and charter flights from countries without outbreaks, and relaxing quarantine measures for travelers from countries without community outbreaks. |
| October 20 | • | [UNICEF] Provided medical essentials to the Ministry of Health worth more than USD 1.16 million for use in its COVID-19 pandemic response. | • | • | • |
| October 23 | • | • | • | • | • Eased containment measures for cross- border transportation at four borders, which are necessary and urgent regarding import and export matters. |
| November 1 | • | • | • | • | Eased containment measures (from November 1 to December 31), such as reopening of the entertainment venues, including karaoke bars and nightclubs. |
| November 16 | • | • | • | • | Launched fast track immigration lane with China for diplomats/public officers and individuals/legal entities for major projects. |
| November 26 | • | • | • | • | Extended containment measures to December 31. Suspended charter flights with countries with community cases of COVID-19. |
| December 4 | • | • | • | • | Imposed lockdown on Tonpheung district in Bokeo province and Boten Sepcial economic Zone in Luang Namtha, for 14 days. |
| December 17 | • | • | • | • | Postponed the Vangvieng Music Festival and downsized the Elephant Festival. |
| December 24 | • | • | • | • | Extended containment measures to January 31, 2021. Extended the suspension of charter flights with countries with COVID-19 community cases. |
| January 5, 2021 | • | • | • | • | Launched vaccination program after China provided 2,000 doses of Sinopharm vaccine. |
| January 12 | • | • | • | • | Imposed lockdown on Tonpheung district in Bokeo province and the Golden Triangle Special economic Zone in Luang Namtha, for 14 days. |
| February 2 | • | • | • | • | Extended containment measures to February 18, 2021 and strengthened controls at border crossings. |
| February 4 | • | • | • | • | Suspended temporarily all humanitarian and charter flights. |
| February 8 | • | • | • | • | Received 300,000 doses of Sinopharm vaccine from China. |
| February 19 | • | • | • | • | Received 564,000 doses of AstraZeneca vaccine through the COVAX Facility's Advance Market Commitment (AMC) |

Lao PDR

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|---------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|---|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment | |
| March 1 | • | • | • | • | • Extended containment measures to March 31, 2021 and required travelers entering the country to purchase COVID-19 insurance. | |
| | • | • | • | • | • | |



| Date | | | Measure | | |
|----------------------|--|--|---|--|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| February 27, 2020 | • | Unveiled stimulus package worth MYR 20 billion (1.4 percent of GDP), the cost to be shared by the federal government, Employees Provident Fund (EPF), the BNM, government-linked corporations, and development financial institutions. | • | • | • |
| March 3 | Cut policy rate by 25 basis points. | • | • | • | • |
| March 16 | • | Announced additional measures worth MYR 620 million in the form of (1) cash assistance of MYR 600 per month for six months for employees on unpaid leave; and (2) a nationwide electricity discount of 2 percent for all domestic users. | • | • | Announced implementation of a nationwide Movement Control Order (MCO) from March 18–31, 2020. The MCO involves a ban on gatherings, domestic and international travel restrictions, and closure of schools, government and private premises except for essential services, such as water and electricity, telecommunication, postal service, transport, fuel, gas, lubrication, broadcasting, banking, health, pharmacy, fire-fighting, ports, airports, prisons, security and defence, sanitary services, provision and food supply. |
| March 19 | Announced a 100 basis point cut in the statutory reserve requirement ratio to 2.00 percent effective March 20, 2020. Allowed principle dealers to each recognize government securities of up to MYR 1 billion until March 31, 2021 as part of SRR compliance. | • | • | • | |
| March 23 | • | Announced initiatives that will form part of the comprehensive stimulus package announced on March 27, 2020. These measures include allowing EPF withdrawals by members with a total amount of MYR 40 billion, additional MYR 500 million allocation to the Ministry of Health, MYR 130 million to state governments, and extension of education loan deferments for six months with immediate effect (equivalent to MYR 750 million). | [Securities Commission and Bursa Malaysia] suspended short-selling in the stock market until April 30, 2020 amid heightened volatility. | | • |
| March 25 | Committed to keeping domestic liquidity ample, by supplying daily MYR liquidity to banks via open market operations, including outright purchases of government securities, exchange rate swaps, reverse repos and the standing facility. | • | Urged banks to offer a loan repayment moratorium for 6 months (April 1– September 30, 2020) to individuals and SMEs. | Allowed banking institutions to draw down on capital and liquidity buffers to support lending activities until end-2020. These measures include drawing down on the capital conservation buffer of 2.5 percent, operating below the minimum liquidity coverage ratio of 100 percent, and utilizing the regulatory reserves that were set aside during periods of strong loan growth. The minimum NFSR will also be lowered from 100 percent to 80 percent. Allowed banks flexibility to meet timelines for regulatory submissions. Announced the reduction of the interest rate (IRCC) and profit rate (PRCC) stress factor caps applied under the Risk-Based Capital Framework for Insurers and Risk- Based Capital Frameworks), respectively, from | Extended MCO to April 14, 2020. |

Contributor: Diana del Rosario (Diana.Del-Rosario@amro-asia.org) Updated March 5, 2021

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| | | | | 40 percent to 30 percent with effect from March 31, 2020. | | |
| March 26 | • | • | • | [Bursa Malaysia] Announced new set of relief measures targeted at a broader gro of participants within capital markets. These include a 50 percent rebate on annual listing fees for 2020, extensions f submission of the regularization plan for listed issuers in financial distress or who not have adequate levels of operation, a automatic 1-month extension for submission of financial statements, grea flexibility for brokers to manage margin calls, expansion to the list of collateral fo purposes of margin financing, shortened counter service hours by market participants, and extensions for submiss of CDS transaction forms to Bursa Malaysia. | | |
| March 27 | • | Announced an additional economic package, bringing the total to MYR 250 billion (17.4 percent of GDP), consisting of MYR 25 billion direct fiscal injection (such as cash transfers to low-to-middle income groups, civil servants and retires, wage subsidies, and grants), MYR 100 billion of bank payment moratoriums, MYR 60 billion from the EPF (withdrawals and reduced contributions), MYR 50 billion of credit guarantee schemes, and MYR13.1 billion from the BNM's financing for SMEs. | Announced that life insurers and family takaful (Islamic insurance) operators to allow payment deferments and facilitate requests for flexibility by policyholders and takaful participants. | • | | |
| April 6 | • | Announced an additional MYR 10 billion (0.7 percent of GDP) package to support SMEs and preserve jobs, bringing the total package to MYR 260 billion (18.1 percent of GDP) | • | • | | |
| April 10 | • | • | • | • | | |
| April 16 | • | • | • | [Bursa Malaysia] Announced additional relief measures to assist and support lists issuers amid the COVID-19 pandemic. It has granted further time extension for list issuers to submit financial statements, accorded greater flexibility for fundraising through increased general mandate limit new issue of securities, and eased compliance to its rules. | | |
| April 23 | • | • | • | • | | |
| April 28 | • | • | • Extended short-selling suspension from April 30–June 30, 2020. | • | | |
| April 30 | Further refined exchange rate policy to improve business efficiency and provide | • | • | • | | |

| | Containment |
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| | Extended MCO to April 28, 2020; allowed businesses, beyond those earlier identified as essential, to open. These include companies involved in machinery and equipment services, aerospace, professional and technical services including research and development, and construction-related services. Also included are barber shops, car maintenance, laundry services, but not self-service outlets, such as hardware shops, electrical and electronic shops, along with optometrists. |
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| | Extended MCO to May 10, 0000 |
| | Extended MCO to May 12, 2020 |
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| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| | corporates flexibility in managing their foreign exchange risk exposures. The measures include exempting resident exporters (especially, SMEs) from the requirement to convert export proceeds into MYR for transactions worth MYR 200,000 and below; allowing residents to hedge foreign currency loan obligations up to the underlying tenure, from only 1 year up previously; and allowing residents to obtain (and issue) financial guarantees from (to) non-residents such as parent companies (subsidiaries abroad). | | | | | |
| May 1 | • | • | • | • | | |
| | | | | | | |
| May 5 | Cut policy rate by 50 basis points to 2.00 percent. Announced that government securities held by banks would be recognized for full compliance of the statutory reserve requirement (SRR), to take effect from May 16, 2020 to May 31, 2021. | • | • | • | | |
| May 10 | • | • | • | • | | |
| May 5–19 | • | Topped up economic stimulus package by MYR 6.12 billion (0.4 percent of GDP) to a total of MYR 266.12 billion (18.5 percent of GDP). The increase came from the additional (1) MYR 5 billion for the BNM's Special Relief Facility (SRF) to SMEs; (2) MYR 1 billion for the one-off cash handouts to lower-and middle-income households and individuals; and (3) MYR 120 million for the Employee Retention Programme. | • | • | | |
| June 5 | • | Unveiled a Short-term Economic Recovery Plan worth MYR 35 billion (2.4 percent of GDP), of which MYR 10 billion represents a direct fiscal injection primarily via additional cash aid, wage subsidies to SMEs and incentives to hire and train the youth and the unemployed. The latest announcement brings the total economic package to MYR 295 billion (20.6 percent of GDP), of which cumulative direct fiscal injections amount to MYR 45 billion (excluding an estimated MYR 8 billion in foregone revenues from tax exemptions and deferrals under the latest package). | • | • | | |

| Containment |
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| Implemented conditional MCO (CMCO) from May 4, 2020 (to May 12). Almost all economic sectors will be allowed to open with conditions beginning May 4. Under the CMCO, some businesses will be allowed to operate fully, although employers are requested to implement flexible working hours and encourage working from home. Schools will remain closed and interstate travel will still be barred except for work purposes. Mass social, cultural and religious gatherings as well as outdoor sports activities that involve body contact are still banned (running, cycling, golf are now allowed). All Malaysians are urged to wear face marks and carry hand sanitizers when going out. |
| • |
| • Extended conditional MCO to June 9, 2020. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|---------|---|---------------|--|------------------------|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| June 7 | • | • | • | • | | |
| June 22 | • | • | • | • | | |
| June 26 | • | • | Extended suspension of short-selling from June 30 to end-2020. | • | | |
| June 29 | • | • | • | • | | |
| July 7 | Cut policy rate by 25 basis points to 1.75 percent. | • | • | • | | |
| July 10 | • | • | [Securities Commission and Bursa Malaysia] Announced implementation of temporary revisions to existing market management and control mechanisms (namely, the dynamic and static price limits, and the circuit breakers) to provide added stability and confidence in the market, with effect from July 20, up to January 18, 2021. | • | | |
| July 21 | • | • | • | • | | |
| July 23 | • | • | • | • | | |
| July 26 | • | • | • | • | | |

| Containment |
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| Announced the shift to a recovery MCO (RMCO) from June 10 to August 31, 2020. Under the RMCO, residents will be gradually allowed to resume social (such as sports, domestic tourism, other recreation, religious, business, and education) activities under standard operating protocols. Interstate travel will also be allowed to resume. |
| Announced reopening of cinemas, theaters, live events spaces (including conferences, seminars, wedding receptions, religious events) under strict SOPs from July 1, with a maximum limit of 250 people for enclosed halls or spaces. |
| Announced reopening of primary and secondary schools from July 15 to those not taking leaving examinations. Secondary schools had earlier reopened on Jun 24 to students not taking the school leaving examinations. |
| Announced reopening of theme parks and water attractions form July 1. Temperature checks for mall and hotel visitors will also be relaxed, to only be conducted at the entrance of the building. |
| • |
| - |
| Re-imposed the mandatory 14-day quarantine at hotels and government centers for people entering the country, starting from July 24. This measure reverses the current rule that allows returnees who test negative for COVID-19 upon arrival in Malaysia to serve their mandatory 14-day quarantine at their homes. Allowed medical tourists from designated green zone countries (Brunei, Singapore, Korea, Japan, Australia, and New Zealand) to enter Malaysia. |
| Mandated wearing of face masks in crowded public places and public transportation starting August 1. Partially reopened borders to allow medical tourists to enter the country, while permitting citizens to leave the country for medical, education, or other specific purposes. |
| Agreed with Singapore on aspects to facilitate cross-border travel for official, business, and work purposes between the two countries. Travel applications can be |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
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| July 29 | • | • | Extended the six-month loan moratorium for another three months (October– December) to individuals who have lost their jobs in 2020 and have yet to find new | • | | |
| | | | employment. Those who had salary pay cuts would be offered reduced loan installments in line with their new salaries for a period of at least six months. Banks have also committed to provide repayment flexibility to other individuals and all SME borrowers affected by COVID-19. | | | |
| August 1 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 12 | • | • | • [Securities Commission] raised gearing limit for real estate investment trusts (REITs) from 50 percent to 60 percent with immediate effect until 2022, to allow greater cash flow flexibility and managers' efficient management of REIT debt and capital structures. | • | | |
| August 17 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 28 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 3 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 10 | • | • | • | • | | |
| September 23 | • | Announced additional economic stimulus worth MYR 10 billion (0.7 percent of GDP), comprising of cash assistance to low- to middle-income households and individuals, wage subsidies, and grants to small businesses. | • | • | | |
| September 28 | • | • | • | Extended temporary margin flexibilities ur year-end, from September 30 previously. During the interim period, brokers can continue to exercise discretion whether to impose force selling measures on clients, and accept other types of collateral from investors such as bonds, unit trusts, gold and immovable properties for purposes of margin financing. Previously, brokers wer required to automatically liquidate their clients' margin accounts if the equity valu- in those accounts fall below 130 per cent their respective outstanding balances. | | |
| September 29 | • | • | • | • | | |
| October 1 | | | | | | |
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| | Containment |
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| | submitted from August 10 for travel starting on August 17. |
| | • |
| | Made mask-wearing mandatory in crowded places and on public transport. |
| | • |
| | Resumed cross-border travel between Malaysia and Singapore via the Reciprocal Green Lane (for essential business and official purposes only) and the Periodic Commuting Arrangement (for visitors holding a long-term pass in the other country for work or business purposes). |
| | Announced the extension of the RMCO until December 31. The ban on foreign tourists remain. |
| | Imposed entry ban on 23 countries with over 150,000 COVID-19 cases. |
| | Relaxed entry ban on visit pass-holders from 23 countries. |
| | • |
| es until usly. er to ents, om gold es of were eir values cent of s. | Imposed enhanced MCO in four districts in Sabah from September 29–October 12; enhanced MCO (EMCO) means entry and exit into those areas are restricted and all businesses except for essential services are shut. |
| | [Sarawak] Tightened travel conditions for those intending to enter the state, following the rise in COVID-19 cases in neighboring Sabah. |
| | [Sarawak] Imposed stricter travel measures by prohibiting Malaysians and non-citizens |

| Date | | | Measure | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment in Sabah and Labuan from entering Sarawak from October 4–18, 2020. |
| October 6 | • | • | • | • | Banned interstate travel to and from Sabah from October 7–20, 2020. |
| October 8 | • | • | • | • | Closed schools in Klang Valley and other red zones from October 9–23, 2020. |
| October 12 | • | • | • | • | Introduced conditional MCO (CMCO) in Klang Valley (Kuala Lumpur, Putrajaya, and Selangor) and Sabah from October 14–27, 2020, as certain localities around Malaysia were under an enhanced MCO (EMCO). |
| October 15 | • | • | • | • | Introduced CMCO in Labuan from October 17–30, 2020. |
| October 21 | • | • | • | • | Ordered more than 750,000 employees in management and supervisory staff in Klang Valley, Sabah and Labuan to work from home from October 22, 2020 while the CMCO is in place. |
| October 24 | • | • | • | • | Extended CMCO in Sabah for two weeks from October 27–November 9, 2020. |
| October 26 | • | • | • | • | Extended CMCO in Klang Valley for two weeks from October 27–November 9, 2020. CMCO is also introduced in Nilai, Negeri Sembilan from October 28– November 10, 2020. |
| October 28 | • | • | • | • | • Extended CMCO in Labuan for two weeks from October 31–November 13, 2020. |
| November 6 | • | Tabled 2021 Budget and announced that some of the economic stimulus measures (under the dedicated COVID-19 Fund) will be extended through 2021. Other off- budget measures have also been extended through 2021, such as the targeted loan repayment schemes for lower-income groups and micro-enterprises, and greater access to pension savings at the EPF. | • | • | • |
| November 7 | • | • | • | • | Reinstated CMCO in all states in Peninsular Malaysia, except for Kelantan, Pahang, and Perlis, from November 9 to December 6, 2020. Extended CMCO in Kuala Lumpur, Putrajaya, Sabah, and Selangor, which was supposed to end on November 9, to December 6. |
| November 13 | • | • | • | • | • Extended CMCO in Labuan, which was supposed to end on November 13, to December 6. |
| November 20 | • | • | • | • | Lifted CMCO in Johor, Kedah, Melaka, and Terengganu from November 21. Imposed CMCO in Kelantan from November 21 to December 6. |
| December 5 | • | • | • | • | Extended CMCO in Kuala Lumpur, Sabah, most districts of Selangor, and parts of Johor, Kedah, Kelantan, Negeri Sembilan, Penang, and Perak, by two weeks from December 7–20, 2020. Announced lifting of CMCO in Labuan and Putrajaya, and most parts of Kelantan, Penang, Perak, and Negeri Sembilan, and some areas of Selangor, from December 7, 2020. |

| Date | | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| December 16 | • | • | [Securities Commission and Bursa Malaysia] Announced lifting of regulated short-selling (RSS) suspension on January 1, 2021. However, the RSS will be re- introduced with enhanced control measures to ensure stability, such as the reduction in the daily gross short position limit from 3 percent to 2 percent, and a 4 percent cap on RSS aggregated net short positions. Extended suspension on intraday short- selling (IDSS) and intra-day short-selling by proprietary day traders (PDT short sale) due to expire on December 31, 2020, to February 28, 2021. Extended temporary revisions to existing market management measures (namely, the dynamic and static price limits, and the circuit breakers) to May 30, 2021, from the previous expiry date of January 18, 2021. | • | |
| December 18 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 28 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 31 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 11, 2021 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 12 | • | • | • | • | |
| January 15 | • | • | • | • | |

| Containment |
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| • |
| Extended CMCO in Kuala Lumpur, Sabah, most districts of Selangor, and parts of Penang, Perak, Negeri Sembilan, and Johor, to December 31, 2020. Announced lifting of CMCO in certain areas in Kedah, Kelantan, and Johor, from December 21, 2020. |
| Extended CMCO in Kuala Lumpur, Sabah, and some parts of Penang, Negeri Sembilan, and Johor; and reinstated CMCO in the whole state of Selangor from January 1–14, 2021. |
| Extended recovery MCO (RMCO), which was set to expire at the end of 2020, to March 31, 2021. Among others, the RMCO allows the director-general of health to issue directions regarding gatherings, public transport, and quarantine. International tourism and activities where physical distancing is difficult (pubs and night clubs) are prohibited. |
| Imposed 14-day MCO on 5 states (Melaka, Johor, Penang, Sabah, and Selangor) and 3 federal territories (Kuala Lumpur, Putrajaya and Labuan) from January 13– 26, 2021. Population in states under MCO may only travel within a 10-km radius, while interstate and inter-district travels are banned. Six other states (Pahang, Perak, Negeri Sembilan, Kedah, Terengganu, and Kelantan) are placed under CMCO. |
| • [King] Declared placing Malaysia under a national state of emergency to curb the spread of COVID-19 effective immediately until August 1, 2021 or earlier, depending on the state of COVID-19 infections. The emergency declaration allows for Parliament to be suspended, with laws and expenditure to be approved directly by the executive arm of the government. |
| Announced imposition of MCO in Kelantan from January 16–26, 2021. |

| Date | Measure | | | |
|-------------|--|--|----------------|------------------------|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| January 18 | • | Rolled out an additional relief package amounting to MYR 15 billion, bringing the total COVID-19 economic package to MYR 320 billion. A direct fiscal injection, according to reports quoting the Finance Minister, of MYR 6.6 billion will cover the procurement of COVID-19 vaccines, expand the wage subsidy program, and provide cash assistance to frontliners, among others. | • | • |
| January 19 | • | • | • | • |
| January 20 | Extended the flexibility for banking institutions to use Malaysian Government Securities (MGS) and Malaysian Government Investment Issues (MGII) to meet the statutory reserve requirement compliance until December 31, 2022, from the previous end date of May 31, 2021. | • | • | • |
| January 22 | • | • | • | • |
| February 2 | • | • | • | • |
| February 3 | • | • | • | • |
| February 5 | Doubled the Targeted Relief and Recovery Facility (TRRF) to MYR 4 billion from the initial MYR 2 billion allocation that was announced in November 2020, during the tabling of the 2021 Budget. The TRRF will be channeled through banks and will be available to SMEs affected by the pandemic until end-2021, or until the facility is fully utilized. | • | • | • |
| February 7 | • | • | • | • |
| February 9 | • | • | • | • |
| February 11 | • | • | • | • |

| Containment |
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| Expanded the MCO to the states of Kedah, Perak, Negeri Sembilan, Pahang, Terengganu, and Perlis from January 22– February 4, 2021, effectively placing all of Malaysia, except for the state of Sarawak, under MCO. |
| • |
| Extended the MCO on the 6 states (Melaka, Johor, Penang, Sabah, Selangor, and Kelantan) and the federal territories (Kuala Lumpur, Putrajaya and Labuan) until February 4, 2021. |
| Extended the MCO on all states, except Sarawak, until February 18, 2021. |
| Announced that most businesses would reopen during the MCO extension from February 5, 2021. Retail and wholesale businesses and car wash services are among those to end three weeks of closure. |
| • |
| Allowed gatherings of up 15 individuals within a 10 km radius from their homes for Lunar New Year reunion dinners. A maximum of 30 individuals at any given time are also allowed at temples for prayers on February 11, 12, and 19, 2021. |
| Announced easing of curbs on more businesses starting February 10, 2021. Restaurants will be allowed to accept dine- in patrons, while some sectors of the creative industry may reopen. |
| Announced resumption of non-contact sporting activities, such as tennis singles and badminton singles, and recreational fishing; and the reopening of gyms, motor race tracks, and golf courses, as well as driving schools and aviation centers. New |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
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| February 16 | • | • | • | • | | |
| February 17 | • | • | Allowed companies more time to prepare their financial statements and put in place regularization plans. An automatic one- month extension is given to listed companies for the issuance of quarterly, semi-annual, and annual reports which are due within February 28–April 30, 2021. Also, a 12-month relief period is given to listed issuers that report, between January 1–June 30, 2021, unsatisfactory financial conditions and inadequate levels of operations. | • | | |
| February 19 | • | • | | • | | |
| March 2 | • | | | • | | |
| March 3 | • | • | • | • | | |

| Containment rules to come into effect on February 12, |
|--|
| 2021. |
| Extended MCO in Kuala Lumpur, Penang, Selangor, and Johor until March 4, 2021. Perlis and Sarawak will be under Recovery MCO, while remaining states will be placed under CMCO from February 19– March 4, 2021. Lifted the 10 km radius travel limit, but the interstate and inter-district travel ban remains in place. |
| • |
| Relaxed restrictions in MCO, CMCO, and RMCO zones. Book stores, car boot sales can operate in all MCO, CMCO and RMCO zones. Tourism activities including zoos, theme parks and recreational parks in CMCO and RMCO zones allowed to operate at 50 percent capacity. Official, non-official government functions, social events allowed in RMCO areas; as for CMCO zones, at 50% capacity of premises. Seminars, workshops, courses, conferences, talks allowed at 50% premises capacity, but not allowed in MCO areas. Preschoolers, primary students return to classrooms in March, secondary pupils in April. |
| Allowed inter-district travel in all states except Sabah from March 5, 2021. , Johor, Kuala Lumpur, Penang, Selangor, which were operating under MCO, will change to CMCO, a more relaxed form of curbs. Kedah, Kelantan, Negeri Sembilan, Perak, Sarawak will remain under CMCO. Labuan, Melaka, Pahang, Putrajaya, Sabah, Terengganu will join Perlis under the Recovery MCO (RMCO), the most relaxed form of the curbs. New status will be from March 5–March 18, 2021, with the exception of Sarawak, where it will last until March 15, 2021. All events such as weddings, meetings will be allowed, provided that they adhere to all health protocols. |
| Allowed business travelers who intend to stay in the country for 14 days or less to be considered for exemption from mandatory quarantine, subject to the approval of the country's One Stop Center Committee and adherence to strict standard operating procedures. Both short |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
|------|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | | | and long-term business travelers may apply for entry permission. |
| | • | • | • | • | • |



Myanmar

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| March 12, 2020 | • Made the decision to cut the policy interest rate by 0.5 percent, which will be effective from April 1, 2020. | • | • | • | | |
| March 13 | • Changed the effective date of the interest rate cut of April 1, 2020 to March 16, 2020 to bring forward the multiplier effect on the economy, per the Central Bank of Myanmar's directive 2/2020. | • | • | • | | |
| March 14 | • | • | • | • | | |
| March 17 | • | Established a COVID-19 Fund with capital of MMK 100 billion (approximately USD 71 million) to provide concessional loans to businesses such as CMP business, hotels and tourism and SME sectors, which are most vulnerable to the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Provided low-cost loans of USD 86 billion to businesses with 1 percent for 1 year until June 16 and tax deferrals (6 months for income tax and commercial tax payment) to be arranged for the garment manufacturing, hotels and tourism and SME sectors, which are most vulnerable to the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Exempted 2 percent of income tax levied in advance for exports until the end of the | • | • | | |
| March 19 | • | 2019-2020 fiscal year. | • | • | | |
| March 24 | Announced cutting the policy interest rate further by an additional 1 percent, to be effective from April 1, 2020. | • | • | • | | |
| March 28 | • | • | • | • | | |
| April 6 | • | • | • [The Microfinance Business Supervisory Committee (MBSC)] Issued the Directive No. (2/2020) for the convenience of clients to obtain emergency loans, withdraw voluntary savings, and repay their loans on their own volition, abiding by the instructions of COVID-19 Response Central Committee. | • | | |
| April 9 | Announced the lowering of banks' RRR from 5 percent to 3.5 percent for the April 9–September 30, 2020 period | • | Announced that car dealers will be granted a two-month import license extension. | Adjusted the method for calculating liquid ratios such that the haircut ratio for 1-yea or longer-maturity treasury bonds change to 10 percent instead of 50 percent, for th April 9–September 30, 2020 period. | | |
| April 11 | • | Lifted import license fees for pharmaceutical and pharmaceutical raw materials. | • | • | | |
| April 12 | • | • | Announced that borrowers will be allowed to delay repayments to microfinance and other non-bank financial institutions. | • | | |
| April 22 | • | • | [The Financial Regulatory Department] Instructed local, joint venture and foreign life insurers to report the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and Emergency Responsive Action Plan for their | • | | |

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| | Containment |
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| | • |
| | • |
| | Imposed rules restricting travelers from China, South Korea and parts of Europe. |
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| | Suspended entry of foreigners at its order gates. |
| | • |
| | Banned all international commercial passenger flights in all Myanmar airports. |
| | • |
| liquidity 1-year aanges for the | • |
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Myanmar

| Date | Measure | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|---|--|------------------------|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | | policyholders during the COVID-19 period once every two weeks. | | |
| April 27 | Announced cut to the policy interest rate further by an additional 1.5 percent, effective May 1, 2020. | Developed the COVID-19 Economic Relief Plan (CERP) whereby the Financial Regulatory Department (FRD) of the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry is assigned responsibility for implementing CERP Action Plan 2.1.1(b), "low-cost funding for Microfinance Institutions." FRD is aims to provide 3-year commercial loans with suitable interest rates to microfinance institutions from the Government's MMK 100 billion general reserve fund (GRF); 1- year loans with 2 percent interest rate per annum will be provided to tea shops and small restaurants across the country through Microfinance Institutions. | • | • | |
| April 28 | Announced conduct of credit auction as necessary to inject additional liquidity. Announced full access to low-cost funding for MFIs. | Announced the COVID-19 Economic Relief Plan, consisting of 7 goals, 10 strategies, 36 action plans and 76 actions. The estimated amount is around USD 2 billion (2.4 percent of GDP). | • | • | |
| May 22 | • | Approved a proposed USD 50 million loan from the World Bank (IDA). | • | • | |
| May 26 | • | Approved a proposed USD 700 (0.82 percent of GDP) million loan from the IMF. | • | • | |
| May 27 | • | Approved a proposed JPY 30 billion loan from JICA Emergency Program Loan (ODA loan). Approved a proposed USD 60 million loan from the ADB. | • | • | |
| May 30 | • | • Approved proposed loans from the IDA and ADB, amounting to USD 200 million, and USD 30 million respectively (the total is around 0.3 percent of GDP). | | • | |
| | • | • | [Microfinance Business Supervisory Committee (MBSC)] Prohibited Microfinance Institutions from making forced collections on loan repayments. | • | |
| June 22 | • | • [The President's Office] Proposed giving MMK 20,000 in stimulus money to each of 5.4 million households, to be approved by the Government. | • | • | |
| July 28 | • | [The COVID-19 Economic Relief Plan (CERP) Committee] Launched an additional MMK100 billion fund which will be given out to agriculture and livestock businesses, export/import, manufacturing, supply chain, food and beverage, foreign job agencies and vocational schools. | • | • | |
| September 21 | • | • | • | • | |
| September 24 October 20 | • | Announced disbursement of the second COVID-19 loan to support small businesses. Announced subsidization of salaries of workers who contribute to social security, who have been impacted by work-at-home instructions. Announced drafting of a new, | • | • | |
| | | comprehensive and inclusive medium- to longer-term Myanmar Economic Recovery | | - | |

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| 10 town ships in Yangon were placed under semi-lockdown. |
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| Announced a stay-home order for Yangon |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | and Reform Program (MERRP) with which to sustain an economic reform journey. | | | |
| December 31 | • | • | • | • | • Extended restrictions on travelers and international flights to January 31, 2021. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| March 13, 2020 | • | • | • | Introduced Resolution No. 397, granting of temporary regulatory and rediscounting relief measures to BSP Supervised Financial Institutions (BSFIs). | | |
| March 15 | • | • Secured a USD 3 million grant from the Asian Development Bank to help strengthen the Philippines' capability in containing the spread of COVID-19. | • | • | | |
| March 16 | • | [President Duterte's economic team] announced a PHP 27.1-billion package of priority actions to help frontliners fight the COVID-19 pandemic and provide economic relief to people and sectors affected by the virus-induced slowdown in economic activity. [The DTI] imposed a price freeze on basic necessities, and intensified consumer protection measures to penalize and charge profiteers and hoarders. | • | • | | |
| March 18 | • | [The World Bank] earmarked a USD100 million fast-track loan to the Philippines to enable the Department of Health to procure personal protective equipment for health care workers, along with testing and laboratory materials, quarantine areas, isolation rooms and other essential equipment to contain the spread of COVID- 19 in the country. | • | • | | |
| March 19 | Cut the policy rate by 50 basis points. | | | Implemented time-bound, temporary relaxation of BSP regulations on compliance reporting by banks, calculation of penalties on required reserves, and single borrower limits, and reduction in the term spread on rediscounting loans relating to the overnight lending rate to zero. Extended the deadline for the filing of the 2019 annual Income Tax Returns (ITRs) a month to May 15, 2020, but appealed to those ready to file their ITRs on or before the original April 15, 2020 deadline to do so, in order to help the Duterte administration raise enough funds for the scaled-up national efforts to slow the spread of COVID-19: Increased single borrower limits (SBL). Increase in the SBL under Section 362 of the Manual of Regulations for Banks (MORB)/Section 342-Q of the Manual of Regulations for Non-Bank Financial Institutions (MORNBFI) from 25 percent to 30 percent for a period of six (6) months from March 19, 2020, pursuant to national interest. Relaxed the maximum penalty that may the imposed for reserve deficiencies under Section 255 of the MORB/Section 215-Q the MORNBFI. The maximum penalty that may be imposed by the BSP for reserve deficiencies shall be the Overnight Lendin Facility rate plus 50 basis points: Provide | | |

Contributor: Zhiwen Jiao (<u>Zhiwen.Jiao@amro-asia.org</u>) Updated February 28, 2021

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| March 23 | Announced purchase of PHP 300 billion in government securities under repurchase | • | • | that the maximum reserve deficiency of t BSFI shall be 200 basis points above the reserve requirement. Relaxed notification requirements related changes in banking hours. A bank need inform the BSP of changes in its banking hours, as required under Section 108 of MORB, during the enhanced community quarantine period. Relaxed notification requirements on the temporary closure of bank branch/branch lite units and BSFI offices/service units Extended the period of compliance with BSP supervisory requirements. | |
| | agreement, for 6 months. | | | | |
| March 24 | Cut RRR by 200 basis points, and Monetary Board authorized BSP governor to cut another 200 basis points by the end of 2020. | • | • | • | |
| March 25 | • | • | • | • | |
| March 27 | • | • | • | Provided operational relief measures for foreign exchange transactions under the Manual of Regulations on Foreign Exchange Transactions. | |
| March 28 | | Delivered initial USD 3 million grant for the state purchase of medical supplies for health workers. [The ADB has]: approved an emergency grant of USD 5 million to leverage private-sector donations for a food distribution program that will be implemented as early as next week to benefit Luzon's poorest households. coordinated with PDOF and PDOH for the speedy implementation of a USD 100 million emergency project loan to quickly set up additional healthcare facilities and procure much-needed equipment, such as medical ventilators and protective gear for the Philippines' frontline health givers, committed to accelerate the approval of a USD 1.0 billion quick budget support loan through the proposed new COVID-19 Pandemic Response Option under the Counter Cyclical Support Facility. provided additional support for the Philippines' Pantawid Pamilya Pilipino Program (4Ps) through USD 150-million financing under the ongoing Social Protection Support Project. accelerated, the approval of its USD 500 million project loan for the Expanded Social Assistance Project to support the 4Ps program. worked on a USD 500 million Contingent Disaster Facility to expand its coverage to health emergencies. | | | |

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| • Extended the lockdown to April 30, 2020. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| March 30 | • | Announced 200 billion pesos package for low-income households badly affected by the current crisis. | • | • | • |
| April 1 | • | • | • | Relaxed Know Your Customer Requirements to Facilitate Access to Financial Services. | • |
| April 3 | • | Enacted the Republic Act (RA) No. 11469 or the "Bayanihan to Heal as One Act" which directs all public and private banks and other financial institutions, including the Government Service Insurance System (GSIS), Social Security System (SSS) and Pag-ibig Fund, to implement a minimum thirty (30)-day grace period for the payment of all loans including salary, personal housing, motor vehicle loans, and credit card payments, which fall due within the period of the ECQ. | • | | • |
| April 7 | • | [PDTI, PDOF] Granted incentives to manufacturers, importers of essential products during quarantine period. | Provided Currency Exchange Facility (CEF) Program for overseas Filipinos (OFs). | Reduced the Minimum Liquidity Ratio (MLR) for stand-alone thrift banks, rural banks and cooperative banks, from 20 percent to 16 percent. | • |
| April 8 | • | • | • | Allowed reclassification of debt securities measured at fair value to the Amortized Cost Category Provided relief to reduce the impact of mark-to-market losses. (The twin measures consist of (a) easing the Expanded Foreign Currency Deposit Unit/Foreign Currency Deposit Unit (E/FCDU) asset cover requirement; and (b) allowing the reclassification of debt securities from categories measured at fair value to the amortized cost category, even without a change in the business model for managing these securities. This relief is available to banks until September 30, 2020.) | • |
| April 13 | Announced Extraordinary Measures to Support Domestic Liquidity. Measures include: Purchases of government securities in the Secondary Market. Reduction in the Overnight Reverse Repurchase Volume Offering. Repurchase Agreement with the national government. | • | • | • | • |
| April 14 | • | Unveiled a PHP 51 billion wage subsidy program for middle class workers employed by small businesses affected by COVID-19. | • | • | • |
| April 15 | • | Signed USD 500 million loan accord with the World Bank. The loan is payable in 29 years, inclusive of a 10-and-a-half-year grace period. The loan is under the World Bank's recently launched USD14 billion Fast Track COVID-19 Facility. | • | • | • |
| April 16 | Cut policy rate by 50 basis points to 2.75 percent. | • | • | • | • |
| April 17 | • | Issued guidelines on tax benefits of donations during quarantine period | • | • | • |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| April 20 | • | • [BSP Monetary Board] Approved USD 2.38 billion funding for National Government development projects and programs in Q1 2020. | • Extended deadlines for tax amnesty, all tax returns following Enhanced Community Quarantine (ECQ) extension. | • | |
| April 22 | • | • | [BSP] encouraged shift to e-payments during quarantine. | • | |
| April 23 | • | • | • | Eased rules on asset cover requirements Expanded Foreign Currency Deposit Uni (EFCDU)/FCDU. Under the new rules, banks shall be allowed to offset any deficiency in the asset cover incurred on one or more days of the week with the excess cover that they may hold on othe days of the same week and the immediately succeeding week. | |
| April 24 | • | Signed loan accord of USD 1.5 billion with ADB. The first USD 500 million will be disbursed in US dollars amounting to USD 250 million, and the euro equivalent of the other half of the amount. This portion of the loan is payable in 10 years inclusive of a three-year grace period. The remaining USD 1 billion will also be divided equally into the US dollar and euro equivalents of the amount. This amount is payable in five years inclusive of a three-year grace period. | • | • | |
| April 28 | • | Raised USD 2.35 billion from sale of dollar- denominated offshore bonds. | Waived fees for BSFIs to offer digital financial services. | • | |
| April 29 | • | Signed a USD 100 million loan accord for COVID-19 Emergency Response Project with the World Bank. Borrowed USD 200 million for COVID-19 response from the ADB. | • | • | |
| May 4 | • | • Extended deadlines for tax amnesty, all tax returns, following the Enhanced Community Quarantine extension to May 15 | • | • | |
| May 5 | • | • | • | Temporarily reduced the credit risk weigh of loans granted to MSMEs that are curre in status. Assigned a lower risk weight for MSME exposures that are covered by guarantee Deferred the implementation of the revise risk-based capital framework applicable t stand-alone thrift banks, rural banks and cooperative banks. Allowed covered banks and quasi-banks utilize the capital conservation buffer and Liquidity Coverage Ratio buffer during sta of health emergency. | |
| May 12 | • | • | • | • | |
| May 26 | • | • [ADB] Approved a USD 400 million policy- based loan. | • | • | |
| May 29 | • | [AIIB] Extended a USD 750 million loan for COVID-19 response (World Bank) approved USD 500 million loan for COVID-19. | • | Further eased rules on banks' Reserve Requirement. BSP will begin to count per loans extended to bigger companies facility financial strains due to the pandemic as compliance with banks' reserve | |

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| | Philippines extends lockdown to May 15, |
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| | Extended the lockdown to May 31, but |
| | eased some of the restrictions to revive the |
| | economy. |
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|) | Announced downgrade of Metropolitan |
| oeso Iicing | Manila to a "general community quarantine" in June from the current "enhanced" |
| icing s | quarantine. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | | | requirement ratio, subject to certain conditions. | |
| June 2 | • | • | • [Philippine Guarantee Corp.] approved a credit guarantee program to cover PHP 120 billion in working capital loans of micro, small and medium enterprises. | • | |
| June 5 | • | • | • | Extended the temporary relief measure o transactions with PhilPaSS until the last business day of 2020. | |
| June 9 | • | • | • | Relaxed regulations governing the submission of reports and other documen to the BSP's Financial Supervision Sector (FSS). | |
| June 16 | • | • | • | • | |
| June 17 | • | • | • | Granted regulatory relief for pawnshops through the relaxation of their maximum borrowing limit by increasing the allowed percentage of their total borrowings to pledge loans from 50 percent to 70 perce until December 31, 2021. | |
| June 25 | Cut policy rate by 50 basis points to 2.25 percent. | • Extended deadline for tax amnesty till end- December 2020. | • | • | |
| une 26 | • | • | • | Delayed the implementation of the Supervisory Assessment Framework (SAFr) from July 1, 2020 to January 1, 2021, to facilitate the conduct of preparatory activities for the effective roll out of the new supervisory framework, in view of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. | |
| June 29 | • | Extended anew deadlines for filing VAT refund claims as follows: Calendar quarter ending March 31, 2018—July 15, 2020 Fiscal quarter ending April 30, 2018— July 31, 2020 Fiscal quarter ending May 31, 2018— August 15, 2020 Calendar quarter ending June 30, 2018—August 31, 2020. | • | • | |
| July 1 | • | • | • | Issued Payment System Oversight Framework. | |
| July 3 | • | • | • | • | |
| July 7 | • | • | • | Announced that the third anti-money laundering/combating the financing of terrorism (AML/CFT) sectoral risk assessment (SRA) will be conducted. | |
| July 13 | • | [EU] Extended 2 grants worth EUR 60.5 million for peace, infrastructure development efforts in Mindanao. Government increases majority shareholdings in UCPB | • | • | |

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| | Retained partial restrictions in Manila for another two weeks. Reinstated strict lockdown rules in Cebu City, the country's fifth most populous city, following an increase in new infections. Further eased restrictions in provinces and cities with low cases. |
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| | Announced that Partial Restrictions in the Capital will be maintained for another two weeks. Strict lockdown measures, which were reinstated in Cebu City from June 16, would be also maintained. |
| | Cleared eight more airports in the country to operate commercial flights. |
| f | • |
| | Announced that part of Manila will go back into lockdown. |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| July 14 | • | • | • | Released Macroprudential Policy Strategy Framework. | • |
| July 16 | • | • | • | • | Extended Manila general quarantine rules to July 31. |
| July 17 | • | • | • | • Extended temporary measures on rediscount facilities and reduction of the term spread on exporters' US dollar and Japanese yen rediscounting loans for additional 75 days or until September 30, 2020. | • |
| July 20 | • | • Signed a USD 370 million loan agreement with the World Bank. | • | • | • |
| July 21 | • Announced a 100-basis-point reduction in the reserve requirements of thrift banks, and rural and cooperative banks effective July 31, 2020. | • | • | • | Placed 30 areas in 17 barangays under lockdown amid the rising COVID-19 cases in this southern port city. |
| July 22 | • | • | • | Extended operational relief measures for BSP-supervised financial institutions. The period of eligibility may be extended depending on the developments related to the COVID-L9 situation | Clarified that only foreigners with permanent or immigrant visas will be allowed entry into the country starting August 1. |
| July 23 | • | • | • | Excluded debt securities held by market makers from the credit exposure limit to a single borrower. | Suspended non-essential travel of Filipinos. |
| July 25 | • | • [Bureau of Internal Revenue] Maintained that foreign-based Philippine Offshore Gaming Operators (POGOs) should pay the 5 percent franchise tax before they can resume their operations, as clearly stated in a memorandum circular issued by the agency back in 2017. | • | • | Re-imposed non-essential international travel ban. |
| July 30 | • | • | • | • | Re-imposed a stricter COVID-19 lockdown in and around the capital for two weeks from August 4 until August 18. |
| August 11 | • | • | • | The BSP issued a MEMORANDUM NO. M- 2020-063, asking BSP-supervised financial institutions (BSFIs) to follow the guidelines on the resumption of submission of reports. | |
| August 18 | • | • | • | • | Placed Metro Manila as well as the nearby provinces of Bulacan, Cavite, Laguna and Rizal under general community quarantine. |
| August 20 | • Left the policy rate unchanged at 2.25 percent, as expected, but raised the lending cap on real estate. | • | • | • | • |
| August 25 | • | Approved the final version of a PHP 165.5 billion pandemic relief bill. | • | • | • |
| August 31 | • | • | | Enforced the following operational relief measures for the duration covered by Circular No. 1080 and up to one month thereafter: The prescriptive periods for submission of: (a) application for registration of foreign investments; (b) notice to the BSP for new foreign loans/borrowings and any changes in the loan's/borrowing's financial terms and conditions (including cancellations whether in partial/full); and (c) application for registration of foreign loans/borrowings, are temporarily lifted. | |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | | | Applicable processing fees under Appendix 20 of the FX Manual covering: (a) registration of foreign investments; (b) approval / registratio of foreign/foreign currency loans / borrowings with or without FX obligations due; and (c) replacement lost Bangko Sentral Registration Documents (BSRD) for loans and investments, filed during the period covered by Circular No. 1080 and up one month thereafter shall be waived | |
| September 11 | Kept policy rate unchanged at 2.25 percent. | • | • | • | |
| September 25 | • | • | • [The Monetary Board] Approved the setting of an annual interest rate ceiling of 24 percent on all credit card transactions effective November 3, 2020. | • | |
| September 29 | • | • | • | • | |
| September 30 | • Approved the further extension of the temporary measures implemented in the BSP's rediscount facilities2 until 31January 2021, subject to extension as may be approved by the Monetary Board. | • | Issued Guidelines on the Electronic Submission of the Financial Reporting Package for Non-Stock Savings and Loan Association (FRPNSSLA). | • | |
| October 1 | Kept policy rate at 2.25 percent. | • | • | • | |
| October 5 | • | • | • | Extended by another six months the suspension of charging of filing, processing, as well as licensing and registration fees related to advanced electronic payments and financial service (EPFS). | |
| October 12 | • Further eased Rules on banks' reserve requirements. Loans extended to pandemic-hit big companies that recorded a 25 percent drop in gross receipts and are unable to pay dues are now considered an alternative compliance to Philippine banks' reserve requirements. | • | • | • | |
| October 16 | • | • | • | • | |
| October 27 | • | • | • | • | |
| November 9 | • | • [Department of Finance (DOF)] Issued a circular extending to December 19, 2020 the payment of all local taxes, fees and charges imposed by local government units (LGUs) with deadlines falling on or after September 14, 2021, in compliance with the provisions of Republic Act (RA) No. 11494 or the Bayanihan to Recover As One Act (Bayanihan 2). | • | • | |
| November 12 | • | • | Approved the Financial Institutions Strategic Transfer (FIST) Act allowing | • | |

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| | Extended general community quarantine |
| | (GCQ) of Metro Manila and a few other |
| | areas under until October 31. |
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| | Allowed travel between areas placed under |
| | general community quarantine and modified general community quarantine for |
| | any purpose |
| | Kept Metro Manila under general |
| | community quarantine (GCQ) for the entire |
| | month of November 2020. Aside from the |
| | capital, also under GCQ until the end of |
| | next month are the provinces of Batangas |
| | and Lanao del Sur, and the cities of Iloilo, |
| | Bacolod, Tacloban, and Iligan. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | financial institutions to offload bad loans to asset management companies. | | |
| November 19 | • Decided to cut the interest rate on the BSP's overnight reverse repurchase facility by 25 basis points to 2.0 percent, effective 20 November 2020. | • | • | • | • |
| November 25 | • | • | • | • | • Announced return to pre-quarantine trading hours for currency and fixed income assets, effective December 1, 2020. |
| November 26 | • | • | • Approved the recognition of digital banks as a new bank category that is separate and distinct from the existing bank classifications. | • | • |
| December 17 | Maintained the interest rate on the BSP's overnight reverse repurchase facility at 2.0 percent. | • | • | • | • |
| December 21 | • | • | Waived fees for users of its Philippine Payment and Settlement System (PhilPaSS) until end-2021 as part of temporary relief measures for banks during the pandemic. | • [SEC] Further deferred application of some accounting rules until 2023 to give property companies more time amid the COVID-19 pandemic. | • |
| December 22 | • | Issued Revenue Regulations (RR) Nos. 32- 2020 and 33-2020 extending until June 2021 the respective deadlines for availing of the Tax Amnesty on Delinquencies (TAD) and Voluntary Assessment and Payment Program (VAPP). | • | • | • |
| December 29 | • | • | • | Extended regulatory relief to branches of foreign banks for breach in single borrower's limit. | • Extended partial COVID-19 curbs in Manila to January 31, 2021. |
| February 27, 2021 | • | • | • | • | Extended GCQ for Metro Manila, along with nine other areas, to end-March 2021. |
| | • | • | • | • | • |



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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| February 5, 2020 | Announced that its monetary policy stance remains unchanged, in response to media queries. However, there is sufficient room within the policy band to accommodate an easing of the Singapore Dollar Nominal Effective Exchange Rate (S\$NEER) in line with the weakening of economic conditions as a result of the pandemic. | • | • | • | |
| February 7 | • | • | • | • | |
| February 19 | • | Introduced two special packages in Budget 2020: the Stabilisation and Support Package (SGD 4.0 billion) and a Care and Support Package (SGD 1.6 billion). Collectively, the packages will set aside SGD 5.6 billion (or 1.1 percent of GDP) to support businesses and households with the pandemic. | • | • | |
| March 19 | Supported US dollar lending through a new USD 60 billion facility for banks (via a US dollar 60 billion swap facility with the US Federal Reserve. | • | • | • | |
| March 27 | • | Announced a second stimulus package, also known as the Resilience Budget, worth SGD 48.4 billion to deal with the pandemic. Coupled with the policies announced in the Unity Budget, Singapore has dedicated close to SGD 55 billion (or 11 percent of GDP) to save jobs, help enterprise overcome challenges and to strengthen economic and social resilience. | • | • | |
| March 30 | MAS will adopt a zero percent per annum rate of appreciation of the policy band starting at the prevailing level of the S\$NEER. There will be no change to the width of the policy band. | • | • | • | |
| March 31 | • | • | _ | [MAS and the financial Industry] Announced support for individuals and SMEs affected by the pandemic. The package has three components: help individuals meet their loan and insurance commitments; support SMEs with continued access to bank credit and insurance cover; and ensure interbank funding markets rema- liquid and well-functioning. | |
| April 3 | • | • | • | • | |

Contributor: Justin Lim (<u>Justin.Lim@amro-asia.org</u>) Updated February 28, 2021

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| | Raised DORSCON level to orange. |
| | Organizers of large events to take |
| | necessary precautions such as carrying out |
| | temperature screening; travel restrictions to |
| | stop all new visitors of any nationality with |
| | recent travel history to mainland China from entering Singapore. |
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| | • Implemented circuit breaker measures are |
| | implemented, lasting from April 7-May 4, |
| | 2020)—moved towards full home-based |
| | learning for schools and closed most |
| | physical workplace premises, save for those providing essential services and in |
| | selected economic sectors which are |
| | critical for the local and the global supply |
| | chains. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| April 6 | • | Announced third round of fiscal easing (Solidarity Budget) to help businesses, workers and households through the pandemic. The government plans to inject an additional SGD 5.1 billion to save jobs and to protect livelihoods as Singapore begins its "circuit breaker" from April 7–May 4, 2020. | • | • | |
| April 7 | • | • | • | MAS will take the following regulatory ar supervisory measures: | |
| | | | | adjust banks' capital and liquidity requirements, to help sustain their lending activities; | |
| | | | | allow FIs to take into account the government's fiscal assistance an banks' relief measures in setting more realistic accounting loan loss allowances; | |
| | | | | defer FIs' implementation of the fi set of Basel III reforms, margin requirements for non-centrally cleared derivatives, and other new regulations and policies, to ease F operational burden; | |
| | | | | provide FIs more latitude on submission timelines for regulator reports and defer non-urgent industry projects; and | |
| | | | | suspend regular onsite inspection and supervisory visits till further notice. | |
| April 8 | • | Launched a SGD 125 million package for financial institutions and fintech firms to strengthen long-term capabilities. | • | • | |
| April 20 | Introduced measures to directly lend to banks to then loan out to SMEs at 0.1 percent p.a. for a 2-year period. | • | • | • | |
| April 22 | • | Announced an additional SGD 3.8 billion to support businesses and workers during the extended circuit breaker period. | • | • | |
| April 30 | • | • | [MAS and the financial Industry] Announced a second round package to support individuals facing financial difficulties due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This package will extend the scope of relief for individuals to other types of loan commitments, and allow them to continue to have access to affordable basic banking services. | • | |
| May 26 | • | Announced fourth round of fiscal easing (Fortitude Budget) totaling SGD 33.0 billion, aimed at protecting jobs and businesses. The measures include additional support to businesses are still not allowed to reopen (i.e., retail, gyms and cinemas), foreign workers levy waivers, rental waivers for SMEs, supporting adoption of e-payments and supporting employment through job creation, traineeship and skills training. | • | • | |
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| | Extended circuit breaker measures to 1 June, 2020. |
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| | Ended Phase 1 of the Circuit Breaker |
| | measures. |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| June 3 | • | • | • [The Ministry of Finance (MOF), the Inland Revenue Authority of Singapore (IRAS), Enterprise Singapore (ESG), and the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS)] announced a package of measures to support landlords that may face cash flow constraints. | • |
| June 19 | • | • | • | • |
| June 27 | • | Set aside up to SGD 920 million to extend foreign worker levy (FWL) rebates until end-2022 for the Construction, Marine Shipyard and Process sectors. This is to better support the estimated 15,000 firms in these sectors, which have to adjust to much more stringent Safe Management Measures (SMM) as a result of COVID-19. | • | • |
| July 22 | • | • | [Enterprise Singapore (ESG), Sentosa Development Corporation (SDC) and Singapore Tourism Board (STB)] Announced the launch of SingapoRediscovers, a campaign that supports local lifestyle and tourism business and encourages Singaporeans and residents to explore different sides of Singapore. The agencies have set aside SGD 45 million for the campaign and its supporting marketing initiatives. | • |
| July 30 | Announced extension of the USD 60 billion Swap Facility with the US Federal Reserve and the MAS USD Facility. | • | • | Called on locally-incorporated banks headquartered in Singapore to cap their total dividends per share (DPS) for FY202 at 60 percent of FY2019's DPS, and offer shareholders the option of receiving the dividends to be paid for FY2020 in scrip i lieu of cash; encouraged banks to conser and carefully manage their capital, by exercising restraint in discretionary expenditure and management compensation. The 60 percent cap on Local Banks' FY2020 dividends balances the objective of capital conservation with the interests of shareholders. |
| August 7 | • | • | Urged finance companies incorporated in Singapore to cap their total dividends per share ("DPS") for FY2020 at 60 percent of FY2019 level. The finance companies are also encouraged to offer shareholders the option of receiving the dividends to be paid for FY2020 in scrip in lieu of cash. The dividend restriction for finance companies balances the objective of capital conservation to sustain lending with the interests of shareholders who may rely on this income. | • |
| August 17 | • | Announced the extension of the Jobs Support Scheme (JSS), with SGD 8 billion worth of measures, until March 2021. The support is tiered and greater allocation is provided to workers in the hardest-hit sectors. | • | • |
| August 27 | • | • | [MAS] Announced plans to gradually withdraw temporary COVID-19 relief measures for individuals and businesses, | • |

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| | Implemented Phase 2 of the Circuit |
| | Breaker reopening measures. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | | and is working closely with the industry to ensure a well-paced exit that minimizes sharp cliff effects for borrowers, while safeguarding financial stability. | | |
| September 3 | Announced measures to enhance the banking system's access to Singapore dollar (SGD) and US dollar (USD) funding. The new measures will strengthen banking sector resilience, promote more stable SGD and USD funding conditions, and support credit intermediation amid continued economic headwinds from the COVID-19 pandemic. | • | • | • | |
| September 4 | • | • The Government set aside SGD1 billion for the Jobs Growth Incentive (JGI) scheme to encourage firms to bring forward their hiring plans and accelerate the hiring of Singaporeans. For employers that hire mature jobseekers aged 40 and above from September 2020 to February 2021, the Government will support 50% of their salaries, up to the first SGD5,000, for 12 months. This is double the wage support for younger new local hires | • | • | |
| October 5 | | Extended the Temporary Bridging Loan Programme for six months, until September 2021, at reduced levels. | [The Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS), together with the Association of Banks in Singapore (ABS) and the Finance Houses Association of Singapore (FHAS)] Announced extension of support measures to help individuals and small and medium- sized enterprises (SMEs) facing cashflow difficulties transition gradually to full loan repayments. These extended measures will progressively expire over 2021: Individuals with residential, commercial and industrial property loans who are unable to resume making full loan repayments may apply to their respective banks or finance companies to make reduced instalment payments pegged at 60 percent of their monthly instalments, for a period of up to 9 months. SMEs in Tier 1 and 2 sectors may opt to defer 80 percent of principal payments on their secured loans granted by banks or finance companies, as well as loans granted under Enterprise Singapore's (ESG) Enhanced Working Capital Loan Scheme and Temporary Bridging Loan Programme until June 30, 2021. SMEs in other sectors may opt to do the same up to March 31, 2021. | | |
| October 12 | Announced extension of the MAS SGD Facility for ESG Loans (the Facility) to complement the six-month extension of Enterprise Singapore (ESG)'s Temporary Bridging Loan Programme [2] (TBLP) from April 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021. | • | • | • | |
| November 1 | • | • | Enabled SMEs in financial distress to access the Sole Proprietors and Partnerships (SPP) Scheme and Extended | • | |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | Support Scheme—Customised (ESS-C) to restructure credit facilities and debts owed to multiple lenders. | | |
| December 16 | • | Introduced the COVID-19 Driver Relief Fund totaling SGD133 million to provide taxi and private-hire car drivers SGD600 per vehicle per month in 1Q 2021 and SGD450 in 2Q 2021. Launched a COIVD-19 Recovery Grant, providing up to SGD500 to SGD700 a month for 3 months for those who suffer significant job or income losses. | • | • | • |
| December 28 | • | • | • | • | Implemented Phase 3 of the Circuit Breaker reopening measures. |
| January 23, 2021 | • | • | • | • | Tightened safety management measures slightly in light of the increase in the number of local infection cases. |
| February 18 | • | Announced the COVID-19 Resilience Package, amounting to SGD 11 billion, to help safeguard public health, ensure safe re-opening, support workers and businesses, and provide targeted support for sectors under stress. | • | • | • |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| February and March, 2020 | • | Reduced or delayed water and electricity bills, and service fees and rents charged by state agencies and SOEs. | Allowed banks more flexibility to approve loans in order to give debtors sufficient liquidity. Called on commercial banks to lower the minimum payment limit for credit-card holders to 5 percent from the 10 percent ceiling. | Eased debt classification criteria to allow SMEs and general customers who are bank debtors to undergo debt restructuri without any stain on their credit history. Reduced contributions to the Social Security Fund by 0.1 percent of salary for months. | |
| February 5 | • Cut the policy rate by 25 basis points to 1.00 percent. | • | • | • | |
| March 10 | • | Announced THB 400 billion (2.4 percent of GDP) stimulus package: SFI soft loans at 2 percent interest for 2 years. Moratorium of principal payments, interest cuts, delayed debt payments. Social Security Office (SSO) soft loans at 3 percent for entrepreneurs. Reduction in withholding tax from 3 percent to 1.5 percent from April– September 2020. 1.5 percent deduction of interest expense for SMEs that take part in debtrestructuring programs. 3 times deduction for salary payments for SME members of SSO. | Announced the investment of more than 65 percent of the Super Savings Fund (SSF) in companies listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, and will offer higher tax benefits to attract more public investment in the SSF. | • | |
| March 13–20 | Purchased more than THB 100 billion of government bonds to alleviate liquidity stress. | Sivie members of 350. | • | • | |
| March 17 | • | • | • | • | |
| March 20 | Cut the policy rate by 25 basis points to 0.75 percent (to take effect on March 23, 2020). Announced the provision of liquidity to government bond market through bond purchases. Provided liquidity from BOT facility to mutual funds through commercial banks. Preliminary estimates suggest approximately THB 1 trillion bond (5.9 percent of GDP) mutual funds are eligible. | • | • [Thai Bankers' Association, the Government Savings Bank, Thai insurance providers, and the Government Pension Fund] Jointly set up a THB 70-100 billion Corporate Bond Stabilization Fund to invest in high-quality, newly issued bonds by corporates that cannot fully roll over maturing corporate bonds. | • | |
| March 22 | • | Announced THB 117 billion (0.7 percent of GDP) of stimulus for workers outside social security system and small firms. | • | • | |
| March 24 | • | • | • | • | |

Contributor: Ruperto Majuca (ruperto.majuca@amro-asia.org) Updated March 2, 2021

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| | Closed 8 types of establishments (sports arenas, massage shops, schools, theaters, etc.). Closed schools and universities. Required foreigners from China, Korea, Macau, Hong Kong, Italy, and Iran to produce health certificates. Postponed Songkran (Thai New Year holiday) until further notice. |
| | • |
| | Implemented soft lockdown in Bangkok and adjacent provinces. Expanded the list of types business establishments closed to 26 (including shopping malls and markets, barbershops, beauty salons, etc.). Take- outs only at restaurants. |
| | Declared state of emergency (gives the government powers not available during normal times, like imposing curfews, dispersing gatherings, censoring the media, and deploying military). |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| March 26 | • | • | • | • | |
| April 3 | • | • | • | • | |
| April 7 | Announced issuance of THB 500 billion (3.0 percent of GDP) in soft loans at an interest rate of 2 percent per annum for SMEs (limit of THB 500 million per loan). An estimated 1.7 million of unlisted businesses are eligible. Announced THB 400bn (2.4 percent of GDP) Corporate Bond liquidity Stabilization Fund (BSF), which will allow the BOT to buy investment grade private bonds. | Approved 3rd stimulus package, worth THB 1.9 trillion (11.3 percent of GDP) (including BOT measures); THB 80–100 billion to come from budget reallocation. New borrowing to be worth THB 1 trillion, approximately 5.9 percent GDP, with the revised borrowing plan implemented from May 2020–September 2021; the public debt to GDP ratio expected to increase to 57 percent in 2021 (from 41.4 percent as of February 2020), below the self-imposed legal ceiling of 60 percent. THB 600 billion (3.6 percent of GDP) of the loan to support the healthcare sector, farmers and sectors affected by COVID-19. The THB 5,000 cash handout to support 9 million informal sector workers will increase from 3 to 6 months. THB 400 billion (2.4 percent of GDP) to support the economy (create jobs, build community infrastructure, strengthen communities). Provided free electricity up to 90 units per month (if meter is less than 5 amperes); payments are also extended by 6 months without penalty. | Reduced commercial banks' contributions to bailout fund to 0.23 percent from 0.46 percent. (Commercial banks and SFIs) agreed to postpone for 6 months principal and interest payments for SMEs that borrowed less than THB 100 million in loans. | | |
| April 9 | • | Announced that 30 million mobile subscribers can apply for 10GB free data handout. | • | • | |
| April 13 | • | • | • | • | |
| April 14 | • | (Board of Investment) granted additional privileges to medical devices and related sectors, with a 3-year decrease in corporate tax by 50 percent. | • Eased conditions on Debt Clinic, with 2 percentage point cut for 6 months and grace period for interest and principal. | • | |
| April 16 | • | (Board of Investment) approved incentives that help ease COVID-19 pressures, including additional 3 years and 50 percent income tax reduction for medical sector investments (devices, supplies, test kits, drugs); import duties exemptions on machineries for medical devices manufacture; expansion of scope for duty- free importation of R&D materials use. | (Commerce Ministry) sought department stores' cooperation in lowering prices for food and daily use items to help reduce consumers' burden, given lower production and transportation costs. | • | |
| April 20 | • | Obtained Royal endorsement for emergency decrees for 3rd stimulus plan announced April 7, 2020. | • | • | |
| April 21 | • | Cut or waived electricity charges for 22 million households for 3 months. This would cost the government THB 23.7 billion of lost revenue. Provided mobile phone users with 100 free minutes of voice calls for 45 days. | • | Passed a law that will enable legal meetings by the state and corporations (e.g. stockholder meetings) to be carried out through electronic media. The legal validity will not apply to parliament, courts and state procurement processes where ministerial regulations should continue to be followed. | |

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| | Banned entry of foreigners except |
| | diplomats, shippers, pilots, and others with |
| | permission from the Prime Minister. |
| | Established military checkpoints across the nation |
| | nation. Introduced curfew from 10 p.m.—4 a.m. |
| | Introduced currew from 10 p.m.—4 a.m. Set up police and military checkpoints |
| | Set up police and military checkpoints nationwide. |
| | Moved academic term July 1, 2020 from |
| | May 16, 2020. |
| | May 10, 2020. |
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| | Granted automatic visa extensions to foreigners |
| | foreigners. |
| | Banned liquor sales in Metro Bangkok Cancelled Sangkrap factival |
| | Cancelled Songkran festival. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| April 23 | • | Announced issuance of THB 70 billion worth of promissory notes to fund the THB 5000 cash handout in the second month. This is part of the borrowing plan of THB 600bn this fiscal year and THB 400bn next FY in the 3rd stimulus package announced April 7, 2020. At least 80 percent of the total borrowing will be from the domestic market. Loans from the World Bank and ADB will also be considered if terms are appropriate. Overall, public debt will rise to 51.9 percent of GDP in 2020 FY and 58 percent of GDP in FY2021. | [Board of Investment] Extended deadline for corporate income tax application, launched online submission of documents, and offered online meetings to answer queries. | • |
| April 27 | • | percent of GDP III F 12021. | • | • |
| | | | | |
| April 28 | | Announced that it is considering THB 5,000 handout to farmers for 3 months (part of 3rd stimulus announced April 7, 2020). | | |
| April 29 | • | Approved cash handout of THB 5,000 for 3 months to <u>10 million farming households</u>, as part of the third stimulus announced on April 7, 2020, This is separate from the earlier-approved THB 5000 3-month cash handout to <u>self-employed</u>, <u>laid-off workers</u> not part of the Social Security Fund, and temporary workers, which will be given to an estimated 16 million applicants. Another group is 11 million laid-off workers who are part of the Security Fund. For cash aid to this group, no central government budget is necessary, as money for this fund has already been funded through the years. | • | • |

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| Extended Emergency Decree until May 31, 2020. This means 10 p.m4 a.m. curfew, no social gatherings and limited interprovincial travel. (Civil aviation authorities) extended incoming flights ban for 1 more month until May 31, 2020; exceptions made for medical and relief aid, repatriations and cargo. Announced resumption of domestic flights through Suvarnabhumi Airport from May 1, 2020. (Thai immigration) granted automatic extension of stay for foreigners holding |
| visas for 3 months until end-July 2020. Announced that some essential businesses with low transmission risks may reopen from May 4, 2020, with hygiene standards, which excludes entertainment venues and crowds. Thus, Bangkok may reopen restaurants, markets, exercise venues, hairdressers, etc., with protocols (1.5 meters apart, face masks, temperature checks, hand sanitizers). Government expects new rise in cases following easing of lockdown, but the increase is not expected to be sharp and the government may then strengthen measures again. Anticipated increased testing, particularly among high-risk groups. Announced that four May public holidays (Labour Day, etc.) will continue as usual, but that authorities will strictly enforce public health measures. Announced that the government plans to make its own Favipiravir, a COVID-19 antiviral patent which has expired. |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| April 30 | • | • | • | • |
| May 1 | • | • | • | • |
| May 3 | • | • | • | • |
| May 13 | • | Extended personal income tax filing from March to August. Deadline for filing of taxes by corporates (withholding tax, VT, specific business tax, etc.) extended by 1 to 2 months. Approved transfer of THB 88.5 billion from ministries to COVID fight fund (previous estimate was THB 100 billion). Biggest adjustment was from MOF THB 36 billion principal debt service and Defence Ministry's delay of THB 18 billion purchases of submarines and other equipment). | • | • |
| May 17 | • | • | • | • |
| May 20 | Cut policy rate by 25 basis points to 0.50 percent, a new record low | • | • | • |
| May 26 | • | • | • | • |

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| Containment |
| Announced that effective May 3, 6 activities would be included in the first round of easing restrictions. They include retail and wholesale (convenience stores, supermarkets), barbers and hair salons, food beverage and hawkers, etc. Disease control measures have to be applied (masks, hand sanitizers, distancing). Four stages of relaxation planned. Prison visit ban extended until May 31, but State Railway will increase commuter trains from Bangkok by 8 to a total of 20. |
| • 4 airlines resumed domestic flights starting Friday, with safety precautions (disinfectants, face shields, masks and gloves for staff, thermal scanning). Foreign flights remain banned except for humanitarian, medical, repatriation, cargo flights and the like. |
| Updated April 30 announcement. 10 types of business and venues allowed to reopen from May 3. Alcohol sales are allowed, but restaurants are not allowed to sell them as a precondition to re-opening. Pubs will remain closed. |
| |
| Started Phase 2 relaxation. Shopping malls will be among businesses allowed to reopen with safeguards. Convention centers and swimming pools are also allowed, along with restaurants, botanical gardens, museums, beauty salons. However, cinemas, amusement parks, gymnasiums and boxing stadiums will remain closed. Banned inbound flights until at least June 30. Shortened curfew by 1 hour, from 11 p.m. to 4 a.m. instead of from 10 p.m Government deciding whether to extend state of emergency beyond May 31. |
| Announced that Thailand has joined vaccine hunt and aims to produce it by next year, following successful tests on guinea pigs. Tests on monkeys will begin next week. |
| Officially extended the state of emergency until the end of June. Announced preparation of the list of businesses and activities for next stage of |

| Date | Measure | | | |
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| Duit | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
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| May 28 | • | • | • | • |
| May 29 | | | | • |
| June 1 | • | [Parliament] approved the 3 executive decrees previously announced. They include THB 1 trillion in borrowing and BOT measures to stabilize financial markets. | • | • |
| June 2 | • | Announced 90 percent reduction in land and buildings tax for the fiscal year, with the deadline for payments moved to August from April. (approved by Cabinet June 4; Royal Decree went into force 10 June) | • | • |
| June 12 | • | • | • | • |

| Containment |
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| relaxation measures. The list could include cinemas, bowling, skating, karaoke, zoos, massage, fitness centers and even boxing stadiums with safety measures. However, pubs, bars, and night entertainment may remain closed. Reducing curfew hours further by 1 hour is also being considered. Proposed shortening curfew from 11p.m. to 3 a.m. (from 11 p.m4 a.m.), and extending mall hours to 9 p.m. (currently 8 p.m.). Relaxation may cover massage parlors, cinemas, zoos, meeting venues. High risk activities like boxing stadiums, pubs and amusement parks may remain closed. Decision will go to COVID committee then to Cabinet. Announced that Thailand is likely to end state of emergency on June 30. Lockdown may completely end on July 1, including end of curfew, and allowing interprovincial |
| and international travel. Announced Phase 3 easing will start on Monday, June 1. Curfew hours shortened to 11 p.m.–3 a.m Mall hours extended until 9 p.m School buildings can reopen |
| for short training sessions and admission exams, not for normal classes. Convention venues limited to 20,000 square meters can open until 9 p.m Health oriented massage and fitness clubs can reopen but saunas still closed. Sports stadia, non-players capped at 10. Cinemas can reopen but 3 seats apart (2 people for adjacent seats allowed) and front and back seats positioned diagonally. Masks should be worn at all times, so no food and drinks allowed. Announced conduct of 100,000 tests on high risk groups (health workers and public transport drivers) and people living in crowded areas. |
| • |
| • |
| Announced 4th phase of easing, effective June 15. Curfew will be lifted. About 95 percent of businesses and activities will be allowed to reopen, including conventions and seminars, water parks and amusement parks, massage parlors, group exercise in parks, liquor sales in restaurants and hotels, etc. However, bars, pubs, karaokes, and other entertainment businesses remain closed. |

| Date | Measure | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| June 16 | • | Approved, as part of the implementation of the 3rd stimulus package (previously announced): Domestic tourism package worth THB 22.4 billion, to run from July to October: subsidised hotel stay for up to 5 nights for 40 percent of expenses | • | • |
| | | or THB 3,000 per night, whichever is lower; food subsidy at THB 600 per night; 40 percent subsidy for flights subject to THB 1,000 limit; THB 2,000 subsidy for 1.2 million health workers. – Handouts for 4 groups: THB1,000 for | | |
| | | 3 months to 1.2 million state welfare card holders not previously receiving assistance; 0.3 million people unsuccessful registrants of "Nobody Left Behind"; THB 1,000 for 3 months to 6.7 million people in fragile state not previously receiving assistance; and 0.26 million farmers not previously receiving assistance. | | |
| June 17 | • | Approved THB 3.3 trillion FY2021 budget (increase of 3.1 percent year-over-year) and will be tabled for Parliament. | • | • |
| June 22 | • | • | Asked banks to suspend interim dividend payments to shareholders in order to preserve capital, as well as reduce interest rates on personal loans and credit cards by 2 to 4 percentage points (effective from August 1) as COVID relief. Capital adequacy ratio is 18.7 percent system- wide, higher than legal minimum of 8.5 percent and BOT requirement of 12.5 percent; NPLs are at 3.05 percent as of end-March. | • |
| June 24 | • | • | Offered 50 percent discounts on take-off and landing fees and no parking charges for airlines, as part of COVID relief. | • |
| June 30 | • | • | • | Approved the reduction by half for two years, of the specialized financial institutions contribution to the bailout fun the Specialized Institutions Financial Development Fund, to 0.125 percent from 0.25 percent previously. |
| July 1 | • | • | • | • |

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| VO | Approved emergency decree extension to |
| t fund, | until July 31. |
| l Turiu, | Prepared for Fifth phase of reopening starting July 1. Bars, pubs, karaoke, soapy |
| t from | massages and entertainment venues will |
| (nom | be allowed to reopen with safeguard |
| | measures. Schools will reopen today, with |
| | safeguard measures: masks, temperature |
| | checks, used ballot boxes that were |
| | repurposed to make partitions. |
| | Lifted ban on international flights for |
| | selected visitors, under specific conditions, |
| | including: |
| | Persons invited by the Prime Minister; |
| | Non-Thai spouses and children of Thais |
| | Work permit holders; |
| | International students and their parents |
| | or guardians; |
| | Medical tourists who must stay under |
| | hospital quarantine; |
| | Diplomatic and consular missions, international argonizations, ather |
| | international organizations, other |
| | international agencies allowed by |
| | Ministry of Foreign Affairs; |

| Date | Measure | | | |
|---------|---|---|--|------------------------|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
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| July 7 | • | Cut by half the sales tax rate of e-tricycles (promote clean energy) and fruit and vegetable juices (health products); postponed planned increase in tobacco and cigarette sales tax from October 2020 to October 2021; offered tax waivers until September 30 to tourism and hospitality businesses that keep employees. | • | • |
| July 8 | • | Sought to remove the VAT exemption for parcel and import through the post, in order to level the playing field for local SME vendors. | • | • |
| July 14 | • | • | [SOE bank GSB] Announced new THB 100 billion SME soft loans for tourism and services sectors. Unlike BOT SME soft loans (THB 500 billion) available only to existing bank customers, GSB soft loans will be available also to new borrowers. Thai Credit Guarantee will offer guarantee for new borrowers. | • |
| July 17 | • | [Tourism Ministry] Announced plans for second phase of domestic tourism stimulus (still part of budget from 3rd stimulus measures) with more generous subsidies geared towards second tier provinces off the beaten track. The government had previously approved THB 18 billion hotel and THB 2 billion air ticket subsidies for domestic tourism, and only about half of that may have been used in the first phase as domestic travellers economize on their own budgets. So there is no need for additional government budget for second phase, as what remains of the existing budget can be utilized for the second phase. | • | • |
| July 21 | [BOT Governor] Ruled out IMF financial assistance as Thailand is in stronger external, banking and economic fundamental positions than during Asian Financial Crisis. | • | • | • |
| July 22 | • | Greenlighted the inclusion of unlicensed hotels in the domestic tourism stimulus scheme, in order to increase supply and choice for consumers. Hotel operators found to be price-gouging will be delisted from the scheme. | • | • |
| July 24 | • | Announced that the state debt office (PDMO) will offer THB 30 billion in green bonds, THB 20 billion of which will cover part of the THB 1 trillion fiscal stimulus, while THB 10 billion will be for the MRT. | • [State owned bank GSB] Extended the debt moratorium until December 2020, which will cover 3.1 million customers and THB 1.14 trillion in loans due this September. | • |
| July 29 | Extended the expiration of THB 500 billion soft loan scheme until end-2021 from original expiration date of end-2020. | • | Announced possibility of a third phase of debt relief, which include haircuts on loan principal. Financial institutions may receive | • |

| Containment |
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| Special arrangements with foreign |
| countries. |
| Individuals must comply with applicable |
| testing, quota, and quarantine rules. |
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| Temporarily banned all international flights |
| remporarily barned an international lights into Thailand; temporarily suspended |
| entry of business representatives and |
| foreign diplomats under special |
| arrangements after daughter of Sudanese |
| attaché tested positive in Thailand |
| notwithstanding clearing health checks in |
| Sudan. In the future, even assuming entry |
| would be allowed, foreign diplomats and |
| their families would have to undergo 14 |
| days of alternative state quarantine. |
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| Extended the state of omergeney yet again |
| • Extended the state of emergency yet again for 1 more month, until August 31. |
| Approved in principle the entry of migrant |
| workers, medical tourists, foreign business |
| reps, etc., subject to organizational or state |
| quarantine. Details to be finalized. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| | | | tax incentives from regulatory bodies as incentive. | | |
| July 30 | • | • The domestic travel stimulus (part of third stimulus package) deadline may be extended until year-end, as there is slow uptake, and end 2020 covers high season. Second phase focusing on second-tier provinces and weekend is also being readied. | [Airports of Thailand] extended to 12 months (previously 6 months) the credit payment for airlines and businesses affected by COVID-19. [The Debt Clinic asset management SPV] Announced purchase of THB 10–15 billion in bad assets from financial institutions in 2020 and around THB 20 billion in 2021, which would help NPLs. | • | |
| August 4 | • | • | | • | |
| August 6 | • | • | [Social Security Office] Further cut employers' and employees' monthly contributions. September to November contributions will be reduced to 2 percent from 5 percent a month (both worker and business contributions). The first reduction was between March to May when employers' contributions fell from 5 percent to 4 percent, while workers' share was reduced from 5 percent to 1 percent. (This proposed measure was subsequently approved by the Cabinet on Sept 1.) | • | |
| August 13 | • | • | | • | |
| August 17 | • | • | • [Government Savings Bank, an SOE bank] Accepted, for the first time in its history, motorcycles as loan collateral, to assist individuals in rural areas seeking small ticket loans. | • | |
| August 19 | • | • | • [Thai Credit Guarantee Corporation] Guaranteed loans taken by SMEs under the BOT's scheme, covering loan terms of up to 8 years and which will cost THB 57 billion, with the guarantee kicking in | • | |

| Containment |
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| [Civil Aviation Authority] Lifted entry restrictions on 4 groups of foreigners: foreigners seeking medical treatment (required to stay for at least 14 days at a hospital); permanent residents and their spouses and children; work permit holders; special arrangements; and migrant workers. The government has allowed entry to some, as well as some foreign businesspeople, but the limit on the maximum number of passengers is capped at 500 per day. A COVID-free health certificate and 14-day quarantine are required. |
| • |
| Normalized schooling with full schedule of classes resuming normal hours. The government continues to implement strict measures, requiring school temperatures checks and that students maintain records of itineraries and giving them to teachers. Continued international flight ban for the foreseeable future as the COVID situation remains critical in other countries. No travel bubble program has been agreed bilaterally with other countries are presently not allowed entry. No commercial airline is allowed to operate flights currently. |
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| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Date | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| | | | the third year of borrowing. The guarantee fee rate is 1.75 percent per annum. | | | |
| August 25 | • | Approved maintaining the VAT rate at 7 percent through September 2021 (for another year). Approved expansion of domestic tourism stimulus scheme, still under the previously announced 3rd stimulus package. Flight subsidies will double to THB 2,000 baht and each traveler will be entitled to a 40 percent discount for 10 hotel nights, up from 5 nights previously. Greenlighted budget amounting THB 1 billion to support vaccine production. | • | • | | |
| August 27 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 28 August 31 | • | Announced plan to extend THB 24 billion in soft loans to airlines through commercial banks, starting October, while requesting the airlines not to lay off employees. The lowered airline charges will be extended until March 2021, and the lowered jet fuel excise tax will continue until the end of September 2020. (This proposal is still awaiting final approval by the Cabinet.) [Bangkok Metropolitan Administration] | • | • | | |
| - | | Extended the deadline for paying land and building tax until October 31. | | | | |
| September 1 | • | • | • [The Cabinet] Approved the reduction in Social Security Fund (SSF) contributions from 5 percent to 2 percent for both employees and employers from September–November 2020. The applicable SSF contributions for both employers and employees are available at: https://www.tilleke.com/resources/thai- government-announces-second-phase- reductions-social-security-fund- contributions. | • | | |
| September 2 | • | • | • | Permitted borrowers to use houses as collateral to convert unsecured loans to secured loans and qualify for the debt consolidation program. | | |
| September 8 | • | Approved THB 23 billion job program for new graduates, who will be hired for one year with the government paying 50 percent of their salary and private sector paying the remaining 50 percent. Employers who join the program should not lay-off more than 15 percent of their employees during the 12-month timeline. This program is expected to benefit 260,000 fresh graduates from vocational schools and universities. [This program is part of the implementation of the third stimulus package.] | • | • | | |
| September 15 | • | • | • [BOT] Issued circular on digital loans, which allows alternative data for loan analysis, thereby enabling easier access to financial | • | | |

| e | Containment |
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| | |
| | Approved extension of the state of emergency for one more month through September 30. |
| | Announced strict vetting of border passes in the northern province along the Myanmar border following reports of COVID-19. |
| | Requested that firms delay bringing in Myanmar workers for the time being. |
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| ses as oans to e debt | • |
| | • |
| | Approved 90-day special tourist visa program (extendable 2 times for 90 days each) for long-stay visitors, who will accept |

| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| | | | services for consumers with no financial statements. | | | | |
| September 21 | • | • [The House of Representatives] Approved the FY2021 budget bill, which starts in October 2021. Subsequent approval by the Senate and endorsement by the King are required to pass the bill into a law. | • | • | | | |
| September 22 | • | • | • | • | | | |
| September 23 | • Kept the record-low policy rate of 0.50 percent unchanged. | • | • | • | | | |
| September 28 | • | • | • | • | | | |
| September 30 | • | Approved: (1) THB 21 billion cash handouts—THB 500 monthly handouts for three months (October to December) to 14 million low income earners; and (2) THB 30 billion subsidies for consumption expenditure for 10 million people, a 50-50 co-pay system where consumers will pay 50 percent of the expenditure and the government will subsidize the 50 percent price discount; each consumer can spend up to THB 100 per day or THB 3,000 per month. [This program is part of the implementation of the third stimulus package.] | • | • | | | |
| October 1 | • | • | [Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET)] Resumed normal short selling, and ceiling and floor rules, as stock market volatility normalize (on March 18, the SET revised the circuit breaker and ceiling and floor rules in order to address stock market volatility). | [Energy Regulatory Commission] Extended until December 31, 2020 the policy to charge medium and large firms based on actual usage of electricity, instead of the pricier "minimum charge" rate of at least 7 percent of 12-month average electricity usage. | | | |
| October 5 | • | • | • | • | | | |
| October 12 | • | Approved tax deduction scheme of up to THB 30,000 for buying goods and services subject to VAT from October 23–December 31, 2020. Certain goods and services are excluded from the scheme, including tobacco, alcoholic beverages, hotel, flight tickets and travel costs. About 4 million individuals are expected to participate, which will result in THB 12 billion foregone state revenue. [This program is part of the implementation of the third stimulus package.] | • | • | | | |
| October 16 | • | • | • | Decided not to extend the 6-month broad based debt moratorium that started in Ap 23, 2020 when it ends on October 22, 2020. Instead, a more targeted SME deb relief measure will be adopted, to preven moral hazard and lessen risks to financia stability. Banks will consider adjusting de service obligations on a case-to-case bas SMEs that can repay their loans are advised to continue doing so normally; SMEs that can only partially resume operations will be subjected to debt restructuring; those that are unable to | | | |

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| | Containment |
| | 14-day quarantine, up to 1,200 people a month. |
| | • |
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| | |
| | • [The provincial governor] Ordered the Phra |
| | Chedi Sam Ong border checkpoint near Myanmar to close until October 5. |
| | • |
| | Extended state of emergency for another month, until end-October. |
| | Permitted foreign citizens unable to return to home countries to stay in Thailand until October 31, after which the foreigners would need to apply for extension of stay. |
| ended o d on the east 70 ity | • |
| | • Extended closure of border pass in district near Myanmar until October 19, 2020. |
| | Agreed to manufacture and supply AstraZeneca vaccine for Thailand and other countries in the region. |
| road- n April debt event ncial g debt- basis: y; | • |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--|---|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | |
| 1 | | | | repay can avail themselves of debt moratoria until June 2021. | |
| October 20 | • Extended THB 500 billion soft loan program by 6 months, and relaxed the conditions by extending eligibility even to SMEs listed in the Market of Alternative Investment. | • | • | • | |
| October 21 | • | • | • | • | |
| October 26 | • | • | Extended Debt Clinic program until June 2021. | • | |
| October 28 | • | • | • | • | |
| November 6 | • | • | • [Energy Regulatory Commission] Reduced fuel tariff by THB 0.0289 per kilowatt hour. | • | |
| November 11 | • | • | • Permitted CLM migrant workers with work permits expiring next year to work in Thailand for up to 2 more years from December 2021, provided they renew their work permits upon expiration; hence, workers do not have to return home and re- apply before being allowed to work in Thailand. | • | |
| November 18 | • | • | • | • | |
| November 20 | Unveiled additional exchange rate and capital outflows relaxation measures, which consist of: (1) permitting Thai residents to freely deposit and transfer foreign currency deposit (FCD) funds; and (2) relaxing foreign securities investment rules, such as increasing the limit for Thai retail investors to invest in foreign securities to USD 5 million, from USD 200,000 previously, and allowing listing of foreign securities in Thailand, such as exchange traded funds. | • | • | • | |
| November 25 | • | • Asked the Public Debt Management Office to consider external loans from international financial institutions in order to diversity sources of lending. | • | • | |
| November 27 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 8 | • | Allocated THB 20.6 billion budget for the state welfare scheme and THB 22.5 billion budget for the second phase of the 50%- 50% co-payment program. [These are part of the implementation of the third stimulus package.] | • | • | |
| December 17 | • | • | • | • | |
| December 19 | • | • | • | • | |
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| Containment |
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| • |
| Announced donation of 20 negative pressure cabinets to Myanmar, Lao PDR, Cambodia, and Malaysia in support of COVID-19 pandemic control efforts. |
| • |
| Extended the state of COVID-19 emergency for another month. |
| • |
| • |
| Proposed extension of the COVID-19 state of emergency, until January 15, 2021, which will be forwarded to the Cabinet for decision. It would be the Emergency Decree's 8th extension. |
| • |
| • |
| Signed a forward contract with AstraZeneca to acquire 26 million doses of the vaccine. |
| • Expanded the special tourist visa (STV) program to visitors from every country, subject to 14-day quarantine. The visa will be valid for 90 days, and eligible for renewal twice. |
| Relaxed restrictions and released a new list of 56 territories and countries, the citizens of which can reside in Thailand without a visa, and extended the validity of such stays to 45 days from 30 days, subject to 14-day quarantine. |
| Placed Samut Sakhon province under lockdown until January 3, following a spike in COVID-19 cases. |

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--|------------------------|--|--|
| 2010 | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| December 22 | • | • | Paid workers insured under the Social Security Fund (SSF)—who lost their jobs as a result of the pandemic—50 percent of their daily salary based on a maximum salary of THB 15,000 per month, for a maximum of 90 days, effective December 19, 2020. Reduced contributions by employers and employees to the SSF to 3 percent from 5 percent, from January to March 2021. | • | | |
| December 23 | Maintained policy rate at 0.50 percent. | Extended exemption from excise taxes of alcohol used for cleaning until June 2021 [Excise Department]. | • | • | | |
| December 24 | • | • | • | • | | |
| December 25 | • | • | • | • | | |
| December 26 | • | • | • | • | | |
| December 28 | • Further relaxed the conditions for the THB 500 billion soft loan program, by adjusting the definition of businesses entitled to SME funding, and by permitting SMEs to apply for funding up to two times (previously, only once was permitted). | • | • | • | | |
| December 29 | • | • | • | • | | |
| December 30 | • | • | • | • | | |
| January 5, 2021 | • | • | • | • | | |

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| | Containment |
| • | Closed more than 100 schools in Bangkok and Samut Sakhon. |
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| • | |
| • | Announced COVID-19 control zoning, with Samut Sakhon placed under maximum control (red zone). There is gradual relaxation in the three other zones depending on the number of COVID-19 cases. The provinces surrounding Samut Sakhon such as Ratchaburi,Nakhon Pathom, Bangkok, and Samut Songkhram are under control (orange zone) and the transport of migrant workers is banned in this zone. |
| • | Banned crowded events and public New Year celebrations in Bangkok and other provinces. |
| • | Announced nationwide ban on public gatherings; governors are authorized to declare lockdowns in their provinces. |
| | |
| • | |
| • | Ordered the closure of entertainment venues (massage parlors, horseracing tracks, cockfighting arenas, bars with hostesses) in Bangkok. Pubs and restaurants can open until midnight if they only serve food and drinks. Allowed illegal migrants from Cambodia, Lao and Myanmar to register and stay in Thailand for two years, to control a new round of COVID-19 infections; both employers and illegal migrant workers are otherwise incentivized to move the workers |
| • | Ordered the closure of entertainment venues (massage parlors, horseracing tracks, cockfighting arenas, bars with hostesses) in Bangkok. Pubs and restaurants can open until midnight if they only serve food and drinks. Allowed illegal migrants from Cambodia, Lao and Myanmar to register and stay in Thailand for two years, to control a new round of COVID-19 infections; both employers and illegal migrant workers are otherwise incentivized to move the workers to other areas for fear of prosecution. Placed Pattaya and Bang Lamung district under lockdown until further notice. Banned all gatherings which "pos[e] a risk of disease transmission." |
| • • | Ordered the closure of entertainment venues (massage parlors, horseracing tracks, cockfighting arenas, bars with hostesses) in Bangkok. Pubs and restaurants can open until midnight if they only serve food and drinks. Allowed illegal migrants from Cambodia, Lao and Myanmar to register and stay in Thailand for two years, to control a new round of COVID-19 infections; both employers and illegal migrant workers are otherwise incentivized to move the workers to other areas for fear of prosecution. Placed Pattaya and Bang Lamung district under lockdown until further notice. Banned all gatherings which "pos[e] a risk |

| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
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| | | | | | | | |
| January 6 | Allowed more flexibility for non-resident | [Thai Credit Guarantee Corporation] | • | • | | | |
| | firms to conduct FX transactions under the | Introduced 6 new SME loan guarantee | | | | | |
| | non-resident qualified company program, | programs worth THB 40 billion. | | | | | |
| | as part of liberalizing capital flow | | | | | | |
| | regulations. | | | | | | |
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| January 8 | • | • | Extended permission to employers and | • | | | |
| | | | employees to defer contributions to the | | | | |
| | | | company provident fund, for another six | | | | |
| | | | months until end-June, 2021. | | | | |
| January 12 | • | Approved hand-outs of THB 3,500 for 2 | • | • | | | |
| | | months, with a budget of around THB 200- | | | | | |
| | | 300 billion. | | | | | |
| | | Reduced water and electricity charges for 2 | | | | | |
| | | months. | | | | | |
| | | Extended reduced fee for mortgages and | | | | | |
| | | property transfer and the 90 percent | | | | | |
| | | reduction in building and land taxes. | | | | | |
| January 14 | • | • | Maintained price controls on 55 products | • | | | |
| | | | and services (face masks, hand sanitizers, | | | | |
| | | | etc.). | | | | |
| January 20 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| January 21 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| January 25 | • | • | Further cut monthly employees' | • | | | |
| | | | contributions to Social Security Fund for 2 | | | | |
| | | | months (February and March), to 0.5 | | | | |
| | | | percent of salaries from lowered rate of 3 | | | | |
| | | | percent. Employers' contributions will | | | | |
| | | | remain at 3 percent for two months | | | | |
| | | | (February and March). | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| January 26 | • | • | Extended the deadline for filing personal | • | | | |
| | | | income taxes by 3 months (from March 31 | | | | |
| | | | to June 30, 2021). | | | | |
| January 29 | • | • | • | • | | | |
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| February 2 | • | Approved, in principle, THB 8.8 billion | • | • | | | |
| | | budget for 2021 oil palm price guarantee | | | | | |
| | | scheme. | | | | | |
| February 3 | Maintained policy rate at 0.50 percent. | • | • | • | | | |
| February 10 | • | • | Renewed investment promotion perks for | [BOT, in collaboration with the Legal | | | |
| | | | Market for Alternative Investment (MAI) and | Execution Department, the Court of Just | | | |
| | | | Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) listed | and personal loan and credit card | | | |
| | | | companies, including income tax exemption | providers] sponsored a "Debt Mediation | | | |
| | | | for additional 100 percent capital | Fair" running for the period February 14- | | | |
| | | | investment. | April 14, 2021, for mediation of personal | | | |
| | | | | and credit card loans that have proceede | | | |
| | | | | to the legal execution process. | | | |
| February 11 | • | Approved the THB 3.83 billion additional | • | • | | | |
| | | budget for rice guarantee scheme. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| | Containment |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | 28 million doses, for a total of 63 million doses. |
| | Ordered the closure of more than 10,000 public and private schools in 28 high risk provinces. |
| | Tightened travel regulations for 28 high-risk provinces, including checkpoints and stricter requirements for entry and exit. |
| | Required official documents showing travel necessity for travel to and from provinces hardest hit by the recent outbreak. |
| | • |
| | Announced speeding up of testing in Samut Sakhon. |
| | Relaxed re-entry requirements for foreigners with Thai residency, who have been stranded overseas. |
| | [Bangkok] Allowed the reopening of 13 types of businesses starting January 22, 2021 (video arcades, fitness centers, traditional massages, internet cafes, etc.). Approved AstraZeneca for emergency use. |
| | [Federation of Thai Industries] Announced collaboration with government to support Thai manufacture of refrigerators for vaccines. Announced cancellation of 57 local trains by State Railway of Thailand, starting January 26, 2021, to prevent COVID-19 transmissions. |
| | • |
| | Restrictions relaxed by the national COVID- 19 task force, allowing calibrated reopening of some businesses, e.g., Bangkok, and similarly zoned provinces are allowed to open dine-in restaurants until 11 p.m.; reopening of schools with safeguards, etc. |
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| l Justice, | • |
| tion / 14– onal eeded | |
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| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|--|--|------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment | | |
| | | • Expected to endorse proposal for 40 percent discount on Social Security Fund contribution for workers in the informal economy, as well as a relief package for private employees under Section 33 of the Act. | | | | | |
| February 15 | • | Approved THB 37.1 billion assistance for low-income earners. | • | • | • | | |
| February 16 | • | • | Greenlighted THB 50 billion low interest loan program for SMEs in tourism sector and informal workers. | • | • | | |
| February 17 | • | • | • | • | Announced that rich tourists under the villa quarantine program are set to arrive on February 21, 2021. | | |
| February 23 | • | • | • | • | Eased some COVID-19 prevention measures in Bangkok. | | |
| February 24 | • | • | • | • | Received first 200,000 vaccine doses from China, part of the 2 million doses ordered from Sinovac. | | |
| February 26 | • | • | • [Bank of Agriculture and Agricultural Cooperatives] Set aside THB 100 billion subsidy and loan program for farmers. | • | • | | |
| February 27 | • | • | • | • | • [Civil Aviation Authority of Thailand] Announced opening to transit by international passengers starting March 1, 2021. | | |
| February 28 | • | • | • | • | Provided first vaccine shots to health minister, few other ministers, and more than 300 health personnel and officials. | | |
| | • | • | • | • | • | | |



Vietnam

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| ebruary 3, 2020 | | • | • | • | | |
| March 13 | • | • | • Directed credit institutions to offer restructuring and waiving/reduction of interest and fees for loans affected by the epidemic (amounting to about VND 285 trillion). | Directed credit institutions to support customers by maintaining debt classifications. | | |
| March 16 | Cut key policy rates by 50–100 basis points (100 basis points for the refinance rate, 50 basis points for the discount rate, 50 basis points for the repurchase rate [open-market operations rate]) | • | • | • | | |
| March 18 | • | • | (State Securities Commission) reduced and waived transaction fees for certain types of securities transactions to support equity markets. | • | | |
| March 31 | Cut interbank transaction costs by 50 percent, to remain until December 31, 2020. | • | • | • | | |
| April 1 | • | • | • | • | | |
| April 5 | • | • | Ordered telecom companies to reduce/waive communication fees (e.g. data charges) for education- and healthcare-related communication. The cost of this fee reduction/waiving is estimated at around VND 15 trillion. | • | | |
| April 8 | • | Announced a support package of about VND 180 trillion in the form of deferred repayments of tax and land rent for enterprises suffering from COVID-19. | • | • | | |
| April 9 | Announced a refinancing package of VND 16 trillion to Vietnam Bank for Social and Policy objectives. Employers can borrow with zero interest rate from this package to pay employee wages. | Announced support package of nearly VND 62 trillion for COVID-19-affected employees and individual businesses. | • | • | | |
| April 14 | • | (Ministry of Industry and Trade) cut power bills for businesses and households by 10 percent. | • | • | | |
| April 23 | • | • | • | • | | |
| May 4 | • | • | • | • | | |
| May 13 | • Cut key policy rates (the refinance rate, the discount rate, and the repurchase rate [open-market operations rate]) by 50 basis points. | • | • | • | | |
| May 20 | • | Cut registration fees for locally made cars by half to boost falling demand. | • | • | | |
| May 29 | • | Reduced 2020 land rent by 15 percent for land plots leased directly from the state, applicable to renters making annual rent payments forced to suspend their operations due to COVID-19. Reduced interest rates by 2 percentage points for loans disbursed to eligible SMEs | Cut registration fees for locally made cars by half to boost falling demand. Exempted companies engaged in manufacturing and business activities from the fee for the right to exploit water resources in 2020. | • | | |

| Containment |
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| Closed schools until further notice. |
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| Declared a national epidemic. Non- |
| essential activities are to cease. |
| Suspended international flights. |
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| Eased restrictions nationwide. All activities, including pap acceptial businesses and |
| including non-essential businesses and services, as well as domestic flights, are |
| allowed to resume, as long as they follow |
| proper infection control measures. |
| Reopened some schools in Ho Chi Minh |
| City and Hanoi. |
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Vietnam

| Monotary Polys/Operations Final Polys/Operations Final Polys/Operations Private Status Polys (Monotary Exc) Regulatory Forbusanne June 0 • | Date | Measure | | | | | |
|---|------------------|---|-------------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| June 9 • • • • July 13 • <t< td=""><td></td><td>Monetary Policy/Operations</td><td>Fiscal Policy</td><td>Private Sector</td><td>Regulatory Forbearance</td></t<> | | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| July 13 • • • • • July 27 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • July 29 • • • • • August 7 • • • • • • August 7 • | | | Development Fund. | | | | |
| July 27 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • • July 28 • <t< td=""><td>lune 9</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<> | lune 9 | | | | - | | |
| July 27 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • July 28 • • • • • August 7 • • • • • above) to end-Jubry reserves to 0.5 percent per escretion facilia institutions, top accurate the facilia institutions, top accu | | | | | | | |
| July 28 • • • July 29 • • • August 7 • Halved the interset rate on backs' complicion reserves to 3.5 percent per annue. Lower the interset rate on deposite by the Viennam State Treasury, the Deposite manadi matulinome, by 0.2 • August 31 • • September 4 • September 5 • September 15 • January 28, 2021 • | | | | | | | |
| July 29 • </td <td>July 27</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> | July 27 | • | • | • | • | | |
| August 7 • Hulved the interest rate on backs' computions trading interduced in March; see second to end August 2020 previously. • August 7 • Hulved the interest rate on backs' computions (Septemp) (Septemp) (Septemp) (Septemp) and deposite busines of Ventram, and several other financial institutions, by 0.2 percentage point to 0.0 percent. • August 31 • • September 4 • September 6 • September 15 • January 28, 2021 • | July 28 | • | • | • | • | | |
| Lanuary 28, 2021 - - - | July 29 | | • | securities trading (introduced in March; see above) to end-June 2021, from end-August | • | | |
| August 31••••••September 4••••••September 6••••••September 15••••••January 28, 2021•••••• | August 7 | compulsory reserves to 0.5 percent per annum. Lowered the interest rate on deposits by the Vietnam State Treasury, the Deposit Insurance of Vietnam, and several other financial institutions, by 0.2 | • | • | • | | |
| September 6 • • • September 15 • • • January 28, 2021 • • • | August 31 | | • | • | • | | |
| September 15 • • • January 28, 2021 • • • | | • | • | • | • | | |
| January 28, 2021 • • • • • | September 6 | • | • | • | • | | |
| | September 15 | • | • | • | • | | |
| · · · · | January 28, 2021 | • | • | | • | | |
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| | ٠ | Allowed karaokes and discos to open. |
| | | Allowed operation of commercial flights to |
| | | and from China. |
| | ٠ | Introduced social distancing measures in |
| | | Danang and prohibited opening of non- |
| | | essential businesses following an outbreak |
| | | of local infections over the previous few |
| | | days. |
| | ٠ | Suspended all flights to and from Da Nang. |
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| | • | Lifted mandatory 14-day quarantine for foreign experts, investors, managers, and |
| | | diplomats on short business trips of fewer |
| | | than 14 days. However, they must follow |
| | | their scheduled itinerary. |
| | ٠ | Eased social distancing restrictions in Da |
| | | Nang starting Saturday to allow gatherings |
| | | of up to 20 people. City authorities will |
| | | permit restaurants, shops, food and drink |
| | | serving establishments to resume their |
| | | businesses starting Saturday, allowing only |
| | | takeaways. Hotels and hostels can reopen but not their food and massage services. |
| | | Buses and car services have been given |
| | | the green light to operate. Households will |
| | | have to stick to the current stipulation of |
| | | going shopping only once every three days. |
| | | "Non-essential" businesses remain closed. |
| | | Students from preschool to university levels |
| | | are not allowed to go back to school yet. |
| | • | Allowed airlines, railways, and passenger |
| | | cars to operate normally again in Da Nang, starting September 7. |
| | • | Allowed Vietnamese carriers to resume |
| | | international air routes with six |
| | | cities/countries: Guangzhou (China), Tokyo |
| | | (Japan), Seoul (South Korea), Taipei |
| | | (Taiwan), Phnom Penh (Cambodia), and |
| | | Vientiane (Laos). However, incoming |
| | | travelers will need to present a negative |
| | | RT-PCR test three days before departure |
| | - | and test again on arrival in Vietnam. Increased COVID-19 quarantine period |
| | | involving new community outbreaks from |
| | | 14 to 21 days after 84 cases were recorded |
| | | in the northern provinces of Hai Duong and |
| | | Quang Ninh. |
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Euro Area / European Union

(Euro area / EU institutions only)

| Date | | | Measure | |
|----------------|--|--|----------------|---|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance |
| March 11, 2020 | • | • Announced the set-up of an EU investment fund of EUR 25 billion fund to support liquidity to the private sector and boost the resilience of national healthcare systems. | • | • |
| March 12 | Announced "temporary envelop" of additional net asset purchases of EUR 120 billion until year-end. Announced additional TLTRO to bridge funding gaps to June 2020. Announced TLTRO III from June 2020, with expanded eligibility and funding rate as low as 25 basis points below deposit rates. | • | • | Allowed banks to use capital buffers and provided relief to lenders through temporary changes in the composition of Pillar 2 capital requirements. |
| March 18 | • Announced EUR 750 billion Pandemic Emergency Purchase Programme (PEPP), which will buy securities eligible under the current APP. | • | • | • |
| March 23 | • | Agreed to apply maximum flexibility in the EU fiscal framework. | • | • |
| March 30 | • | Made available EUR 37 billion from EU budget to member states. | • | • |
| April 8 | Temporarily expanded the pool of eligible collateral in Eurosystem credit operations, which include Greece government bonds. | • | • | • |
| April 9 | • | Put forward EUR 500 billion support package. | • | • |
| April 28 | • | • | • | (European Commission) proposed giving banks more leeway in the calculation of t leverage ratio and brought forward easie capital treatment of lending to small companies. The easing of capital and accounting rules will be temporary, and t package needs to be approved by EU states and the European Parliament by June 2020, at the latest, to achieve the for effect. |
| May 8 | • | Agreed on terms for euro area countries to access the European Stability Mechanism (ESM) Pandemic Crisis Support. Member states can borrow up to 2 percent of their GDP to finance direct and indirect healthcare, cure and prevention related costs due to the COVID-19 pandemic. | • | • |
| May 19 | • | Approved the EU's Support to mitigate Unemployment Risks in an Emergency (SURE) scheme – a temporary emergency loan facility support instrument worth up to EUR 100 billion to ensure that workers receive an income and businesses keep their staff. | • | • |
| May 27 | • | Proposed a fiscal stimulus package of EUR 750 billion, of which EUR 500 billion will be distributed in the form of grants to member states and EUR 250 billion in loans. | • | • |
| June 3 | • | (European Commission) proposed modifications to its 2020 budget to make EUR 11.5 billion for crisis repair and recovery available already in 2020. | • | • |

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Euro Area / European Union

| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment | | |
| June 4 | Increased the Pandemic Emergency Purchase Programme (PEPP) by EUR 600 billion to EUR 1.35 trillion and extended the horizon from December 2020 to June 2021. | • | • | • | • | | |
| July 20 | • | Finalized the EUR 750 billion aid package to support EU recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic (EUR 390 billion of grants and EUR 360 billion of low-interest loans) | • | • | • | | |
| September 17 | • | • | • | Offered banks more capital relief to stimulate credit flow. Banks can exclude coins, banknotes and deposits held at the ECB in calculating their leverage ratios, until late-June 2021. | • | | |
| October 29 | Provided indications of further monetary support to be announced in December [forward guidance]. | • | • | • | • | | |
| November 10 | • | • Reached agreement on the new long-term European budget for 2021–27, which helped clear a hurdle for implementing the EUR 1.8 trillion spending package. | • | • | • | | |
| November 16 | • | • [Hungary and Poland] Blocked adoption of the EU's EUR 1.82 trillion budget and recovery package. | • | • | • | | |
| December 10 | Increased the size of emergency asset purchases by EUR 500 billion and extended the program by nine months to March 2022. Favorable terms on TLTRO-III bank lending were extended by 12 months to June 2022 and the ECB will make three new TLTRO offers in June, September and December 2021. In addition, four additional PELTROs (Pandemic Emergency Longer- Term Refinancing Operations) will be offered in 2021. | • | • | • | • | | |
| December 16 | • | Approved EUR 1.8 trillion stimulus package, clearing the way for fiscal spending. | • | • | • | | |
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United Kingdom

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
|----------------|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector Support | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| March 11, 2020 | • Cut interest rates by 50 basis points. 3) New term funding with additional incentives for SMEs. | Launched GBP 30 billion stimulus plan in UK Budget (including GBP 7 billion for labor market, GBP 5 billion for health services). | • | • | | |
| March 17 | • Set up COVID-19 Corporate Financing Facility (CCFF) to support liquidity among larger firms, to bridge their cash flows through the purchase of commercial paper. | Announced GBP 330 billion of guaranteed loans; GBP 20 billion in tax cuts and grants for businesses. Removed business rates for shops and restaurants. | Announced 3-month mortgage payment holiday for borrowers affected by COVID- 19. | • | | |
| March 18 | Started weekly US dollar repo operations. | • | • | • | | |
| March 19 | Cut interest rates by 15 basis points (emergency). Increased bond buying program by GBP 200 billion. | • | • | • | | |
| March 20 | Increased frequency of US dollar swap lines with the Fed from weekly to daily. | Launched Job subsidy scheme to prevent lay-offs. Announced increase in Universal Credit and tax credits as part of a GBP 7 billion welfare boost. | • | Cancelled annual stress tests for eight major banks to help them focus on borrowing needs of households and businesses. | | |
| March 24 | Activated Contingent Term Repo Facility (CTRF) to enhance Sterling liquidity insurance facility. | • | • | • | | |
| March 26 | • | Announced fourth emergency package worth GBP 9 billion to support the self- employed. | • • | • | | |
| April 8 | • | Allocated GBP 750 million allocated to frontline charities which are facing increasing demand as a result of the pandemic. Agreed to temporarily lend the government money if needed to help finance COVID-19 spending plans. The amount will be lent short-term and would be repaid by end-2020. | • . | • | | |
| April 20 | • | Announced a new GBP 1.25 billion package to protect firms driving innovation. It includes a GBP 500 million investment fund for high-growth companies and GBP 750 million of grants and loans for SMEs focusing on research and development. Launched Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme. The scheme pays 80 percent of furloughed staff's wages (up to maximum of GBP 2,500) in order to protect jobs. | • | • | | |
| April 24 | CTRF extended to May 2020. | • | [FCA0 Implemented a 3 month payment freeze for motor finance, buy-now pay-later (BNPL), rent-to-own (RTO) and pawnbroking agreements. Froze payments for high-cost short term credit (including payday loans) for one month with no additional interest to be charged. | • | | |
| May 12 | • | • Extended government-supported furloughing scheme to October, with workers allowed to return to work part-time from August onward. | • | • | | |
| June 18 | Increased the bond buying program by GBP 100 billion. | • | • | • | | |

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| | Reduced banks' counter-cyclical buffer to 0 |
| | percent. |
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United Kingdom

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector Support | Regulatory Forbearance | | |
| June 25 | • | • | • [The Bank of England] Pledged to work with the government on increasing equity investment in companies to help them recover from the COVID-19 pandemic. | • | | |
| July 8 | • | Announced GBP 30 billion of fresh measures to encourage companies to retain their employees into 2021 and extend jobs to youth as the furlough program eases out. The package also included specific measures to support the hospitality sector. | • | • | | |
| September 24 | • | Announced a six-month job support program (starting November 1, 2020 when the existing job retention scheme expires) to subsidize the wages of part-time workers; extended loans for firms hit by curbs; and cut VAT for hospitality and tourism by 15 percent. | • | • | | |
| September 29 | • | Announced a package of measures to support vocational education and retraining of employees. | • | • | | |
| October 1 | • [Exit policy] Reached target (GBP 20 billion) for corporate bond purchase program and will not buy further until further notice. | • | • | • | | |
| October 9 | • | • Expanded Jobs Support Scheme and will cover two thirds of the wages of staff in businesses that are forced to shut under local lockdown restrictions. | • | • | | |
| October 22 | • | Increased support for businesses to prevent job losses. Government contributions to wages are increased and the hours employees must work to qualify for pay support are reduced. | • | • | | |
| October 31 | • | • | • | • | | |
| November 5 | Increased government bond-purchase target by GBP 150 billion to GBP 875 billion. | • Extended wage support for 80 percent of wages to employees until end- March 2021 and increased the upfront guarantee of funding for the devolved administrations to support workers and businesses in Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland. | • | • | | |
| November 25 | • | Announced a non-health public sector workers pay freeze, while allowing increases to healthcare staff wages, in order to reduce fiscal burden. | • | • | | |
| December 7 | • Extended the current assessment of systemic-risk buffer rates for banks by one year, to December 2022. | • | • | • | | |
| December 17 | • | Extended job support program by a month until April 2021. The plan pays 80 percent of furloughed worker's wages. Extended the duration of its loan programs until March 2021, from January 2021 previously. | • | • | | |
| January 5, 2021 | • | Announced one-off top-up grants for retail, hospitality, and leisure businesses, worth up to GBP 9,000 per property. GBP 594 | • | • | | |

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| Ordered a one-month stay-at-home policy |
| for all of England starting November 5, |
| 2020, with waivers for schools, universities |
| and essential stores. |
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United Kingdom

| Date | Measure | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector Support | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment | |
| | | million of discretionary funds are also made | | | | |
| | | available to support impacted businesses. | | | | |
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| Date | Measure | | | | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | | | |
| March 3, 2020 | Cut fed funds rate by 50 basis points. | • | • | • | | | |
| March 6 | • | Announced USD 8.3 billion emergency spending bill for vaccine research and to support state governments. | • | • | | | |
| March 11 | • | • | Announced USD 50 billion low interest loans to small businesses; 3-month tax holiday for individuals, small and mid-sized businesses. | • | | | |
| March 12 | Injected USD 1.5 trillion into markets through repo operations. | • | • | • | | | |
| March 13 | • | Declared national emergency, releasing USD 50 billion in federal aid. | • | • | | | |
| March 15 | Cut fed funds rate by 100 basis points (to ZLB) Cut discount window primary rate cut by 150 basis points. Cut Required Reserve Ratio by 10 percentage points. Extended discount window borrowing up to 90 days. Launched USD 700 billion QE program. | • | • | • | | | |
| March 17 | Announced Commercial Paper Funding Facility (CPFF), aimed at supporting the commercial paper market, and Primary Dealer Credit Facility (PDCF, overnight and term funding for PDs); US Treasury to provide USD 10 billion credit protection to US Fed in connection with the CPFF. | • | • | • | | | |
| March 18 | Announced Money Market Mutual Fund Liquidity Facility (MMLF) to support credit to households and businesses; US Treasury to provide USD 10 billion of credit protection to US Fed in connection with the MMLF. | Approved USD 100 billion COVID-19 relief package that provides for sick pay, sick leave and bolsters unemployment insurance. | • | • | | | |
| March 19 | Set up temporary US Dollar liquidity swap lines with various central banks, including the BOK and MAS. | • | • | • | | | |
| March 22 | Expanded asset purchases by USD 625 billion and committed to buy however many number or assets. Established facilities to buy bonds and loans from corporate bond markets. | • | • | • | | | |
| March 27 | • | Approved USD 2 trillion stimulus package that will provide loans, tax breaks and direct payments to companies and individuals. | • | • | | | |
| March 31 | Announced repo facility for other central banks, the facility is available for at least six months | • | • | • | | | |
| April 1 | • | • | • | Announced temporary change to the supplementary leverage ratio rule—US Treasury securities and deposits at FRBs will be excluded from the calculation of th rule for bank holding companies; the measure is aimed at easing strains in the Treasury market and increasing banks' ability to provide credit to households and businesses. | | | |
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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| April 3 | • | • | Announced the Paycheck Protection Program which authorizes up to \$349 billion in forgivable loans to small businesses to pay their employees | • | • |
| April 9 | • | • | Announced multiple measures totaling USD 2.3 trillion to help the markets and the economy. The key measures include A new Municipal Liquidity Facility (USD 500 billion) for loans to state and local governments. Boost to Main Street Lending Program (USD 600 billion) in loans and USD 75 billion in funding from the Treasury Department via the fiscal stimulus. Expanding three other loan facilities amounting to USD 850 billion, for consumers and businesses. | • | • |
| April 23 | • | Passed a USD 484 billion relief package for small businesses, hospitals and a national COVID-19 testing strategy. The package provides USD 320 billion to help small businesses keep employees on their payrolls. | | • | • |
| April 27 | • | • | • Revised lower population thresholds for local governments to qualify for the Municipal Liquidity Facility and extended the facility to December 31, 2020. | • | • |
| June 3 | • | • | • Expanded Municipal Liquidity Facility to include smaller states and gave them the option to designate the largest city and/or county (depending on the state's size) to be eligible for the program, irrespective of the population. | • | • |
| June 9 | • | • | Expanded Main Street Lending Program making it accessible to a larger group of companies, larger range of borrowing amounts, longer repayment periods and the proportion of loans (extended to highly indebted companies) it will buy from banks. | • | • |
| June 15 | • | • | Opened the Main Street Lending Program for registration by banks interested in participation in the program. Started purchasing individual corporate bonds through the Secondary Market Corporate Credit Facility up to USD 250 billion. The Fed can also tap USD 25 billion in funding assistance from the Treasury Department as set aside by the CARES Act. | • | • |
| June 29 | • | • | Operationalized the Primary Market Corporate Credit Facility (PMCCF) to purchase USD 500 billion worth of bonds issued by select corporates in the primary market. | • | • |
| June 30 | • | • | • [The Senate] Approved the extension of the Paycheck Protection Program for small businesses, which was due to expire on 30 June, to August 8. The House later approved the extension on July 1. | • | • |
| July 17 | • | • | Expanded Main Street Lending Program to provide greater access to credit for nonprofit organizations by easing some of | • | • |

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| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector its initial terms to allow smaller entities to | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| | | | participate in the program. | | |
| July 23 | • | • | Broadened the set of firms eligible to transact with and provide services in three emergency lending facilities i.e. the Term Asset-Backed Securities Loan Facility (TALF), the Commercial Paper Funding Facility (CPFF) and Secondary Market Corporate Credit Facility (SMCCF) to increase the operational capacity and insight into the respective markets | • | • |
| July 28 | Extended US dollar liquidity swap lines and | • | • | • | • |
| | temporary repo facilities for foreign and international monetary authorities to March 31, 2021, to help sustain recent improvements in global US dollar funding markets by maintaining these important liquidity backstops. | | | | |
| August 7 | • | [President Trump] Signed four executive | • | • | • |
| | | orders related to COVID-19 economic relief through unemployment benefits (as previous unemployment benefits expired), a temporary payroll tax deferral, eviction protection and student-loan relief. | | | |
| August 11 | Reduced borrowing costs in the Municipal Liquidity Facility by 50 basis points. | • | • | • | • |
| October 30 | • | • | Reduced the minimum loan amount of the Main Street Lending Program to USD 100,000 from USD 250,000, and also eased borrowing constraints for firms which had availed themselves of the Paycheck Protection Program loans. | • | • |
| November 20 | Announced return of unused funds of five emergency facilities under the CARES Act to the Treasury after the facilities expire in end-December; the Treasury will repurpose the funds to help airlines and small businesses. | • | • | • | • |
| December 16 | Extended US dollar liquidity facilities through September 2021, from March 2021 earlier. The two facilities are (1) the temporary US dollar liquidity swap lines opened in March 2020 between the Fed and nine foreign central banks; and (2) the FIMA repo facility. Added forward guidance to the USD 120 billion monthly asset purchases, linking it to substantial progress in employment and inflation. | • | • | • | • |
| December 18 | • | • | • [Exit policy] Lifted the ban on share buybacks and dividend payments for the six largest US banks, but imposed restrictions on the amount that banks can spend on buybacks and dividends. | • | • |
| December 28 | • | Approved USD 900 billion stimulus package, which includes USD 600 of direct payments to individuals, unemployment insurance, and Paycheck Protection Program. The bill was accompanied by the USD 1.4 trillion government spending bill for the current fiscal year. | • | • | • |

| Date | Measure | | | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------|------------------------|-------------|
| | Monetary Policy/Operations | Fiscal Policy | Private Sector | Regulatory Forbearance | Containment |
| January 21, 2021 | • | • [President Biden] Unveiled national coronavirus strategy and invoked the Defence Production Act to address shortages of personal protective equipment and other items, as well as rapid and equitable vaccine distribution. | • | • | • |
| February 5, 2021 | • | • [Senate and the House] Passed the budget resolution, paving the way for Congress to advance President Biden's coronavirus relief package with a simple majority. | • | • | • |
| | • | | • | • | • |